



September 6, 2021

Jiangxi Sanxin Medtec Co., Ltd.
% Diana Hong
General Manager
Mid-Link Consulting Co., Ltd
P.O. Box 120-119
Shanghai, 200120
CHINA

Re: K202796
Trade/Device Name: SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 876.5820
Regulation Name: Hemodialysis System and Accessories
Regulatory Class: II
Product Code: FJK
Dated: August 4, 2021
Received: August 10, 2021

Dear Diana Hong:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's

requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance>) and CDRH Learn (<https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Glenn B. Bell, Ph.D.
Director
DHT3A Division of Renal, Gastrointestinal,
Obesity and Transplant Devices
OHT3: Office of GastroRenal, ObGyn,
General Hospital and Urology Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)
K202796

Device Name
SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis

Indications for Use (Describe)

The SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis are single-use sterile medical devices intended to connect the patient to the hemodialyzer and the hemodialysis delivery system in hemodialysis treatment. The compatibility of available configurations is the responsibility of the physician/clinician in charge.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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510(k) Summary

This 510(k) Summary is being submitted in accordance with requirements of Title 21, CFR Section 807.92.

The assigned 510(k) Number: K202796

1. Date of Preparation: 08/04/2021
2. Sponsor Identification

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3. Designated Submission Correspondent

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4. Identification of Proposed Device

Trade Name: SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis

Common Name: Blood Tubing Sets

Models: HDJ, HDK, HDL, HDM, HDN.

Regulatory Information

Classification Name: Set, Tubing, Blood, With and Without Anti-Regurgitation Valve

Classification: II

Product Code: FJK

Regulation Number: 876.5820

Review Panel: Gastroenterology/Urology

Indications for Use:

The SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis are single-use sterile medical devices intended to connect the patient to the hemodialyzer and the hemodialysis delivery system in hemodialysis treatment. The compatibility of available configurations is the responsibility of the physician/clinician in charge.

Device Description

The propose device, SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis, is used to connect the patient to the hemodialyzer and the hemodialysis delivery system in hemodialysis treatment. The proposed devices are provided sterile and single use.

The proposed device is intended to be used with Fresenius 2008K Home Hemodialysis manufactured by Fresenius Medical Care North America, which is a hemodialysis delivery system being submitted to FDA for premarket notification (K124035).

The proposed device mainly consists of two tubes, which are arterial line with certain components in red and venous line with certain components in blue, as well as accessories such as priming piece, drain bag, priming needle, fluid replacement tube, connecting tube, monitor and transducer protector.

The proposed devices are available in various specifications. Based on the different volume of air capture chamber, there are five models HDJ, HDK, HDL, HDM and HDN. For the detail information of these five models, please see the below Table 1.

Table 1

Item	HDJ	HDK	HDL	HDM	HDN
Volume of air capture chamber	Different	Different	Different	Different	Different
Diameter and Length of air capture chamber in arterial Line	Different	Different	Different	Different	Different
Diameter and Length of air capture chamber in venous Line	Different	Different	Different	Different	Different
Length of arterial Line (mm)	Different	Different	Different	Different	Different
Length of venous Line (mm)	Different	Different	Different	Different	Different

Diameter of arterial Line (mm)	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same
Diameter of venous Line (mm)	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same
Priming Volume (mL)	Different	Different	Different	Different	Different
Positive pressure (mmHg)	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same
Negative Pressure (mmHg)	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same
Blood Flow limits (ml/min)	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same
Length of Fluid replacement tube	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same
Diameter of Fluid replacement tube	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same

The proposed devices are provided in sterile condition, it is subject to EO sterilization prior to release to achieve a Sterility Assurance Level (SAL) of 10^{-6} .

5. Identification of Predicate Device

510(k) Number: K161582

Product Name: DORA Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis

Manufacturer: Bain Medical Equipment (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd

6. Substantially Equivalent (SE) Comparison

Table 2 Comparison of Technology Characteristics

ITEM	Proposed Device SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis	Predicate Device DORA Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis K161582 BAIN-BL-001E	Remark
Device Class	II	II	Same
Product Code	FJK	FJK	Same
Regulation Number	21 CFR 876.5820	21 CFR 876.5820	Same

Indications for Use	The SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis are single-use sterile medical devices intended to connect the patient to the hemodialyzer and the hemodialysis delivery system in hemodialysis treatment. The compatibility of available configurations is the responsibility of the physician/clinician in charge.	The DORA Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis are single-use sterile medical devices intended to connect the patient to the hemodialyzer and the hemodialysis delivery system in hemodialysis treatment. The compatibility of available configurations is the responsibility of the physician/clinician in charge.	Same
Compatible Hemodialysis Delivery System	The hemodialysis delivery system which is compatible with the product is Fresenius 2008K Home Hemodialysis System manufactured by Fresenius Medical Care North America.	The hemodialysis delivery system which is compatible with the product is Fresenius 2008K manufactured by Fresenius Medical Care North America.	Difference 1
Feature	Pre-Pump Post-Pump Color Coded component Sterile Non-pyrogenic Single Use Prescription Device	Pre-Pump Post-Pump Color Coded component Sterile Non-pyrogenic Single Use Prescription Device	Same
Main Configuration	Arteria Line	Arteria Line	Difference 2
	Venous Line	Venous Line	
	Air capture chamber	Drip Chamber	
	Branch Tubings;	Branch Lines;	
	Female Luer Lock	Female Luer Lock	
	Clamps	Clamps	
	Filters	Filters	
Accessory	Drain Bag	Drain Bag	Difference 3
	Transducer Protector	Transducer Protector	
	Monitor	Pillow	
	Tubing in the Arterial line	Heparin Line	
	Priming connector in the Arterial and Venous lines	Recirculating Connector	
	Priming Piece, Priming Needle,	/	

