



June 19, 2020

Ningbo Ranor Medical Science & Technology Co., Ltd.

% Mr. Boyle Wang

Correspondent

Shanghai Truthful Information Technology Co., Ltd.

RM.608, No.738, Shangcheng Rd., Pudong

Shanghai, Shanghai 200120

China

Re: K200471

Trade/Device Name: Infrared Thermometer, Model: RN-60A, RN-60B

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 880.2910

Regulation Name: Clinical Electronic Thermometer

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: FLL

Dated: May 18, 2020

Received: May 21, 2020

Dear Mr. Boyle Wang:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance>) and CDRH Learn (<https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

for Tina Kiang, Ph.D.

Director

DHT3C: Division of Drug Delivery and
General Hospital Devices,
and Human Factors

OHT3: Office of Gastrorenal, ObGyn,

General Hospital and Urology Devices

Office of Product Evaluation and Quality

Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K200471

Device Name

Infrared Thermometer, Model: RN-60A, RN-60B

Indications for Use (Describe)

The Infrared thermometer is a non-contact infrared thermometer intended for the intermittent measurement of human body temperature from forehead for people of one month old and above. The device is reusable for home use and clinical use.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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Tab #06 510(k) Summary

K200471

This summary of 510(k) safety and effectiveness information is being submitted in accordance with requirements of 21 CFR 807.92.

1.0 submitter's Information

Name: Ningbo Ranor Medical Science & Technology Co., Ltd.
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Contact: Emma Hu
Date of Preparation: May 28, 2020

Designated Submission Correspondent

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Email: Info@truthful.com.cn

2.0 Device Information

Trade name: Infrared Thermometer
Common name: Infrared Thermometer
Classification name: Clinical electronic thermometer
Model(s): RN-60A,RN-60B

3.0 Classification

Production code: FLL
Regulation number: 21CFR 880.2910
Classification: Class II
Panel: General Hospital

4.0 Predicate Device Information

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Calibeur Industries Co., Ltd.
Device: Infrared Thermometer, Model DT-8836T, DT-8836P
510(k) number: K191251

5.0 Device Description

The Infrared Thermometer, Models RN-60A and RN-60B are hand-held device powered by 2*AAA batteries and designed to measure human body temperature without contacting patient' forehead.

The Infrared Thermometers RN-60A and RN-60B measure the temperature by using the principle of receiving infrared. An object with a temperature higher than absolute zero will radiate a certain amount of infrared energy. According to the infrared energy and wavelength, the surface temperature of the object can be determined. The temperature of human forehead is relatively constant, so the temperature of human forehead can be measured according to this principle. The thermometer adopts a new CMOS compatible thermopile sensor with good sensitivity. The pressure difference generated by the sensor after receiving the infrared signal is amplified and analyzed then display on the LCD screen in digital form.

The measurement distance of the subject device is 3~5 cm from the forehead.

The only differences among the RN-60A and RN-60B thermometers are size, weight, shape of enclosure.

6.0 Indication for Use Statement

The Infrared thermometer is a non-contact infrared thermometer intended for the intermittent measurement of human body temperature from forehead for people of one month old and above. The device is reusable for home use and clinical use.

7.0 Comparison to the Predicate Device

Item	Subject Device K200471	Predicate Device K191251	Remark
Type of Thermometer	Infrared Thermometer RN-60A,RN-60B	Infrared thermometer DT-8836T,DT-8836P	--
Product Code	FLL	FLL	Same
Regulation No.	21 CFR 880.2910	21 CFR 880.2910	Same
Class	II	II	Same
Intended Use& Indications for use	The Infrared thermometer is a non-contact infrared thermometer intended for the intermittent measurement of human body temperature from	The Infrared thermometer is a non-contact infrared thermometer intended for the intermittent measurement of human	Different 1

	forehead for people of one month old and above. The device is reusable for home use and clinical use.	body temperature from forehead for people of all ages. The device is reusable for home use and clinical use.	
Prescription/over-the-counter use	over-the-counter use	over-the-counter use	Same
Measurement technology	Infrared radiation detection that converts a user's forehead temperature using the infrared energy emitted in the area around the user's forehead to a reference site equivalent temperature	Infrared radiation detection that converts a user's forehead temperature using the infrared energy emitted in the area around the user's forehead to a reference site equivalent temperature	Same
Measurement place	Forehead	Forehead	Same
Measurement Range	Forehead mode: 32.0°C ~42.9°C (89.6 to 109.2 ° F)	Forehead mode: 32.0°C ~42.5°C (89.6 to 108.5 ° F)	Different 2
Accuracy	Forehead mode: ±0.2°C (0.4°F) within (96.8°F ~ 102.2°F), ±0.3°C(0.5°F) when <36.0°C(96.8°F) and >39.0°C(102.2°F)	Forehead mode: ±0.2°C (0.4°F) within 35.0°C ~ 42.0°C (95.0°F ~ 107.6°F), ±0.3°C(0.5°F) when <35.0°C(95.0°F) and >42.0°C(107.6°F)	
Display resolution	0.1°C(0.1°F)	0.1°C(0.1°F)	Same
C/F switchable	Yes	Yes	Same
Measurement distance	3~5 cm	≤3cm	Different 3
Response time	1s	1s	Same
Sensor type	Thermopile	Thermopile	Same
Memory	60 sets	60 sets	Same
Buzzer	Yes	Yes	Same
Auto power-off while no operation	Yes	Yes	Same
Power supply	2*AAA battery	2 * 1.5V AAA	Same
Display screen	LCD	LCD	Same

