



August 10, 2021

Alphatec Spine, Inc.
Ms. Cynthia Dorne
Manager, Regulatory Affairs
1950 Camino Vida Roble
Carlsbad, California 92008

Re: K211873

Trade/Device Name: PSX Interbody System
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3080
Regulation Name: Intervertebral Body Fusion Device
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: MAX
Dated: June 16, 2021
Received: June 17, 2021

Dear Ms. Dorne:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's

requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance>) and CDRH Learn (<https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Brent L. Showalter, Ph.D.
Assistant Director
DHT6B: Division of Spinal Devices
OHT6: Office of Orthopedic Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K211873

Device Name

PSX Interbody System

Indications for Use (Describe)

The PSX Interbody System is indicated for spinal fusion procedures in skeletally mature patients at one or two contiguous levels in the lumbosacral spine (L1-L2 to L5-S1) for the treatment of degenerative disc disease (DDD) with up to Grade I spondylolisthesis or retrolisthesis at the involved level(s). DDD is defined as back pain of discogenic origin with degeneration of the disc confirmed by history and radiographic studies.

The PSX Interbody System is intended for use on patients who have had at least six months of non-operative treatment. It is intended for use with autograft and/or allograft comprised of cancellous and/or corticocancellous bone graft and supplemental fixation systems that are cleared by FDA for use in the lumbar spine.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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This 510(k) summary of safety and effectiveness is being submitted in accordance with the requirements of 21 CFR 807.92.

I. SUBMITTER: Alphatec Spine, Inc.
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Date Summary Prepared: June 16, 2021

II. DEVICE

Name of Device: PSX Interbody System
 Common or Usual Name: Intervertebral body fusion device
 Classification Name: Intervertebral fusion device with bone graft, lumbar
 (21 CFR 888.3080)

Regulatory Class: Class II
 Product Code: MAX

III. LEGALLY MARKETED PREDICATE DEVICES

510(k)	Product Code	Trade Name	Manufacturer
Primary Predicate Device			
K183705	MAX	IndentiTi Porous Interbody System	Alphatec Spine
Additional Predicate Devices			
K171848	MAX	Globus Rise Spacers	Globus Medical
K112648	MAX	Asfora Bullet Cage System	Medical Designs
K193203	MAX	K2M Mojave Expandable Interbody System	K2M
K160959	MAX	Xsert Expandable Interbody System	X-Spine Systems
K090782	MAX, MQP	Novel ALIF Spinal Spacer System	Alphatec Spine
K191311	MAX, OVD, PHM	A TEC Lateral Interbody System	Alphatec Spine

IV. DEVICE DESCRIPTION

The subject *PSX Interbody System* is a lordotic expandable lumbar intervertebral body fusion system designed to be inserted through a posterior surgical approach. The subject



interbody spacers are manufactured from titanium alloy (Ti-6Al-4V ELI) per ASTM F136. The PSX System consists of a variety of shapes and sizes of interbody spacers, inserters, trials, and general instruments to create lordotic expansion, restore sagittal alignment, and provide indirect decompression. Implants are offered with anti-migration teeth and grit-blast treatment on the bone-contacting endplate surfaces.

The purpose of this submission is to gain 510(k) clearance to the *PSX Interbody System*.

V. INDICATIONS FOR USE

The PSX Interbody System is indicated for spinal fusion procedures in skeletally mature patients at one or two contiguous levels in the lumbosacral spine (L1-L2 to L5-S1) for the treatment of degenerative disc disease (DDD) with up to Grade I spondylolisthesis or retrolisthesis at the involved level(s). DDD is defined as back pain of discogenic origin with degeneration of the disc confirmed by history and radiographic studies.

The PSX Interbody System is intended for use on patients who have had at least six months of non-operative treatment. It is intended for use with autograft and/or allograft comprised of cancellous and/or corticocancellous bone graft and supplemental fixation systems that are cleared by FDA for use in the lumbar spine.

VI. TECHNOLOGICAL COMPARISON TO PREDICATES

The technological design features of the subject implants were compared to the predicates in intended use, indications for use, design, function and technology and it was demonstrated that they are substantially equivalent.

VII. PERFORMANCE DATA

Nonclinical testing performed on the PSX Interbody System supports substantial equivalence to other predicate devices. The following testing was performed:

- Static and Dynamic Axial Compression (per ASTM F2077)
- Static and Dynamic Compression Shear (per ASTM F2077)
- Push-out/Expulsion
- Subsidence analysis

The results demonstrate that the subject PSX Interbody System is substantially equivalent to other predicate devices for nonclinical testing.

Clinical Information

Not applicable; determination of substantial equivalence is not based on an assessment of clinical performance data.



VIII. CONCLUSION

Based upon the information provided in this 510(k) submission, it has been determined that the subject devices are substantially equivalent to legally marketed devices in regard to indications for use, intended use, design, technology, and performance.