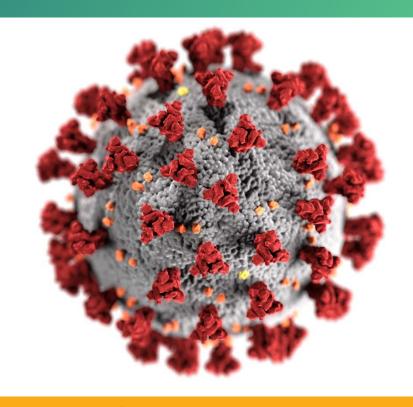
Vaccines and Related Biological Products Advisory Committee June 10, 2021 Meeting Presentation

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Adolescent COVID-19 Vaccination

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Vaccine Task Force

Meeting of the Vaccines and Related Biological Products Advisory Committee
June 10, 2021





cdc.gov/coronavirus

Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine recommendations in adolescents

- On May 12, 2021, the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
 (ACIP) voted to recommend Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine for persons
 aged 12–15 years old under the FDA's Emergency Use Authorization.

 - CDC clinical considerations for use of the vaccine published at: https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/info-by-product/clinical-considerations.html



Objectives

- Promote adolescent vaccination as quickly and equitably as possible through a multi-pronged approach.
- Leverage current COVID-19 vaccination infrastructure and adapt over time:
 - Early summer sprint (May–June)
 - Increase access (June–July)
 - Back-to-school campaign (July–September)



Stepwise approach to increasing vaccine access for adolescents

Adolescent vaccination

Apply <u>school-focused strategies</u> to ensure vaccination opportunities

Strategically add providers that can reach adolescents

Augment **existing infrastructure** for vaccination

May June July August September



Approach for reaching adolescents

Augment existing public health infrastructure and add new channels

	Category	Approach
	Primary care and other providers serving adolescents	 Utilize primary care as trusted providers to notify, schedule, and vaccinate their patients, including managing routine immunizations, particularly as students return to school
	Pharmacies and HRSA sites ¹	 Leverage broad pharmacy footprint to administer COVID-19 vaccine to adolescents rapidly, as with adults
•	School-based vaccination	 Partner with Federally Qualified Health Centers, pharmacies, public health, and adolescent provider networks to hold targeted programs to ensure equity and coverage, particularly as students return to school



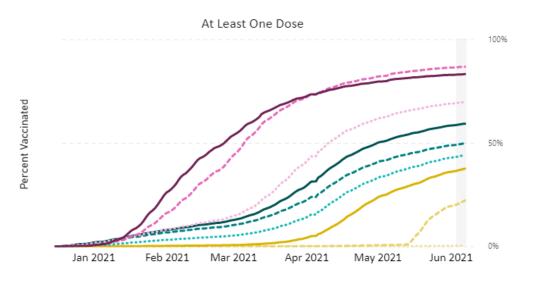
1. Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) sites including: Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), Rural Health Clinics, Community Health Centers

Consent

- The federal government does not have specific requirements for medical consent for vaccination.
- States/jurisdictions have medical consent laws that address the circumstances requiring and the processes for obtaining consent.
 - These laws vary across jurisdictions.
 - Providers may also be subject to policy requirements for consent within their own organizations.
- Sites administering vaccines should follow current state/jurisdictional policies and practices for other routine immunizations in this age group.

COVID-19 vaccination in the United States (June 7, 2021)





- 171,310,738 (51.6%) people have received at least 1 dose of COVID-19 vaccine
- 3,430,741 (22.5%) adolescents age 12–15 years have received at least 1 dose of COVID-19 vaccine



Coadministration

- COVID-19 vaccines and other vaccines may now be administered without regard to timing. This includes simultaneous administration of COVID-19 vaccines and other vaccines on the same day, as well as coadministration within 14 days.
- When deciding whether to coadminister other vaccines with COVID-19 vaccines, providers should consider:
 - If the patient is behind or at risk of becoming behind on recommended vaccines
 - Their risk of vaccine-preventable diseases (e.g., during an outbreak)
 - Reactogenicity profile of the vaccines
- If multiple vaccines are administered at a single visit, administer each injection in a different injection site.

Routine adolescent vaccines

 Updated coadministration recommendations may facilitate catch up vaccination of adolescents.

- As of June 6, 2021, overall Vaccines for Children Program provider orders (other than influenza) are down by **12.1 million doses** compared with 2019.
- This gap is largest in vaccines primarily given to adolescents.
 - Tdap vaccine down 18.0%
 - HPV vaccine down 18.5%
 - Meningococcal conjugate vaccine down 12.2%

Resources for parents and adolescents



CDC recommends vaccination for everyone 12 years and older to help protect against COVID-19.

Why does my child need a COVID-19 vaccine?

