

February 21, 2023

Biokit, S.A. Angels Roma Regulatory Affairs & Design Quality Director Av. Can Montcau, 7 Llica d'Amunt, Barcelona 08186 Spain

Re: K214068

Trade/Device Name: Quantia IgE Regulation Number: 21 CFR 866.5510

Regulation Name: Immunoglobulins A, G, M, D, And E Immunological Test System

Regulatory Class: Class II Product Code: DGC Dated: October 28, 2022 Received: October 31, 2022

## Dear Angels Roma:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <a href="https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm">https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm</a> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's

requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801 and Part 809); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <a href="https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products">https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products</a>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems">https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems</a>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance</a>) and CDRH Learn (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn">https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn</a>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice</a>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,



Ying Mao, Ph.D.
Branch Chief
Division of Immunology and Hematology Devices
OHT7: Office of In Vitro Diagnostics
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

**Enclosure** 

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

# **Indications for Use**

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120 Expiration Date: 06/30/2023

See PRA Statement below.

510(k) Number (if known)			
K214068			
Device Name			
Quantia IgE			
Indications for Use (Describe)			
Automated latex enhanced immunoassay for the quantitative in vitro determination of total immunoglobulin E (IgE) in			
human serum or plasma (EDTA, heparin, citrate) using the ARCHITECT c Systems. The measurement of total IgE is			
useful in the clinical diagnosis of IgE-mediated allergies, if used in conjunction with other clinical studies.			
Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)			
□ Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) □ Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)			
CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.			

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

## \*DO NOT SEND YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE PRA STAFF EMAIL ADDRESS BELOW.\*

The burden time for this collection of information is estimated to average 79 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain the data needed and complete and review the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this information collection, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to:

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# 510(k) Summary

This 510(k) Summary is being submitted in accordance with the requirements of 21 CER 807.92 and the Safe Medical Device Act of 1990.

<b>Submission Type</b>	K214068 - Special 510(k)			
<b>Submitter's Information</b>	Biokit, S.A.			
	Av. Can Montcau, 7			
	Lliçà d'Amunt, Barcelona 08186			
	Spain			
Contact Person	Àngels Roma			
	Quality & Regulatory Affairs VP			
	Phone: +34 (938) 609-000			
	Email: aroma@werfen.com			
Preparation Date	February 11 <sup>th</sup> , 2023			
Device Trade Name	Quantia IgE (IgE, Antigen, Antiserum, Control)			
Regulatory Information	Regulation Number	21 CFR 866.5510		
	Regulation Description	Immunoglobulins A, G, M, D and E immunological test system		
	Classification Class II  Product Code DGC			
	Classification Panel	Immunology		
Predicate Device	K050493 Quantia IgE			
<b>Device Description</b>	The Quantia IgE reagent is a	suspension of polystyrene latex particles		
•	of uniform size coated with mouse anti-human IgE. When a sample			
	containing IgE is mixed with the latex reagent and the reaction buffer			
	included in the kit, agglutination occurs. The degree of agglutination is			
	directly proportional to the concentration of IgE in the sample and is			
	determined by measuring the decrease of transmitted light caused by			
	the aggregates. Methodology: Turbidimetric/Immunoturbidimetric.			



Intended Use  quantitative in vitro immunoglobulin E (IgE) (EDTA, heparin, citrate) Systems. The measurement	ed immunoassay for the determination of total in human serum or plasma using the ARCHITECT c tof total IgE is useful in the nediated allergies, if used in ical studies.
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**Description of the Modification:** The sample volume that is used by the assay is changed from  $3.5~\mu L$  to  $10.5~\mu L$ . Due to this modification, additional changes have been implemented in the assay parameters: Read times are changed from 26-27 to 24-25, the Sample Probe water SmartWash is added and the low-linearity is changed from 25.0 to 20.0 IU/mL. The correlation factor in the assay file is changed from 1.0000 to 1.0500. The changes to the Instruction for Use are detailed below.