Operation Environment	5.0°C ~ 40.0°C (41°F ~ 104°F) 15% ≤ RH ≤ 90% 70.0kPa-106.0kPa	10~40°C (50°F ~104 °F) RH 15~95%	Different 4
Storage Environment	-25.0°C ~ 70.0°F (-13°F ~ 158°F) RH ≤ 95% 50.0kPa-106.0kPa	-25 ~ +55° (-13 ~ +131°F) RH:15~95%	
Dimension	RN-60A:46*70*182mm RN-60B:42*64*185mm	153.8*62.4*62.4 mm	--
Weight	RN-60A:82g RN-60B:80g	96g	--
Conformance standard	ISO80601-2-56 (performance), IEC60601-1(Safety), IEC60601-1-2(EMC) IEC 60601-1-11(Home use) ASTM E1965-98	ISO80601-2-56 (performance), IEC60601-1(Safety), IEC60601-1-2(EMC) IEC 60601-1-11(Home use) ASTM E1965-98	Same
Patient contact materials	ABS	ABS	Same
Biocompatibility	ISO 10993-5 ISO 10993-10	ISO 10993-5 ISO 10993-10	Same

Analysis:

From the comparison table, the subject devices and predicate device have the same measurement place, display resolution, display screen, auto power-off while no operation and conformance standard. There are slightly differences between the devices and predicate device as follows:

Different 1: The restriction in use for people of one month old and above, that is the subset patient population of the predicate device, thus no new safety and effectiveness concerns raised due to the difference.

Different 2: Both devices have different measurement range, but they have the same accuracy and the measurement range of subject devices meet the requirements of ASTM E1965-98. The difference does not raise new performance questions.

Different 3: Measurement distance of the subject devices is 3-5cm, the predicate device's is ≤ 3 cm. But the performance test result of subject device shows the accuracy meets the requirements within the distance range. The difference does not raise new performance questions.

Different 4: Both devices have slightly different Operation & Storage Environment, but the subject devices meet the requirements of IEC 60601-1 and ISO 80601-2-56. The difference does not raise new performance questions.

8.0 Non-Clinical Test Conclusion

Non-clinical data:

Non-clinical tests were conducted to verify that the subject devices met all design specifications. The test results demonstrated that the proposed device complies with the following standards:

- IEC 60601-1:2012 Medical Electrical Equipment - Part 1: General Requirements for Basic Safety and essential performance
- IEC 60601-1-2:2014 Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-2: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements and tests
- ISO 80601-2-56:2017+A1:2018 Medical electrical equipment – Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of clinical thermometers for body temperature measurement.
- IEC 60601-1-11:2015 Medical electrical equipment -- Part 1-11: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance -- Collateral standard: Requirements for medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems used in the home healthcare environment

- ISO 10993-5:2009 Biological evaluation of medical devices -- Part 5: Tests for in vitro cytotoxicity
- ISO10993-10:2010 Biological evaluation of medical devices -- Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization

Software verification and validation testing:

Software verification and validation testing were conducted and documentation was provided as recommended by FDA's Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff, "Guidance for the Content of Premarket Submissions for Software Contained in Medical Devices", dated May 11, 2005.

9.0 Clinical Accuracy Validation Test Conclusion

Clinical tests were conducted per ASTM E1965-98(Reapproved 2016) Standard Specification for Infrared Thermometers for Intermittent Determination of Patient Temperature. This clinical study is a randomization, simple blind homologous control, pairing design of clinical investigation, consists of a minimum of 178 subjects which were divided into three group age ranges- A Infants group (Group A1 - 1 month up to 3 months; Group A2 - 3 months up to 1 year), B Children group (greater than 1 to 5 years old) and C Over 5 years old (Above 5 years old). Each group at least has 30 subjects.

Based on the result, it is demonstrated the clinical performance of the subject device complied with the requirement of ASTM E1965-98 (2016).

10.0 Conclusion

Performance testing contained in this submission demonstrates the minor differences in technological characteristics between the subject device and the predicate do not raise different questions of safety and effectiveness. And based on the performance testing and conformance with acceptable voluntary standards, we believe the Infrared Thermometer RN-60A and RN-60B are substantially equivalent to its predicate device in K191251.