COVID-19 vaccines help protect kids from getting COVID-19. Getting a COVID-19 vaccine will also help keep them from getting seriously ill even if they do get COVID-19.

When should my child be vaccinated?

All kids who are 12 years and older should get a COVID-19 vaccine. If your preteen or teen hasn't gotten their vaccine yet, talk to their doctor about getting it as soon as possible.

Are COVID-19 vaccines safe for my child?

Yes, COVID-19 vaccination provides safe and effective protection against the virus that causes COVID-19. The COVID-19 vaccines have been used under the most intensive safety monitoring in U.S. history.

The Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine is now available for everyone ages 12 and older. In the clinical trial for children ages 12 through 15, the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine was 100% effective at preventing COVID-19 with symptoms. In addition, children's immune systems responded to the vaccine in a way similar to those of older teens and young adults. No safety concerns were identified in the clinical trial.

Before, during and after your child's vaccination

- Your child will need 2 shots given 3 weeks (21 days) apart to get the most protection.
- Tell the doctor or nurse about any allergies your child may have.
- Comfort your child during the appointment
- To prevent fainting and injuries related to fainting, your child should be seated or lying down during vaccination and for 15 minutes after the varcine is given.
- After your child's COVID-19 vaccination, you will be asked to stay for 15 minutes so your child can be observed in case they have a severe allergic reaction and need immediate treatment



www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/vaccines

All authorized and recommended

• help protect from severe illness

COVID-19 vaccines:

are effective

COVID-19 Vaccines for Children and Teens

Updated May 12, 2021 Languages ♥ Print

Although fewer children have been infected with COVID-19 compared to adults, children can be infected with the virus that causes COVID-19, can get sick from COVID-19, and can spread COVID-19 to others. CDC recommends COVID-19 vaccination for everyone 12 years of age and older to help protect against COVID-19. Children 12 years of age and older are able to get the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine.

Find a COVID-19 Vaccine for Your Child



- . Check with your child's healthcare provider about whether
- Contact your state or local health department for more in

Find a COVID-19 Vaccine: Search vaccines.gov, text your ZIP

Pediatric Healthcare Professionals COVID-19 Vaccination Toolkit

Updated May 12, 2021 Print



As parents' most trusted source of information on vaccines, pediatric healthcare professionals play a critical role in helping parents/guardians understand the importance of COVID-19 vaccination and assuring them that COVID-19 vaccines are safe and effective.

Your strong recommendation is critical for vaccine acceptance. Tell parents/guardians how important COVID-19 vaccines are to protecting their children's health.

Remind parents that after their family is fully vaccinated against COVID-19, they may start to do some things they had stopped doing because of the pandemic.

Even if you are not administering COVID-19 vaccines, you can help parents/guardians feel confident in choosing to get their children vaccinated against COVID-19 by addressing their questions and assuring them of the safety and effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccines.

The materials on this page will help you share clear and accurate information about COVID-19 vaccines when starting or continuing conversations with parents/guardians, as well as information for those who Only healthcare professionals enrolled as vaccination providers directly through a health practice or organization can legally store, handle, and administer COVID-19 vaccine in the United States, Learn more about becoming a COVID-19 Vaccination Provider: How to Enroll as a COVID-19 Vaccination Provider.

Vaccination of Minors

Is consent required to administer COVID-19 vaccine to an eligible minor

Is a parent or legal guardian required to accompany an eligible minor to

Is a vaccination provider required to give the parent or legal guardian a Caregivers in person? If not, can it be provided on paper or electronical

Is a parent or legal guardian required to complete vaccination prescree

Can the vaccination prescreening questions be completed by a parent

Does CDC have a consent form that should be used for eligible minors



Links for communication resources

Information for Parents and Adolescents

- •New web page: COVID-19 Vaccines for Children and Teens
- •New fact sheet: COVID-19 Vaccines for Preteens and Teens
- •New frequently asked questions: Two new FAQs about the safety and benefits of COVID-19 vaccination for adolescents.
- •New myth-buster about menstrual cycles: Question and answer
- •Myth-buster about infertility: Question and answer
- •Key things to know: Key Things to Know about COVID-19 Vaccines and About COVID-19 Vaccines
- •Vaccine information for specific groups: COVID-19 Vaccine Information for Specific Groups

Information for Healthcare and Vaccine Providers

- •New pediatric toolkit: Pediatric Healthcare Professionals COVID-19 Vaccination Toolkit
- •New FAQs about consent for minors: FAQs
- •New sample patient letter: This sample letter
- •Recipient education page: Vaccine Recipient Education

Information for Community Groups and Health Departments

•Toolkit for community-based organizations: Community-Based Organizations COVID-19 Vaccine Toolkit



For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636) TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