	Fluid Replacement Tube, Connecting Tube			
Sterilization	SAL (10 ⁻⁶)		SAL (10 ⁻⁶)	Same
Labeling	Direction for Use		Direction for Use	Same
	Indications for Use		Indications for Use	
	Description		Description	
	Warnings and Cautions		Warnings and Cautions	
Physical Performance	Length of arterial Line (mm)	HDJ:3500mm	3500	Difference 4
		HDK:3500mm		
		HDL:3600mm		
		HDM:3660mm		
		HDN:3500mm		
	Length of venous Line (mm)	HDJ:3000mm	3000	
		HDK:3000mm		
		HDL:2900mm		
		HDM:2400mm		
		HDN:3000mm		
Priming Volume (mL)	HDJ:143±10%	163±10%		
	HDK:147±10%			
	HDL:153±10%			
	HDM:162 ±10%			
	HDN:167±10%			
Positive pressure (mmHg)	500	500	Same	
Negative Pressure (mmHg)	-300	-500	Difference 5	
Blood Flow limits(ml/min)	500	500	Same	
Inner diameter of the venous and arterial lines(mm)	5.6	4.48	Difference 6	
Materials	Various materials	Various materials	Same	
Biocompatibility				
Cytotoxicity	No cytotoxicity.	Conforms to ISO 10993 Series	Same	
Skin Sensitization	No skin			

		sensitization.		
	Intracutaneous Reactivity Test	No intracutaneous reactivity.		
	Acute Systemic Toxicity Test	No systemic toxicity.		
	Sub chronic Toxicity Study	No chronic toxicity.		
	Hemolysis Study	No hemolysis.		
	Complement Activation	No complement activation.		
	Prothrombin Time	The test article compared with that of negative control article is not significant statistically different.		
	Partial Thromboplastin Time Study	The test article compared with that of negative control article is not significant statistically different.		
Genotoxicity	Bacterial Reverse Mutation	No genotoxicity.		
	In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	No genotoxicity.		
	Pyrogenicity	No potential febrile reaction.		

Difference 1 – Compatible Hemodialysis Delivery System

The proposed device and predicate device have the different Compatible Hemodialysis Delivery System. Considering 1) Fresenius 2008K Home Hemodialysis System and Fresenius 2008K are both manufactured by Fresenius Medical Care North America. There is no huge difference. 2) They are both used by the physician in a clinical facility. 3) Stimulated Operation Testing Report demonstrated that the proposed device had good compatibility performance in hemodialysis treatment conditions with

Fresenius 2008K Home Hemodialysis System. Therefore, this difference will not raise new problem on the safety and effectiveness.

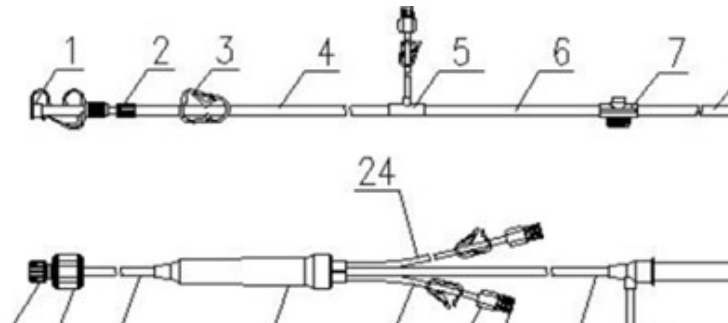
Difference 2 – Main Configuration

The air capture chamber and branch tubing of proposed device is same with the drip chamber and branch lines of predicate device. They are only difference in the name of components. Names of components will not affect the clinical using of the proposed device, therefore, this difference will not raise new problem on the safety and effectiveness.

Difference 3 – Accessory

The predicate device has the accessory of Heparin Line, while the proposed device doesn't have this accessory. However, the component (15 tubing) has been included in the Arterial line of the proposed device. The Heparin Line of predicate device and component (15 tubing) of proposed device are both the path for heparin injection. Therefore, this difference will not raise new problem on the safety and effectiveness.

Fig.1 Assembly Drawing of SANSIN Tubing Sets for Hemodialysis (Arterial line)



The proposed device and predicate device have the same main configuration. The predicate device has the accessory of recirculating connector, while the proposed device doesn't have this accessory. However, the component (Priming connector) has been included in the Arterial and Venous lines of the proposed device. The Recirculating Connector of predicate device and component (Priming connector) of proposed device are both for reducing the amount of normal saline for priming. Therefore, this difference will not raise new problem on the safety and effectiveness.

