

May 6, 2021

Medcaptain Life Science Co., Ltd.
David Xia
Official Correspondent
601, Building C, Jinweiyuan Industrial Park,
Pingshan District
Shenzhen, Guangdong 518118
China

Re: K202578

Trade/Device Name: KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 870.5100

Regulation Name: Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheter

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: LOX Dated: September 3, 2020 Received: September 8, 2020

Dear David Xia:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's

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requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance) and CDRH Learn (https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Gregory O'Connell
Assistant Director
DHT2C: Division of Coronary
and Peripheral Intervention Devices
OHT2: Office of Cardiovascular Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120

Expiration Date: 06/30/2023
See PRA Statement below.

K202578
Device Name KardiFlex NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter
Indications for Use (Describe) KardiFlex NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is indicated for: • balloon dilatation of the stenotic portion of a coronary artery or bypass graft stenosis in patients evidencing coronary ischemia for the purpose of improving myocardial perfusion. • balloon dilatation of a coronary artery occlusion for the treatment of acute myocardial infarction. • in-stent restenosis. • post-delivery expansion of balloon expandable coronary stents.
Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)
Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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510(k) Summary

KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter 21 CFR §870.5100(a) Date prepared: May 1, 2021

This 510(k) Summary is submitted in accordance with 21 CFR 807.92(c).

I. Submitter/510(k) Holder

Submission: Traditional 510(k) Premarket Notification

Submitter: Medcaptain Life Science Co., Ltd.

Address: 601, Building C, Jinweiyuan Industrial Park, Pingshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, CN 518118.

Contact: David Xia

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Email: david.xia@medcaptain.com

II. Device information

Device Trade Name: KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter

Device Common Name: Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty

(PTCA) Catheter

Classification Name: Catheter, transluminal coronary angioplasty,

percutaneous

Classification Regulation: 21 CFR 870.5100(a)

Product Code: LOX
Device Class: Class II

Classification Panel: Cardiovascular

510(k) Number: K202578

III. Predicate Device

The KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is substantially equivalent to the following devices:

Predicate device: Sapphire NC Plus Coronary Dilatation Catheter (K192344, OrbusNeich Medical Trading, Inc.) cleared on September 19, 2019.

Reference device 1: Sapphire NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter (K103808,



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OrbusNeich Medical, Inc.) cleared on September 1, 2011.

And, reference device 2: RX NC Takeru PTCA Balloon Dilatation Catheter (K170941, Kaneka Corporation) were used in this submission.

IV. Device Description

The KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is designed to allow rapid exchange of the catheter using a standard length of 0.014" guide wire. Balloon diameters range from 1.5mm to 5.0mm and lengths from 6mm to 30mm. The balloon material is made of a minimally Nylon material and balloons have a rated burst pressure of 22 atmospheres. The minimally material allows high pressure dilatation while maintaining precise control of the balloon diameter and length.

The KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is a sterile, single use and non-pyrogenic device. The balloon has one (for $\emptyset 1.5$ mm) or two (for $\emptyset 2.0$ -5.0mm) radiopaque platinum marker(s) to aid in positioning the balloon in the stenosis and is designed to provide an expandable segment of known diameter and length of a specific pressure. The dilatation catheter is coated with hydrophilic coating, which is activated when wet. The proximal shaft of the catheter is composed of a female luer connector (hub) bonded to a PTFE coated stainless steel tube (hypotube).

The KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter consists of 10 parts: hub, strain relief, hypotube, distal outer body, inner body, balloon, radiopaque platinum marker band, tip, balloon sheath and stylet.

V. Indications for Use

KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is indicated for:

- balloon dilatation of the stenotic portion of a coronary artery or bypass graft stenosis in patients evidencing coronary ischemia for the purpose of improving myocardial perfusion.
- balloon dilatation of a coronary artery occlusion for the treatment of acute myocardial infarction.
- in-stent restenosis.
- post-delivery expansion of balloon expandable coronary stents.

VI. Comparison to Predicate Device

The subject device, KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter, and the predicate device, Sapphire NC Plus Coronary Dilatation Catheter, are substantially equivalent in that these devices, at a high level, have same technological element: intended use, indications for use, operation principle and design (such as rapid exchange catheter



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design, hydrophilic coating applied in the distal section, non-compliant balloon, 0.014inch guidewire compatibility, EO sterilization and single use), prescription use, target user, use environment, main materials, nominal pressure, etc.

The technological differences between the subject and the predicate device include balloon diameter range, balloon length range, working length, rated burst pressure. Testing requirements for the subject device are based on upon the Class II Special Controls Guidance Document for Certain Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheters (FDA; September 8, 2010).