Current Insert Summary and Principle (Excerpt)	Updated Insert Summary and Principle (Excerpt) Revisions in <i>italic</i> and highlights	
PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE	PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE	
(additional information is added)	For additional information on system and assay technology, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Section 3.	
REAGENTS	REAGENTS	
Reagent Kit	Kit Contents	
(additional information is added)	Volumes (mL) listed in the following table indicate the volume per vial.	
	Test per vial set 69	
(additional information is added)	Indications of Reagent Deterioration Deterioration of the reagents may be indicated when a calibration error occurs or a control value is out of the specified range. Associated test results are invalid, and samples must be retested. Assay recalibration may be necessary. For troubleshooting information, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Section 10.	



---- (additional information is added)

# INSTRUMENT PROCEDURE

The Quantia IgE assay file must be installed on the ARCHITECT c System prior to performing the assay.

For detailed information on assay file installation and viewing and editing assay parameters, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Section 2.

For information on printing assay parameters, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Section 5.

For a detailed description of system procedures, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual.

#### SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

#### **Suitable Specimens**

- Serum: Use fresh serum collected by standard venipucture techniques. Ensure complete clot formation has taken place prior to centrifugation. Centrifuge according to tube manufacturer's instructions to ensure proper separation of serum blood cells. Gel separator tubes were not tested.
   Some specimens, especially those from patients receiving anticoagulant or thrombolytic therapy, may take longer to complete their clotting processes. Fibrin clots may subsequently form in these sera and the clots
- Plasma: Use plasma collected by standard venipuncture techniques. The acceptable anticoagulanants are sodium EDTA, potassium EDTA, sodium heparin, lithium heparin, and citrate. Ensure centrifugation is adequate to remove platelets. Centrifuge according to tube manufacturer's instructions to ensure proper separation of plasma from bloods cells. Gel separator tubes were not tested.

could cause erroneous test results.

For total sample volume requirements, refer to the ASSAY PARAMETERS sections of this package insert and Section 5 of the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual.

### Sample Matrix (Serum vs. Plasma)

Five sets of 52 paired samples were run. Sodium EDTA plasma, potassium EDTA plasma, sodium heparin plasma, lithium heparin plasma, and citrate

# SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION FOR ANALYSIS

#### **Specimen Types**

Specimen Types	Collection Tubes	
*Serum	Serum tubes	
*Plasma	Acceptable anticoagulants are:	
	Sodium EDTA	
	Potassium EDTA	
	Sodium heparin	
	Lithium heparin	
	Sodium citrate	

<sup>\*</sup> Gel separator tubes were not tested.

Other specimen types, collection tube types, and anticoagulants have not been verified with this assay.

The instrument does not provide the capability to verify specimen types. It is the responsibility of the operator to verify that the correct specimen types are used in the assay.

#### Sample Matrix (Serum vs. Plasma)

Forty paired samples were run. Sodium EDTA plasma, potassium EDTA plasma, sodium heparin plasma, lithium heparin plasma, and



plasma paired to serum samples were used. The linear regression statistics are shown below.

	Slope	Y - Intercept
Na-EDTA	0.968	-1.553
Na-LD IA	(95% CI*: 0.963 to 0.973)	(95% Cl: -3.098 to -0.007)
K-EDTA	0.982	-1.878
K-EDIA	(95% Cl: 0.976 to 0.989)	(95% Cl: -3.873 to 0.117)
Na-Heparin	0.978	-0.461
	(95% Cl: 0.973 to 0.983)	(95% Cl: -1.983 to 1.060)
Li-Heparin	0.978	-1.272
	(95% Cl: 0.973 to 0.983)	(95% Cl: -2.761 to 0.218)
Citrate	0.963	-2.226
	(95% Cl: 0.955 to 0.972)	(95% Cl: -4.702 to 0.250)

<sup>\*</sup>CI - Confidence Interval

## **Specimen Storage**

Temperature	Maximum Storage	Bibliographic	
		Reference	
20 to 25°C	7 days	8	
2 to 8°C	7 days	8.9	
-20°C	6 months	8	

Guder et al. 8 suggest storage of frozen specimens at -20°C for no longer than the time interval cited above. However, limitations of laboratory equipment make it necessary in practice for clinical laboratories to establish a range around -20°C for specimen storage. This temperature range may be established from either the freezer manufacturer's specifications or your laboratory standard operating procedure(s) for specimen storage.

NOTE: Stored specimens must be inspected for particulates. If present, mix and centrifuge the specimen to remove particulates prior to testing.

---- (additional information is added)

*sodium* citrate plasma paired to serum samples were used. The linear regression statistics are shown below.