The proposed device has Priming Piece, Priming Needle, Fluid Replacement Tube and Connecting Tube, while the predicate device doesn't have these accessories. The clinicians will choose these accessories based on the clinical conditions. Having these accessories will not affect the Indications for Use of the proposed device, therefore, this difference will not raise new problem on the safety and effectiveness.

Difference 4- Physical performance (Length of arterial line & venous Line, Priming Volume)

The length of arterial and venous tubes of proposed device is different to that of the predicate device. The difference on the length of arterial and venous tubes leads to the difference on the priming volume. Differences in the tubing length and priming volume can impact the mechanical and performance characteristics of device. The bench tests such as stimulated operation test, pressure leak test, priming volume test, tubing compliance test, mechanical hemolysis test, Tensile Strength Test, Repeated Closing Test and Endurance Pump Test were conducted to approve that the proposed device meet the requirements of mechanical and performance characteristics. Therefore, the differences in length of arterial line & venous line, priming volume will not lead to new safety and effectiveness problems.

Difference 5- Physical performance (Negative Pressure)

The negative pressure limitation of the proposed device is smaller than that of the predicate device. The negative pressure has been tested in the Endurance Pump Test and Endurance Pump Test after Aging. The test result approved that the product can maintain the safety and effectiveness of the product under -300 pressure. The negative pressure will affect the blood flow. The stimulated operation test was conducted to approve that the proposed device meets the requirements of blood flow.

In additional, this negative pressure is included in the user manual. The user will set the negative pressure based on the user manual and will therefore be limited to hemodialysis with a negative pressure up to -300 mmHg as opposed to -500 mmHg for the predicate. Therefore, the difference in negative pressure will not lead to new safety and effectiveness problems.

Difference 6- Physical performance (Inner diameter of the venous and arterial lines)

The inner diameter of the venous and arterial lines for the predicate device is 4.48 mm. The inner diameter of the venous and arterial lines for the proposed device is 5.6 mm. The inner diameter of the venous and arterial lines will affect the blood flow. The stimulated operation test was conducted to approve that the proposed device meets the requirements of blood flow. Therefore, the differences in the inner diameter of the venous and arterial lines will not lead to new safety and effectiveness problems.

7. Non-Clinical Test Conclusion

Non clinical tests were conducted to verify that the proposed device met all design specifications as was Substantially Equivalent (SE) to the predicate device. For full titles of the standards and guidances used, see below. The tests performed on the relevant device configurations include:

Repeated closing test

The repeated closing test was performed on proposed device. The test result demonstrated that the

proposed device is able to meet the maximum closing time. This test is an internal test.

Tensile Strength Test

The tensile strength test was performed on proposed device. The test result demonstrated that any connections between the components of the transfusion set of the proposed device, excluding protective caps, shall withstand a static tensile force. This test is an internal test.

Endurance Pump Test

The endurance pump test was performed on proposed device. The test result demonstrated that the proposed device is able to meet the endurance requirements. This test is an internal test.

Stimulated Operation Test

The stimulated operation test was performed on proposed device. The test result demonstrated that the proposed device has good compatibility performance in hemodialysis treatment conditions with specific hemodialysis delivery system. This test is an internal test.

The test results demonstrated that the proposed device complies with the following standards and guidance. The following tests were conducted as applicable to the subject devices:

- ISO 10993-3:2014 Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 3: Tests for genotoxicity, carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity
- ISO 10993-4:2017 Biological evaluation of medical devices--Part 4: Selection of tests for interactions with blood
- ISO 10993-5:2009 Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 5: Tests for in vitro cytotoxicity
- ISO 10993-10:2010 Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization
- ISO 10993-11:2017 Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 11: Tests for systemic toxicity
- ISO 11135:2014 Sterilization of health-care products - Ethylene oxide - Requirements for the development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices [Including: Amendment 1 (2018)]
- ASTM F88/F88M-15: Standard Test Method for Seal Strength of Flexible Barrier Materials
- ASTM F756-17: Standard Practice for Assessment of Hemolytic Properties of Materials
- ASTM F1929-15: Standard Test Method for Detecting Seal Leaks in Porous Medical Packaging by Dye Penetration
- USP 42-NF 37:2019 <85> Bacterial Endotoxins Test
- USP 42-NF 37:2019 <151> Pyrogen Test (USP Rabbit Test)
- ISO 594-2:1998 Conical fittings with a 6 % (Luer) taper for syringes, needles and certain other medical equipment - Part 2 Lock fittings
- ISO 8638:2010 Cardiovascular implants and extracorporeal blood circuit for hemodialyzers, hemodialfilters, and hemofilters

8. Clinical Test Conclusion

No clinical study is included in this submission.

9. Substantially Equivalent (SE) Conclusion

Based on the comparison and analysis above, the proposed devices are determined to be Substantially Equivalent (SE) to the predicate device.