Similarities and differences in technologies characteristics are captured in the substantial equivalence comparison of the subject device, KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter, and the predicate device, Sapphire NC Plus Coronary Dilatation Catheter, which are provided in Table 1.

Table 1: Substantial Equivalence

Description	Sapphire NC Plus Coronary Dilatation Catheter	Sapphire NC Coronary Dilatation	RX NC Takeru (Reference Device 2)	KardiFlex TM NC Coronary Dilatation	Comparison to predicate/refer
	(Predicate Device)	Catheter		Catheter	ence device
		(Reference Device 1)		(Subject device)	
510(k) Number	K192344	K103808	K170941	K202578	N/A
Regulation Number	21 CFR 870.5100(a)	21 CFR 870.5100(a)	21 CFR 870.5100	21 CFR 870.5100(a)	Identical
Classification Name	Catheter, transluminal coronary angioplasty, percutaneous	Catheter, transluminal coronary angioplasty, percutaneous	Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheter	Catheter, transluminal coronary angioplasty, percutaneous	Identical
Product Code	LOX	LOX	LOX	LOX	Identical
Device Class	Class II	Class II	Class II	Class II	Identical
Intended Use	Sapphire NC Plus Coronary Dilatation Catheter is intended for use in percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) to treat patients with coronary disease.	Sapphire NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is intended for use in percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) to treat patients with coronary disease.	RX NC Takeru Coronary Dilatation Catheter is intended for use in percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) to treat patients with coronary disease.	KardiFlex TM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is intended for use in percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) to treat patients with coronary disease.	Identical
Indications for use	Sapphire NC Plus	Sapphire NC Coronary	The RX NC Takeru	KardiFlex TM NC	Identical to



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	Coronary Dilatation	Dilatation Catheter is	PTCA Balloon	Coronary Dilatation	predicate device
	Catheter is indicated	indicated for:	Dilatation Catheter is	Catheter is indicated	predicate device
	for:	balloon dilatation of	indicated for balloon	for:	
	balloon dilatation	the stenotic portion of	dilatation of the stenotic	balloon dilatation	
	of the stenotic	a coronary artery or	portion in coronary	of the stenotic	
		bypass graft stenosis	artery or bypass graft		
	1			1	
	coronary artery or	in patients evidencing	stenosis for the purpose	coronary artery or	
	bypass graft stenosis	coronary ischemia for	of myocardial	bypass graft stenosis	
	in patients	the purpose of	perfusion.	in patients	
	evidencing coronary	improving myocardial	This product is also	evidencing coronary	
	ischemia for the	perfusion.	indicated for the	ischemia for the	
	purpose of	balloon dilatation of	post-delivery expansion	purpose of	
	improving	a coronary artery	of balloon expandable	improving	
	myocardial	occlusion for the	stents	myocardial	
	perfusion.	treatment of acute		perfusion.	
	balloon dilatation	myocardial infarction.		balloon dilatation	
	of a coronary artery	•in-stent restenosis		of a coronary artery	
	occlusion for the	•post-delivery		occlusion for the	
	treatment of acute	expansion of balloon		treatment of acute	
	myocardial	expandable coronary		myocardial	
	infarction.	stents.		infarction.	
	•in-stent restenosis			•in-stent restenosis	
	•post-delivery			•post-delivery	
	expansion of balloon			expansion of balloon	
	expandable coronary			expandable coronary	
	stents.			stents.	
Operation principle	Sapphire NC Plus	Sapphire NC Coronary	RX NC Takeru PTCA	KardiFlex TM NC	Substantially
and design	Coronary Dilatation	Dilatation Catheter is a	Balloon Dilatation	Coronary Dilatation	equivalent
	Catheteris a	percutaneous	Catheter is a	Catheter is a	
	percutaneous	transluminal coronary	percutaneous	percutaneous	Differences do
	transluminal coronary	angioplasty (PTCA)	transluminal coronary	transluminal coronary	not raise new or
	angioplasty (PTCA)	balloon catheter with a	angioplasty (PTCA)	angioplasty (PTCA)	different
	balloon catheter with	working length of	balloon catheter with a	balloon catheter with	questions
	a working length of	140cm. The proximal	working length of	a working length of	regarding safety
	140cm.The proximal	shaft is a polymer	145cm. RX NC Takeru	142.5cm design. The	or effectiveness.
	shaft is a polymer	coated stainless steel	is a rapid exchange type	proximal shaft is a	
	coated stainless steel	hypotube. Lubricious	of balloon dilatation	PTFE coated stainless	
	hypotube. Lubricious	coatings are applied to	catheter, which consists	steel hypotube.	
	coatings are applied to	the distal section. The	of a distal tube,	Hydrophilic coatings	
	the distal section. The	non-compliant balloons	guidewire transition	are applied to the	



