

Neoss Surgery SL % Cherita James Regulatory Consultant M Squared Associates, Inc 127 West 30th Street, 9th Floor New York, New York 10001 January 19, 2022

Re: K211613/S001

Trade/Device Name: Stern Fix Sternal Stabilization System

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3010 Regulation Name: Bone Fixation Cerclage

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: JDQ

Dated: December 16, 2021 Received: December 20, 2021

Dear Cherita James:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part

801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn) and CDRH Learn (https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

for

Colin O'Neill, M.B.E.
Assistant Director
DHT6B: Division of Spinal Devices
OHT6: Office of Orthopedic Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

Indications for Use

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120 Expiration Date: 06/30/2020

See PRA Statement below.

510(k) Number (if known)		
K211613		
Device Name		
STERN FIX, Sternal Stabilization System		
Indications for Use (Describe)		
The STERN FIX Sternal Stabilization System is intended for closure and stabilization of the sternum following sternotomy, through the intercostal spaces, in order to promote its fusion.		
Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)		
Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)		
CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.		

510(K) SUMMARY

The following information is provided as required by 21 CFR § 807.87 for the STERN FIX Sternal Stabilization System 510(k) premarket notification. In response to the Safe Medical Devices Act of 1990, the following is a summary of the information upon which the substantial equivalence determination is based.

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Date of Submission: December 16, 2021

Proprietary Name: STERN FIX Sternal Stabilization System

Common Name: Cerclage, fixation

Regulatory Class: II

Regulation: 888.3010 Bone fixation cerclage

Product Codes: JDQ

Predicate Device(s): SYNTHES STERNAL ZIPFIX SYSTEM - K110789 **Reference Device:** KLS MARTIN STERNAL TALON- K051165

Device Description

The STERN FIX is a long-term implantable postoperative sternal stabilization system that closes and stabilizes the sternum after a sternotomy. The STERN FIX is a clamping device consisting of two parts, male and female, which match telescopically with one another to form the sternal stabilization system. Both male and female parts have a curved arm that catches one of the two

halves of the sternum laterally and approximates them until the sternum is securely fixed. Five sizes of the STERN FIX are available for use with different sternum thicknesses. The STERN FIX can be cut and removed for emergent, and long-term, re-entry through the sternum.

Indications for Use

The STERN FIX *Sternal Stabilization System* is intended for closure and stabilization of the sternum following sternotomy, through the intercostal spaces, in order to promote its fusion.

Technological characteristics, comparison to predicate and reference devices.

Device	STERN FIX	ZIPFIX (Predicate device)	Sternal Talon (Reference device)
Company	NEOS Surgery S.L.	Synthes	KLS Martin, L.P.
510(k) No.	Present submission	K110789	K051165
Product Code	JDQ- Cerclage, Fixation	JDQ- Cerclage, Fixation	HRS- Plate, Fixation, Bone
Indications for Use	The STERN FIX Sternal Stabilization System is intended for closure and stabilization of the sternum following sternotomy, through the intercostal spaces, in order to promote its fusion.	The Synthes Sternal ZIPFIX TM system is intended for use in primary or secondary closure/repair of the sternum following sternotomy or fracture of the sternum to stabilize the sternum and promote fusion. (Description of the "Intended use" in the 510(k) Summary)	The KLS-Martin Sternal Talon is intended for use in stabilization and fixation of anterior chest wall fractures including Sternal Fixation subsequent to Sternotomy and Sternal reconstructive procedures. (Description of the "Intended use" in the 510(k) Summary)
Method of Fixation to Sternum	Peristernally, through the intercostal spaces. Generally, 5 STERN FIX devices are recommended per median sternotomy closure, but they can be used in combination with other sternal closure systems such as wires or plates.	Similar method	Similar method

Device	The STERN FIX device	Similar design	Similar design
Design	consists of two parts, male		
	and female, which match		
	telescopically with one		
	another to form the fixation		
	system. Both male and		
	female parts have a curved		
	arm that catches laterally one		
	of the two halves of the		
	sternum and approximates		
	them until the sternum is		
	securely fixed. Both parts present a set of teeth that,		
	together, form a ratchet		
	mechanism that allows their		
	movement in the closing		
	direction and, at the same		
	time, impedes their backward		
	movement. The tightening of		
	both implant parts (male and		
	female) is carried out using		
	the specific instrument		
	supplied with the product.		
	The STERN FIX can be cut		
	and removed for emergent, and long-term, re-entry		
	through the sternum.		
	through the sternam.		
Range of	Thickness : From 9.5 to 17	Similar	similar
sternum	mm Width From 17 to 29 mm		
thicknesses	Width: From 17 to 38 mm		
and widths covered			
Accessories	Four instruments are used to	similar tools	similar tools
Accessories	implant the device:	Similar tools	Sillilai WOIS
	• A depth gauge (SCI0000)		
	to select the appropriate		
	STERN FIX size.		
	• Forceps (SCI0501) to		
	tighten and adjust the		
	STERN FIX during its		
	implantation.		
	• A cutter (SCI0200) to cut		
	the excess segment of the		
	male part or cut the device		
	safely in case of need of		
	device removal.		
	• A retractor (SCI0300) to		
	ease the introduction of		
	the STERN FIX in the intercostal spaces.		
	intercostar spaces.	l	

