

November 2, 2022

Ellex Medical Pty Ltd % Maureen O'Connell President O'Connell Regulatory Consultants, Inc. 44 Oak Street Stoneham, Massachusetts 02180

Re: K222395

Trade/Device Name: Tango Neo, Tango Reflex Neo, Ultra Q Reflex Neo

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 886.4390 Regulation Name: Ophthalmic Laser

Regulatory Class: Class II Product Code: HQF Dated: August 3, 2022 Received: August 8, 2022

#### Dear Maureen O'Connell:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <a href="https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm">https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm</a> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal

statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <a href="https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products">https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products</a>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems">https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems</a>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance</a>) and CDRH Learn (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn">https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn</a>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice</a>) for more information or contact DICE by email (<a href="DICE@fda.hhs.gov">DICE@fda.hhs.gov</a>) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

# Anjana Jain -S

Anjana Jain, PhD
Assistant Director
DHT1A: Division of Ophthalmic Devices
OHT1: Office of Ophthalmic, Anesthesia,
Respiratory, ENT and Dental Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

#### **Indications for Use**

510(k) Number (if known)

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120

Expiration Date: 06/30/2023 See PRA Statement below.

K222395						
Device Name Ellex Neo Lasers (Tango Neo, Tango Reflex Neo, Ultra Q Reflex Neo)						
Eller 1900 Easters (Tango 1906, Tango 1900, Teller 1900)						
Indications for Use (Describe) In the YAG mode (Tango Neo, Tango Reflex Neo, Ultra Q Reflex-Iridotomy and iridectomyPosterior capsulotomyPosterior membranectomy.	Neo):					
In the SLT mode (Tango Neo, Tango Reflex Neo): -Selective Laser Trabeculoplasty (SLT)						
Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)						
Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)	Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)					
CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.						

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

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"An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB number."

### 510(k) Summary 21 CFR 807.92 K222395

#### I. Submitter

Ellex Medical Pty Ltd.

3-4 Second Avenue, Mawson Lakes, South Australia 5095,

**AUSTRALIA** 

Contact Person: Rashmi Pillay

Telephone: 61 8 70748105

Email: rpillay@ellex.com

Date of preparation: 09/22/2022

#### **II. Submission Correspondent**

Maureen O'Connell

O'Connell Regulatory Consultants, Inc.

44 Oak Street

Stoneham, MA 02180

Phone: (978) 207-1245

#### **III. Proposed Device**

Trade Name: Ellex Neo Lasers (Tango Neo/Tango Reflex Neo /Ultra Q Reflex Neo)

Manufacturer: Ellex Medical Pty Ltd

Common or Usual Name: Ophthalmic laser

Classification:

Class	Product	Device	Regulation	Regulation Name	Reviewing
	Code	Classification	Number		Branch
		Name			
II	HQF	Laser,	21CFR	Ophthalmic Laser	Ophthalmic
		Ophthalmic	886.4390	_	-

#### IV. Legally marketed Device /Predicate Device

Device name: Ellex YAG/SLT (Tango/Tango Reflex/Ultra Q/Ultra Reflex/Solo)

Premarket Notification: K212630 Manufacturer:

Ellex Medical Pty Ltd

#### V. Device Technological characteristics

These devices are slit lamp based surgical laser instruments designed for use by ophthalmologists in clinics or an outpatient facility in a hospital or surgery. These systems are used to perform both Photodisruption procedures such as posterior capsulotomies, iridotomies, posterior membranectomies in the photodisruptor (YAG mode) and Selective Laser Trabeculoplasty (SLT mode) for the treatment of chronic open angle glaucoma.

There are 3 models in this device family and their differentiating characteristics are mentioned below:

Models	Treatment beam/ mode	Aiming beam	Illumination mirror	Offset	Display on binocular	Energy control on joystick
Tango	YAG	Red ,635nm	Fixed	$0\pm 500\mu$	N/A	N/A
Neo	(1064nm)			(anterior and		
				posterior)		
	SLT (532 nm)	Red ,635nm		N/A		
Tango	YAG	Green,515nm	Reflex	0 to 500μ	Display of	Adjusts laser
Reflex	(1064nm)		Coaxial	(anterior),	treatment	energy
Neo				0 to 2mm	energy	
				(posterior)		
	SLT (532 nm)	Red ,635nm		N/A		
Ultra Q	YAG	Green,515nm	Reflex	0 to 500μ	Display of	Adjusts laser
Reflex	(1064nm)		Coaxial	(anterior),	treatment	energy
Neo				0 to 2mm	energy	
				(posterior)		

All these devices consist of the below main parts:

#### **Delivery Head**

The delivery head comprises an ophthalmic slit lamp microscope with an integrated treatment laser beam and a twin aiming laser beam system.