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non-compliant balloons can be inflated by injection dilute contrast media solution through the trailing hub of the catheter.Two radiopaque platinum marker bands are located within the balloon segment. The catheter is compatible with 5F or larger guiding catheters. The internal lumen of the catheter accepts a standard 0.014inch PTCA guidewire.The proximal part of the guidewire enters the catheter and coaxially advances the catheter proximal port, thereby allowing both coaxial guidance and rapid exchange of catheters with s single standard length guidewire. Two marked sections are located on the hypotube shaft to indicate catheter position. The design of this dilatation catheter does not incorporate a lumen distal dye injections distal pressure

can be inflated by injection dilute contrast media solution through the trailing hub of the catheter. Two radiopaque platinum marker bands within located the balloon segment. catheter is compatible 5F or larger guiding catheters. The internal lumen of the catheter accepts 0.014inch standard PTCA guidewire. proximal part of the guidewire enters the catheter tip and advances coaxially out the catheter proximal port, thereby allowing both coaxial guidance and rapid exchange of catheters with s single standard length guidewire. Two marked sections are located on the hypotube shaft to indicate catheter position. The design of this dilatation catheter does not incorporate a lumen for distal dye injections or distal

pressure measurements.

tube, balloon, radiopaque markers, mid tube, proximal tube, core wire, hub, and strain relief. A balloon is attached to the distal end of the catheter, and it can be inflated and deflated using the inflation device connected to the hub at the proximal end. RX NC Takeru has a guidewire lumen at the distal end of the catheter through which a guidewire can be inserted, and also an opening along the guidewire transition tube to the guidewire port for the exit of a guidewire. The maximum compatible diameter of a guidewire is 0.014inches. Guiding catheters with a diameter of 5 or 6Fr have been deemed to be compatible with the RX NC Tekeru.

distal section. The non-compliant balloons can he inflated by injection dilute contrast media solution through the hub of the Two catheter. radiopaque platinum marker bands are within located the balloon segment (only one centrally located marker band for 1.5 configurations). The catheter is compatible with 5F or larger guiding catheters. The internal lumen of the catheter accepts a standard 0.014inch PTCA guidewire. The proximal part of the guidewire enters the catheter and advances coaxially the catheter proximal port, thereby allowing both coaxial guidance and rapid exchange of catheters with s single standard length guidewire. Two marked sections are located on the hypotube shaft to indicate catheter position. The design this dilatation catheter does not



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		T	Γ	T	
	measurements.			incorporate a lumen	
				for distal dye	
				injections or distal	
				pressure	
				measurements.	
Prescription/	Prescription	Prescription	Prescription	Prescription	Identical
Over-the-Counter					
Target User	Intended for use by	Intended for use by	Intended for use by	Intended for use by	Identical
	physicians	physicians	physicians	physicians	
Access/ Anatomical	Inserted	Inserted percutaneously	/	Inserted	Identical to
site:	percutaneously into	into the arterial		percutaneously into	predicate device
	the arterial circulation	circulation or bypass		the arterial circulation	•
	or bypass graft	graft stenosis		or bypass graft	
	stenosis			stenosis	
Use environment:	Hospitals	Hospitals	/	Hospitals	Identical to
	F				predicate device
Materials:	/	/	/	/	/
Balloon material	Nylon	Nylon	/	Nylon	Substantially
Hypotube	Polymer coated	Polymer coated	/	Polymer (PTFE)	equivalent
Пурошье	stainless steel	stainless steel	,	coated stainless steel	equivalent
Marker bands	Platinum	Platinum	/		Differences do
Marker bands	Flatiliulii	Fiamium	/	Platinum Alloys	not raise new or
					different
					questions
					-
					regarding safety
D 0	,	,	,	,	or effectiveness.
Performance:	/	/	/	/	/
Dimension	Balloon diameter:	Balloon diameter:	Balloon diameter:	Balloon diameter:	Difference
	2.0-5.0mm	2.0-4.0mm	2.0-5.0mm	1.5-5.0mm	
					Differences do
					not raise new or
					different
					questions
					regarding safety
					or effectiveness.
	Balloon length:	Balloon length: 8-18mm	Balloon length:	Balloon length:	Identical to
	8-18mm		6-30mm	6-30mm	reference device
					2
					_
				1	2