Material Composition	PEEK- OPTIMA™ LT3, according to ASTM F2026	similar materials	Similar materials
Sizes	Five sizes that allow implantation in sternal bones of all thicknesses considered (from 9.5 mm to 17 mm). Its length can be adjusted to fit each sternal bone width by cutting the excess segment of the male part.	Similar sizes	Similar sizes
Implant life	Long-term implant	Long-term implant	Long-term implant
Sterility	Provided sterile. E-beam	similar	similar

Technological Characteristics and Substantial Equivalence

The STERN FIX is substantially equivalent to its predicate device with regards to indications for use, technological characteristics, principles of operation and performance. The technical differences found between the STERN FIX and its predicate do not raise different questions of safety and effectiveness. These differences have been discussed and justified with the use of the reference device.

Performance testing

Performance testing was conducted to characterize the capacity of the STERN FIX, as a sternal stabilization system, to withstand the forces that act upon the sternum and the whole fixation system once the products have been implanted. The results of the tests confirm the adequate performance of the device, and that it is able to achieve its intended use.

Performance testing has demonstrated that the technological characteristics of STERN FIX do not raise any new safety or effectiveness issues and that the STERN FIX will perform as intended in the clinical setting. A summary of the tests performed follows:

Test	Conclusions
Functional testing	
Breaking strength	All tested samples meet the specifications. Functionality of the devices is demonstrated.
Fatigue test	All tested samples meet the specifications. Functionality of the devices is demonstrated.
Biomechanical testing	

Breaking strength	All tested samples meet the specifications. The STERN FIX system has an adequate biomechanical behavior when subject to relevant efforts.
Lateral distraction test	All tested samples meet the specifications. The STERN FIX system has an adequate biomechanical behavior when subject to relevant efforts.
Cadaver testing	Correct devices implantation is verified in a simulated real-life situation. The devices show adequate performance and safety.

Conformance to Standards

The STERN FIX *Sternal Stabilization System* is in conformance to the following recognized consensus standards:

Standard	Recognition Number
ISO 14971 Second edition 2007-03-01: Medical devices - Application of	5-40
risk management to medical devices	
ISO 14630 Fourth edition 2012-12-01: Non-active surgical implants	11-254
General requirements	
ISO 11607-1 Second edition 2019-02: Packaging for terminally sterilized	14-530
medical devices - Part 1: Requirements for materials, sterile barrier	
systems and packaging systems	
ISO 11607-2 Second edition 2019-02: Packaging for terminally sterilized	14-531
medical devices - Part 2: Validation requirements for forming, sealing	
and assembly processes	
IEC 62366-1 Edition 1.0 2015-02: Medical devices - Part 1: Application	5-114
of usability engineering to medical devices [Including CORRIGENDUM	
1 (2016)]	
ISO 11137-1 First edition 2006-04-15: Sterilization of health care	14-528
products - Radiation - Part 1: Requirements for development, validation	
and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices	
[Including: Amendment 1 (2013) and Amendment 2 (2018)]	

Standard	Recognition
	Number
ISO 11137-2 Third edition 2013-06-01: Sterilization of health care	14-409
products - Radiation - Part 2: Establishing the sterilization dose	
ISO 11737-1 Third edition 2018-01: Sterilization of health care products	14-514
- Microbiological methods - Part 1: Determination of a population of	
microorganisms on product	
ISO 11737-2 Third edition 2019-12: Sterilization of medical devices -	14-540
Microbiological methods - Part 2: Tests of sterility performed in the	
definition, validation and maintenance of a sterilization process	
ISO 10993-1 Fifth edition 2018-08 Biological evaluation of medical	2-258
devices - Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process	
ISO 10993-5 Third edition 2009-06-01: Biological evaluation of medical	2-245
devices - Part 5: Tests for in vitro cytotoxicity	
ISO 15223-1 Third Edition 2016-11-01: Medical devices - Symbols to be	5-117
used with medical device labels, labelling, and information to be supplied	
- Part 1: General requirements	
ISO 17665-1 First edition 2006-08-15: Sterilization of health care	14-333
products - Moist heat - Part 1: Requirements for the development,	
validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical	
devices	
ISO 17664 Second edition 2017-10: Processing of health care products -	14-515
Information to be provided by the medical device manufacturer for the	
processing of medical devices	
ASTM F2026-17: Standard Specification for Polyetheretherketone	8-475
(PEEK) Polymers for Surgical Implant Applications	
ASTM F2503-20: Standard Practice for Marking Medical Devices and	8-528
Other Items for Safety in the Magnetic Resonance Environment	

Discussion of clinical testing

No clinical testing was performed to support this submission.

Conclusion

Based on the design features, the use of an established well-known biocompatible material, the intended use, the technological characteristics and the principles of operation, the subject device has demonstrated substantial equivalence to the identified legally marketed predicate device. The technical differences do not raise new issues of safety or effectiveness, based on the comparison with the identified legally marketed reference device.

The results of the performance testing demonstrate that the subject device meets its specifications and fulfills its intended use.