Slope	Y-Intercept
0.98	-1.08
(95% CI*: 0.97 to 1.00)	(95% CI: -3.83 to 1.47)
1.01	0.80
(95% CI: 0.99 to 1.03)	(95% CI: -0.77 to 2.19)
1.00	-1.22
(95% CI: 0.98 to 1.01)	(95% CI: -3.19 to 0.69)
0.98	1.23
(95% CI: 0.98 to 1.00)	(95% CI: -0.47 to 2.19)
0.97	-0.74
(95% CI: 0.96 to 0.99)	(95% CI: -2.39 to 0.91)
	0.98 (95% CI*: 0.97 to 1.00) 1.01 (95% CI: 0.99 to 1.03) 1.00 (95% CI: 0.98 to 1.01) 0.98 (95% CI: 0.98 to 1.00)

<sup>\*</sup>CI = Confidence Interval

#### Specimen Storage

Specimen Type	Temperature	Maximum Storage	Special Instructions
		Time	
Serum/Plasma	20 to 25°C	1 day	Specimens may be stored
	2 to 8 °C	2 days	on the clot.
	-20°C	12 days	Remove serum or plasma from the clot.

If testing will be delayed longer than the maximum 20 to 25°C or 2 to 8°C storage time, remove serum or plasma from the clot and store frozen (-20°C).

Each laboratory may establish a range around -20°C from either the freezer manufacturer's specifications or your laboratory standard operating procedure(s) for specimen storage.

NOTE: Stored specimens must be inspected for particulates. If present, mix and centrifuge the specimen to remove particulates prior to testing.

## Specimen Shipping

Package and label specimens in compliance with applicable state, federal, and international regulations covering the transport of clinical specimens and infectious substances.

Do not exceed the storage limitations listed above.



# **PROCEDURE PROCEDURE Materials Required but not Provided** Materials Required but not Provided ---- (additional information is added) For information on materials required for operation of the instrument, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Section For information on materials required for maintenance procedures, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Section Quality Control Guidance ---- (additional information is added) Refer to "Basic OC Practices" by James O Westgard, Ph.D. for guidance on laboratory quality control practices. RESULTS RESULTS Refer to Appendix C of the ARCHITECT System Calculation Operations Manual for information on results For additional information on results calculations. calculations, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Appendix C. Interpretation of Results As with all analyte determinations, the IgE value ---- (additional information is added) should be used in conjunction with information available from clinical evaluation and other diagnostic procedures. ---- (additional information is added) Flags Some results may contain information in the Flags field. For a description of the flags that may appear in this field, refer to the ARCHITECT System Operations Manual, Section 5. ---- (additional information is added) Reportable Interval Based on representative data for the limit of *quantitation (LoQ) and the limit of detection* (LoD), the ranges over which results can be reported are provided below according to the definitions from CLSI EP34, 1st ed.

<sup>a</sup> AMI: The AMI is determined by the range of values in IU/mL that demonstrated acceptable performance for linearity, imprecision, and bias.



#### LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

Refer to the SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING and SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

sections of this package insert.

No cross-reactivity studies have been conducted with heterophile antibodies.

There is no prozone interference for undiluted samples containing up to 26,000.0 IU/mL of IgE. Sample concentrations higher than 26,000.0 IU/mL have not been tested.

As the limit of quantification of Quantia IgE is 25.0 IU/mL, it is not recommended to use this test for children less than 12 months of age.

### SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

---- (additional information is added)

#### Linearity

Linearity was assessed according to Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) protocol NCCLS EP6-A.<sup>12</sup> The reportable range of the Quantia IgE assay is 25.0 to 1000.0 IU/mL.

## Limit of Quantification (LOQ)

The LOQ of the Quantia IgE assay is 25.0 IU/mL. The LOQ was determined using dilutions of the 100 IU/mL level of the Quantia IgE Calibrator prepared in physiologic saline. The LOQ is defined as the

b EMI: The EMI extends from the upper limit of quantitation (ULoQ) to the ULoQ x dilution factor. The value reflects a 1:10 dilution factor. NOTE: The default Low Linearity value of the assay file corresponds to the lower limit of the analytical measuring interval. Samples with an IgE value below the lower limit of the AMI are reported as < 20.0 IU/mL.

#### LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

Refer to the SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION FOR ANALYSIS and SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

sections of this package insert.

No cross-reactivity studies have been conducted with heterophile antibodies.

There is no prozone interference for undiluted samples containing up to 25 470.7 IU/mL of IgE. Sample concentrations higher than 25 470.7 IU/mL have not been tested.

As the limit of quantification of Quantia IgE is 20.0 IU/mL, it is not recommended to use this test for children less than 12 months of age.

# SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Representative performance data are provided in this section. Results obtained in individual laboratories may vary.

#### Linearity

A study was performed based on guidance from CLSI EP06 2nd ed. Two high-analyte samples (human serum IgE at approximately 1040.1 and 1018.1 IU/mL) and 2 zero-analyte samples (IgE-depleted serum) were combined at different proportions to make 2 linearity panels that each consisted of samples with concentrations evenly distributed across the intended analytical measuring interval.

The assay demonstrated acceptable linearity across the analytical measuring interval of 20.0 to 1000.0 IU/mL.

#### **Lower Limits of Measurement**

A study was performed based on guidance from CLSI EP17-A2. The limit of blank (LoB), limit of detection (LoD), and limit of quantitation (LoQ) values are summarized below. These



lowest analyte concentration that can be measured with a within-run CV below 20% and the recovery is within  $\pm$  20% of expected value.

# **Limit of Detection (LOD)**

The LOD of the Quantia IgE assay is 12.9 IU/mL, calculated by running 30 replicates of saline. LOD is defined as the mean concentration of an analyte-free sample + 2 SD, where SD is the within-run standard deviation.

## **Interfering Substances**

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Rheumatoid factor interference is less than 10% up to 138 IU/mL.

For a comprehensive review of interfering substances, refer to the publication by Young et al.<sup>13</sup>

representative data support the lower limit of the analytical measuring interval.

	IU/mL
LoB <sup>a</sup>	6.2
$LoD^b$	11.6
LoQc	20.0

<sup>a</sup> The LoB represents the 95th percentile from  $n \ge 60$  replicates of zero-analyte samples.

<sup>b</sup> The LoD represents the lowest concentration at which the analyte can be detected with 95% probability based on  $n \ge 60$  replicates of lowanalyte level samples.

<sup>c</sup> The LoQ is defined as the lowest concentration at which a maximum allowable precision of 20 %CV and a maximum allowable bias of 20% were met and was determined from  $n \ge 60$  replicates of

low-analyte level samples and where the assay is linear.

#### **Interfering Substances**

•••

Potentially Interfering Endogenous Substances

A study was performed based on guidance from CLSI EP07-A2. and CLSI EP37, 1st ed. Each substance was tested at 1 analyte level (approximately 90.0 IU/mL).

No Significant Interference (Interference within ± 5%)			
	Interferent Level		
Potentially Interfering Substance	(mg/dL)		
Bilirubin (conjugated)	40		
Bilirubin (unconjugated)	40		
Hemoglobin	1000		
Lipemia (chyle)	2.4 AU/cm at 660 nm		
Lipemia (triglyceride)	1500		

Potentially Interfering Other Substances

A study was performed based on guidance from CLSI EP07-A2, CLSI EP07, 3rd ed. and CLSI EP37, 1st ed.

No Significant Interference (Interference within $\pm~10\%$ )				
Potentially Interfering Substance	Interferent Concentration	IgE Target (IU/mL)	% Difference	
HAMA	0.100 mg/dL	99.0	0.4	
RF	138 IU/mL	90.0	1.3	

Potentially Interfering Drugs

A study was performed based on guidance from CLSI EP07, 3rd ed. and CLSI EP37, 1st ed. Each



#### Precision

The precision of the Quantia IgE assay is < 6% Total CV for Level II and a mixture of Levels I and II Control, and  $\le 15\%$  for Level I Control (Quantia Ferritin/Myoglobin/IgE Control). Studies were performed using CLSI protocol NCCLS EP15-A. <sup>14</sup> Representative data are summarized below.

Level I	Mixture of I and II	Level II
50	50	50
46.3*	228.3	414.6
13.8	2.9	2.1
14.5	3.4	2.4
	50 46.3* 13.8 14.5	50 50 46.3* 228.3 13.8 2.9

<sup>\*</sup>Concentrations near the LOQ value produce slightly higher CVs.

substance was tested at 1 analyte level (approximately 99.0 IU/mL).