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Energy type:	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	Identical
Biocompatibility:	ISO 10993	ISO 10993	ISO 10993	ISO 10993	Identical
Sterilization:	Sterilized with	Sterilized with ethylene	Sterilized with ethylene	Sterilized with	Identical
	ethylene oxide gas.	oxide gas.	oxide gas.	ethylene oxide gas.	
	Non-pyrogenic.	Non-pyrogenic.	Non-pyrogenic.	Non-pyrogenic.	
Single Use:	Single use	Single use	Single use	Single use	Identical
Shelf Life:	2 years	2 years	/	2 years	Identical to
					predicate device

VII. Performance Data

The subject device, KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter, was subjected to the following applicable testing to assure reliable design and performance under the specified testing parameters and ensure that the design and construction are suitable for its intended use as recommended by the *Class II Special Controls Guidance Document for Certain Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheters (FDA; September 8, 2010)*:

Biocompatibility Testing:

Per ISO 10993-1: 2018 and FDA guidance, the following tests were performed to ensure the biocompatibility of the subject device.

- In vitro cytotoxicity, per ISO 10993-5: 2009
- Intracutaneous reactivity, per ISO 10993-10: 2010
- Skin sensitization, per ISO 10993-10: 2010
- Acute systemic toxicity, per ISO 10993-11: 2017
- Hemocompatibility (Hemolysis, Coagulation, Platelet count or leukocyte count, In Vivo Thromboresistance and Complement), per ISO 10993-4: 2017
- Material mediated pyrogenicity, per ISO 10993-11: 2017 and USP General Chapter <151>

Bench Testing (Zero Time and Accelerated Aged):

Per ISO 10555-1: 2013, ISO 10555-4: 2013, FDA guidance "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document for Certain Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheters (FDA; September 8, 2010)", etc., the following tests were performed for bench testing:

- Tip Configuration, per ISO 10555-1: 2013.
- Surface, per ISO 10555-1: 2013.
- Dimentional Verification, per ISO 10555-1: 2013, ISO 10555-4: 2013 and FDA guidance.



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- Corrosion Resistance, per ISO 10555-1: 2013.
- Radio-detectability of Balloon Position, per ISO 10555-1: 2013, ISO 10555-4: 2013 and FDA guidance.
- Freedom from Leakage, per ISO 10555-1: 2013 and product characteristics.
- Hub, per ISO 10555-1: 2013.
- Balloon Rated Burst Pressure, per ISO 10555-4: 2013 and FDA guidance.
- Balloon Failure Mode, per ISO 10555-4: 2013.
- Balloon Fatigue, per ISO 10555-4: 2013 and FDA guidance.
- Diameter at Nominal Pressure, per ISO 10555-4: 2013.
- Balloon Compliance, per ISO 10555-4: 2013 and FDA guidance.
- Inflation Time, per FDA guidance.
- Deflation Time, per ISO 10555-4: 2013 and FDA guidance.
- Catheter Bond Strength, per ISO 10555-1: 2013 and FDA guidance.
- Entry Tip Crossing Profile.
- Balloon Preparation, Deployment and Retraction, per FDA guidance.
- Rated Burst Pressure (in stent), per FDA guidance.
- Balloon Fatigue (In stent), per FDA guidance.
- Tip Pull Test, per FDA guidance.
- Flexibility and Kink Test, per FDA guidance.
- Torque Strength, per FDA guidance.
- Coating Integrity, per FDA guidance.
- Particulate Evaluation, per FDA guidance, EN ISO 8536-4: 2020, USP <788>.
- Shaft Loose Part.
- Package Labeling, per ISO 10555-1: 2013, ISO 10555-4: 2013 and FDA guidance.
- Shelf Life, per FDA guidance.
- Package Seal Verification, per ISO 11607-1: 2019 and ISO 11607-2: 2019.
- Shipping and Handling, per ISTA 3A: 2018.
- Chemical performance, per ISO 8536-4: 2019.
- EtO Sterilization, per ISO 10993-7: 2008 and FDA guidance.
- Sterility, per ISO 11135: 2014 and FDA guidance.
- Bacterial Endotoxin, per ANSI/AAMI ST72: 2011.

VIII. Conclusion

The results of these tests confirm that the KardiFlexTM NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter meets the design input requirements based on the intended use and support the conclusion that this device does not raise new questions of safety and/or effectiveness and is substantially equivalent to the predicate devices, Sapphire NC Plus Coronary Dilatation Catheter (K192344, OrbusNeich Medical Trading Inc.).