

May 12, 2021

NuVasive, Incorporated Manthan Damani Manager, Regulatory Affairs 7475 Lusk Blvd. San Diego, California 92121

Re: K210439

Trade/Device Name: NuVasive® MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3080

Regulation Name: Intervertebral Body Fusion Device

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: MAX, PHM, OVD

Dated: May 7, 2021 Received: May 10, 2021

Dear Manthan Damani:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/efdocs/efpmn/pmn.cfm identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal

statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance) and CDRH Learn (https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Brent Showalter, Ph.D.
Assistant Director
DHT6B: Division of Spinal Devices
OHT6: Office of Orthopedic Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

Indications for Use

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120

Expiration Date: 06/30/2023 See PRA Statement below.

510(k) Number (if known)		
K210439		
Device Name NuVasive® MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System		
Indications for Use (Describe) The NuVasive MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System is indicated for intermature patients. When used with or without the MOD-EX XLIF interautogenous and/or allogeneic bone graft comprised of cancellous and and supplemental internal spinal fixation systems cleared by the FDA lordosis is needed, the plated MOD-EX XLIF interbody must be used devices are to be used in patients who have had at least six months of The MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System is intended for use in interbod the thoracolumbar junction (T12-L1), and is intended for use in the lusymptomatic disc degeneration (DDD) or degenerative spondylolisthed disc herniation (with myelopathy and/or radiculopathy with or without discogenic origin with degeneration of the disc confirmed by history a XLIF Interbody System can be used as an adjunct to fusion in patients and sagittal deformity.	nal fixation, the for corticocance for use in the talong with addition-operative to the fundamental pain for the taxial pain. Dand radiographic	e system is intended for use with ellous bone graft to facilitate fusion horacolumbar spine. When ≥20° litional supplemental fixation. The treatment. Thoracic spine from T1 to T12 and at m L1 to S1, for the treatment of to adjacent levels, including thoracic DD is defined as back pain of c studies. The NuVasive MOD-EX
Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)		
Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)	Over-The-Count	er Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)
CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.		

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DO NOT SEND YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE PRA STAFF EMAIL ADDRESS BELOW.

The burden time for this collection of information is estimated to average 79 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain the data needed and complete and review the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this information collection, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to:

Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Office of Chief Information Officer Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Staff PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov

"An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB number."



510(k) Summary

In accordance with Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 807, and in particular 21 CFR §807.92, the following summary of information is provided:

A. Submitted by:

Manthan J. Damani Manager, Regulatory Affairs NuVasive, Incorporated 7475 Lusk Blvd. San Diego, California 92121

Telephone: (858) 458-2272

Date Prepared: February 11, 2021

B. Device Name

Trade or Proprietary Name: NuVasive® MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System

Common or Usual Name: Intervertebral Body Fusion Device Classification Name: Intervertebral Body Fusion Device

Device Class II

Classification: 21 CFR § 888.3080 Product Code: MAX, PHM, OVD

C. Predicate Devices

The subject NuVasive MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System is substantially equivalent to multiple predicate devices. NuVasive Modulus XLIF Interbody System (K201820) serves as the primary predicate device, while NuVasive XLX Interbody System (K173892), NuVasive Lumbar Interbody Implants (K161230), NuVasive Cohere Thoracolumbar Interbody System (K181860) and NuVasive Modulus XLIF Interbody System (K163230) are additional predicate devices.

D. Device Description

The *NuVasive MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System* is an expandable interbody system additively manufactured from Grade 23 titanium alloy (Ti-6Al-4V ELI) powder conforming to ASTM F3001 Class C and traditionally manufactured from both titanium alloy (Ti-6V-4Al ELI) per ASTM F136 or ISO 5832-3 and nickel-cobalt-chromium-molybdenum (MP35N) conforming to ASTM F562. MOD-EX XLIF interbodies are available in a variety of different shapes and sizes to suit the individual pathology and anatomical conditions of the patient. The system is designed to address thoracolumbar pathologies utilizing interbody placement through a standard lateral (XLIF) approach. The device features independent threaded drive and wedge mechanisms to allow for independent expansion of the anterior and posterior aspect of the implant. The superior and inferior endplate components are solid and porous structures manufactured simultaneously using a powder bed fusion method. The microporous, textured surfaces on the superior and inferior ends of the device serve to grip the adjacent vertebrae to resist migration and expulsion of the device. The *NuVasive MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System*



interbodies have superior and inferior graft apertures, allowing for packaging of graft to aid in the promotion of a solid fusion.

E. Indications for Use

The NuVasive MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System is indicated for intervertebral body fusion of the spine in skeletally mature patients. When used with or without the MOD-EX XLIF internal fixation, the system is intended for use with autogenous and/or allogeneic bone graft comprised of cancellous and/or corticocancellous bone graft to facilitate fusion and supplemental internal spinal fixation systems cleared by the FDA for use in the thoracolumbar spine. When ≥20° lordosis is needed, the plated MOD-EX XLIF interbody must be used along with additional supplemental fixation. The devices are to be used in patients who have had at least six months of non-operative treatment.

The MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System is intended for use in interbody fusions in the thoracic spine from T1 to T12 and at the thoracolumbar junction (T12-L1), and is intended for use in the lumbar spine, from L1 to S1, for the treatment of symptomatic disc degeneration (DDD) or degenerative spondylolisthesis at one or two adjacent levels, including thoracic disc herniation (with myelopathy and/or radiculopathy with or without axial pain). DDD is defined as back pain of discogenic origin with degeneration of the disc confirmed by history and radiographic studies. The NuVasive MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System can be used as an adjunct to fusion in patients diagnosed with multilevel degenerative scoliosis and sagittal deformity.

F. Technological Characteristics

As was established in this submission, the subject MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System is substantially equivalent to other predicate devices cleared by the FDA for commercial distribution in the United States. The subject device was shown to be substantially equivalent and have the same technological characteristics to its predicate devices through comparison in areas including design, intended use, material composition, and function. This device does not contain software or electrical equipment.

G. Performance Data

Nonclinical testing was performed to demonstrate that the subject *MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System* is substantially equivalent to other predicate devices. The following testing was performed:

- Static and dynamic axial compression testing per ASTM F2077
- Static and dynamic compression-shear testing per ASTM F2077
- Dynamic torsion testing per ASTM F2077
- Gravimetric and Particulate analysis (ASTM F1714 and F1877)
- Screw push-out analysis
- Subsidence analysis
- Bacterial endotoxin testing (BET) per ANSI/AAMI ST72:2011/(R)2016





The results demonstrate that the subject MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System presents no new worst-case for performance testing, and the subject device was therefore found to be substantially equivalent to the predicate devices.

H. Conclusions

Based on the indications for use, technological characteristics, and comparison to predicate devices, the subject *MOD-EX XLIF Interbody System* has been shown to be substantially equivalent to legally marketed predicate devices.