	Interferent Level
Potentially Interfering Drug	(mg/dL)
Acetaminophen	15.6
Acetylcysteine	15.0
Acetylsalicylic acid	3.00
Ampicillin	7.50
Cefoxitin	660
Cetirizine	0.435
Cyclosporine	0.180
Diphenhydramine	0.0774
Doxycycline	1.80
Fexofenadine	0.116
Heparin	330 units/dL
Ibuprofen	21.9
Levodopa	0.750
Methyldopa	2.25
Metronidazole	12.3
Mometasone	0.000045
Phenylbutazone	32.1
Prednisolone	0.120
Rifampicin	4.80
Salicylic Acid	2.86
Theophylline	6.00

Interferences from medication or endogenous substances may affect results.

#### Precision

Within-Laboratory Precision

A study was performed based on guidance from CLSI EP05-A3. Testing was conducted using 3 lots of the Quantia IgE reagent, 1 lot of the Quantia IgE Calibrator, 1 lot of the Quantia Ferritin/Myoglobin/IgE Control, and 1 instrument. Two controls, 1:1 mixture of control I and II, and 2 serum panels were tested in a minimum of 2 replicates, twice per day on 20 days.

Additional testing was conducted with 3 native serum pools using the same number of reagent, calibrator, and control lots and instruments utilized in the 20-day study. The 3 serum panels (Panel A, B, and C) were tested in a minimum of 2 replicates, twice per day on 12 days.

The performance from a representative combination is shown in the following table.



# **Key to Symbols**

O Reaction definition

•••

---- New symbol is added.

# ARCHITECT cSystems Assays Parameters

Configure assay param	neters -	– Gener	ral		
<ul> <li>General O Calibrat</li> </ul>	ion C	) SmartW	ash	O Results	O Interpretation
Assay: IgE		Type:	Photo	metric V	'ersion: †
Number: 2908					
Run controls for ont	oard rea	igents by:	Lot		
<ul> <li>Reaction definition</li> </ul>	0	Reagent	Samp	e O Val	idity checks
Reaction mode: End up					
	Primary	Seco	ondary		Read times
Wavelength:	572	/ None	9	Main:	26 – 27
Last required read:	27				
Absorbance range:	_			Color correction:	_
Sample blank type:		_			19 – 20

O Reaction definition	•	Reagent/ S	ample	O Val	idity chec	ks
		•			Ř1	R2
Reagent: IGE0B			Reager	nt volume:	140	70
Diluent: Saline			Wate	er volume:		
Diluent dispense mode: Ty	ype 0		Dispen	ise mode:	Type 0	Type 2
Dilution name Sample	Diluted sample	Diluent	Water	Dilution fa	actor	Default dilution
STANDARD : 3.5			-	1:1		•
Dil 1 : 15.0	3.5	135	-	1:10.0	0	0

			Calculation	ad time: on limits: linimum:		18 – 19 9.0000
		Maximum abs	orbance var	riation:		
O Calibrato	irs	<ul><li>Volumes</li></ul>	01	ntervals	O Validi	ty checks
Calibrator:	lgE			Diluted		
		Calibrator level	Sample	sample	Diluent	Water
	Blank:	Water	3.5		_	
	Cal 1:	lgE1	3.5			
	Cal 2:	lgE2	3.5			
	Cal 3:	IgE3	3.5			
	Cal 4:	IgE4	3.5			
	Cal 5:	loE5	3.5			

O Reagent / Sample

Configure ass	ay parameters —	SmartWash		
O General	O Calibration	SmartWash	O Results	O Interpretation
Assay: IgE				
COMPONENT	REAGENT / ASSAY	WASH	Volu	me Replicates

		Mean	Within-Run (Repeatability)			Laboratory (tal) <sup>a</sup>
Sample	n	(IU/mL)	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
Panel 50 IU/mL	80	53.4	2.1	3.9	2.1	3.9
Control I	80	69.6	1.9	2.7	2.0	2.8
1:1 Mix Control I and II	80	242.7	1.7	0.7	2.3	1.0
Control II	80	418.0	2.5	0.6	3.7	0.9
Panel 800 IU/mL	80	881.2	8.6	1.0	11.5	1.3
Panel A	48	26.9	0.9	3.3	1.3	4.9
Panel B	48	139.1	0.7	0.5	1.9	1.3
Panel C	48	461.6	1.7	0.4	5.4	1.2

a Includes within-run, between-run, and between-day variability.