#### Microscope and Slit lamp Illumination

The microscope or biomicroscope comprises three main components, an objective lens, a magnification changer, and a binocular. The combination of these allows the physician to view into the patient's eye. The magnification changer allows for magnification adjustment between fixed magnification settings. The binocular can be adjusted to accommodate the physician's vision and pupillary distance. The right eye piece of the binocular for the Reflex Neo additionally includes the display of the treatment energy .The objective lens is fixed and determines the microscope focal distance. Microscope illumination light is provided from the slit lamp through a halogen or LED lamp. An illumination mirror is located above the slit lamp, near the microscope's visual axis. The mirror reflects the illumination from the source towards the focal plane and patient's eye. While the illumination mirror is fixed for Tango Neo, the mirror for Tango Reflex Neo and Ultra Q Reflex Neo is a flipping mirror as in the predicate Tango , Tango Reflex and Ultra Q Reflex devices respectively.

Console and Table Top: It consists of the Patient handles, the Key switch, Emergency stop switch and the Laser on-off push button. Main components such as a Power Supply Unit (DC PSU), a YAG PSU, and voltage capacitors for initiating the laser beam generation are built inside the console.

<u>Joystick fire button</u>: It is used to trigger the emission of a laser pulse by pressing a button. The Reflex Neo additionally include the energy setting control on the joystick.

<u>Total solution table</u>: It is used to support the console and the tabletop. It also has the function to adjust the height of the tabletop.

<u>Display unit</u>: The operation of various functions is displayed on the tablet and the display unit controls and operates them.

The tablet interface provides the control for Patient Management system (PMS) database connection (DICOM compatibility) to facilitate export of treatment report to a network location and patient list viewing. The interface also provides control to initiate remote (restricted) access for service diagnosis of device faults.

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#### VI. Principle of Operation

The Ellex Neo Lasers are surgical laser instruments designed for use by ophthalmologists for performing both Photodisruption procedures such as posterior capsulotomies, iridotomies, posterior membranectomies and Selective Laser Trabeculoplasty (SLT) for the treatment of chronic open angle glaucoma. The instrument is capable of producing short, individual pulses of focused light with wavelengths of either 1064nm (YAG) or 532nm (SLT), depending on the mode of operation selected. The pulses can be accurately positioned on a structure within the patient's eye with the aid of a slit-lamp microscope and a 635nm (red) / 515 nm (green) aiming beam system.

When the YAG mode is selected, the treatment wavelength is 1064nm. A twin-aiming beam is used to position the treatment beam into the area where the tissue disruption process is to occur. The energy contained within a single short pulse is concentrated by focusing to a very small spot size (approximately 8 microns) so that plasma formation occurs at the focal point. This creates an acoustic shock wave that disrupts nearby tissue.

When the SLT mode is selected, the treatment wavelength is 532nm. A coaxial aiming beam is used to position the treatment beam onto the trabecular meshwork via an SLT gonioscope contact lens. The SLT treatment laser provides a low energy, short pulse of laser light that selectively targets and damages only the pigmented cells in the trabecular meshwork of the eye; the resulting cellular activity restores the aqueous outflow through the trabecular meshwork and lowers the intraocular pressure.