## **Key to Symbols**

Rx ONLY

For use by or on the order of a physician only (applicable to USA classification only).

---- (section deleted)

Validity checks



# Quantia IgE Serum/Plasma—Conventional and SI Units Configure assay parameters — Results O General O Calibration O SmartWash • Results O Interpretation Assay: IgE Assay number: 2908 Dilution default range: Result units: IU/mL Low-Linearity: 25.0 High-Linearity: 1000.0 Gender and age specific ranges:\*\* GENDER AGE (UNITS) NORMAL EXTREME Assay: IgE Version: † Result units: IU/mL Decimal places: 1 [Range 0 - 4] Correlation factor: 1.0000 Intercept: 0.0000



# Reason Submission Qualifies as Special 510(k)

This submission for the Quantia IgE assay meets the criteria for a Special 510(k) outlined in the FDA guidance "The Special 510(k) Program: Guidance for Industry and Food and Drug Administration Staff" (September 13, 2019) based on the following:

- The proposed change is submitted by the manufacturer legally authorized to market the existing device.
- Performance data is needed to evaluate the change.
- There is a well-established method to evaluate the change.
- The data can be reviewed in a summary or risk analysis format.

In addition, the changes in this submission do not introduce:

- Changes to indications for use or intended use
- Changes to operating principle

## **Design Control Activities**

The following studies were performed to verify performance of the modified device on ARCHITECT c8000 instrument:

- Precision
- Limit of blank (LoB)
- Limit of detection (LoD)
- Limit of quantitation (LoQ)
- Linearity
- Extended Measuring Interval/Autodilution
- Prozone
- Interferences
- Tube type/Matrix comparison
- Method Comparison
- IgE International Standard recovery



# **Comparison to Predicate Device (K050493)**

The following is a description of the similarities and differences between the predicate device; Quantia IgE (K050493), and the subject device, modified Quantia IgE, to demonstrate substantial equivalence.

Similarities						
Item	Predicate Device (K050493)	Subject Device				
Indications for Use / Intended Use	Quantia IgE is an automated latex enhanced immunoassay for the quantitative in vitro determination of immunoglobulin E (IgE) in human serum or plasma (EDTA, heparin, citrate) using the ARCHITECT c Systems. The measurement of IgE is useful in the clinical diagnosis of IgE-mediated allergies, if used in conjunction with other clinical studies.	Quantia IgE is an automated latex enhanced immunoassay for the quantitative in vitro determination of total immunoglobulin E (IgE) in human serum or plasma (EDTA, heparin, citrate) using the ARCHITECT c Systems. The measurement of total IgE is useful in the clinical diagnosis of IgE-mediated allergies, if used in conjunction with other clinical studies.				
Measurand	IgE	Same				
Type of Test	Quantitative	Same				
Methodology	Latex-enhanced immuoturbidimetric assay	Same				
Sample Type	Human serum or plasma (EDTA, heparin, citrate)	Same				
Cut-off	N/A	Same				
Kit Composition	<ul> <li>The Quantia IgE kit consists of:</li> <li>Latex Reagent: Suspension of polystyrene latex particles coated with anti-human IgE monoclonal antibody containing bovine serum albumin, glycine buffer, stabilizers and preservative.</li> <li>Reaction Buffer: Glycine buffer containing bovine serum albumin, stabilizers and preservative.</li> </ul>	Same				



Differences					
Item	Predicate Device (K050493)	Subject Device			
Linearity	25.0 – 1000.0 IU/mL	20.0 – 1000.0 IU/mL			
Limit of Blank (LoB)	Not defined.	6.2 IU/mL			
Limit of Detection (LoD)	12.9 IU/mL	11.6 IU/mL			
Limit of Quantitation (LoQ)	25.0 IU/mL	20.0 IU/mL			

The conclusions drawn from the nonclinical and clinical tests demonstrate that the device is as safe, as effective, and performs as well as the legally marketed device (K050493 Quantia IgE) identified at the beginning of this section.