#### VII. Indications for Use

In the YAG mode (Tango Neo, Ultra Q Reflex Neo, Tango Reflex Neo):

- -Iridotomy and iridectomy.
- -Posterior capsulotomy.
- -Posterior membranectomy

In the SLT mode (Tango Neo, Tango Reflex Neo):

-Selective Laser Trabeculoplasty (SLT)

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#### **VIII. Summary of Non-Clinical Tests**

The device has been evaluated for biocompatibility, as well as electrical, electromagnetic and laser safety, and has been found to conform to the applicable medical device safety standards as below:

#### • Safety and Product Specific testing:

Electrical safety, EMC and laser safety tests were conducted on Ellex YAG/SLT, according to applicable federal and international safety and performance standards:

- ANSI AAMI ES60601-1:2005/(R)2012 And A1:2012 Medical electrical equipment Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance
- IEC 60601-1-2:2014: Medical electrical equipment-Part 1-2: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance-Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility-Requirements and tests
- IEC 60601-l-6:2010+Al:2013 Medical electrical equipment-Part 1-6: General requirements for safety-Collateral Standard Usability
- IEC 60601-1-8: 2006 (2nd Ed) + A1:2012 Medical electrical equipment Part 1-8: Collateral Standard: General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems
- IEC 60601-2-22: 2007 (Third Edition) + Al:2012 Medical Electrical Equipment Part 2: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment
- IEC 60825-1 2nd Edition Part I: Safety of laser products-Part I: Equipment classification and requirements

#### Biocompatibility Testing

There are no direct patient components in Ellex Neo Lasers except for the chin rest and the head rest components of the slit lamp. These can be classified as "surface contacting devices in contact with intact skin" and as devices whose cumulative single, multiple or repeated use or contact is up to 24 hours. The Ellex slit lamps have been previously cleared by their manufacturers. The Takagi slit lamp has been FDA 510(k) Summary

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cleared under K063352 and the CSO slit lamp under K992836.

#### • Software Verification and Validation Testing

According to the FDA "Guidance for the Content of Premarket Submissions for Software Contained in Medical Devices (May 2005)", the level of concern of Ellex Neo devices and its software is determined to be Major. The Software of these devices controls the delivery of laser energy. A failure of operation or latent flaw of these devices' software could directly result in serious injury to the patient or operator. The software verification and validation results confirm the fulfillment of software requirement specifications.

#### Risk Analysis Method Used

Ellex Medical Pty Ltd applied ISO-14971 to the design and development of the Ellex Neo Lasers. The conclusion from the risk analysis was the device was safe for its intended use and does not pose any unacceptable risks.

#### IX. Summary of Clinical Tests

Since the Ellex Neo devices use the same technology and principles as the predicate device, clinical data is not required.

#### X. Substantial Equivalence Discussion

The predicate device is the Ellex YAG/SLT cleared in K212630.

The Indications for Use for Ellex Neo Lasers are exactly the same, as the predicate Ellex YAG/SLT. Technological characteristics of the Ellex Neo Lasers are similar with respect to the basic design and function of the predicate device. Both the subject and predicate device are based on the same photo disruption and selective photothermolysis principles. The major technological aspects are in common between the predicate Ellex YAG/SLT device and the Ellex Neo Lasers:

- Same wavelength, laser class, pulse duration, energy, pulse setting, repetition rate, spot size for the treatment beam.
- Same beam safety class, wavelength, and power for the aiming beams.
- Same slit lamp microscope, magnification settings, slit lamp working length, slit lamp

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controls, illumination mirror, chinrest and controls, slit lamp joystick and laser firing mechanism (fire switch).

The systems have been designed in compliance with approved electrical and physical safety standards.

There are some technological /usability advancements with respect to user preferences for:

- Enhanced offset, additional display in the right binocular, energy control on the joystick, for the Reflex Neo devices.
- Reflex Coaxial illumination mirror positioning, below optical axis in SLT mode for the Tango Reflex Neo.
- DICOM facilitating Physician worklist viewing and remote access for system fault diagnosis.

In terms of the required treatment regimen, these are prescription devices and under the control of trained ophthalmologist; none of these modifications have any impact on safety and effectiveness of the product.

These modifications have been verified through the Non-Clinical testing mentioned above.

#### XI. Conclusion

Based on the indications for use, technological characteristics, and safety and performance testing, the subject Ellex Neo Lasers met the minimum requirements that are considered adequate for its intended use and is substantially equivalent in design, principles of operation and indications for use to its predicate Ellex YAG/SLT device.

510(k) Summary ELLEX NEO LASERS PREMARKET NOTIFICATION K222395