

#### January 9, 2023

Suzhou Master Machinery Manufacturing Co.,Ltd. % Boyle Wang
Official Correspondent
Shanghai Truthful Information Technology Co., Ltd.
RM. 1801, No. 161 East Lujiazui Rd.,Pudong
Shanghai, Shanghai 200120
China

Re: K222711

Trade/Device Name: HS186B Scooter Regulation Number: 21 CFR 890.3800

Regulation Name: Motorized three-wheeled vehicle

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: INI Dated: October 10, 2022 Received: October 11, 2022

#### Dear Boyle Wang:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <a href="https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm">https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm</a> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal

statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <a href="https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products">https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products</a>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems">https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems</a>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance</a>) and CDRH Learn (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn">https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn</a>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice</a>) for more information or contact DICE by email (<a href="DICE@fda.hhs.gov">DICE@fda.hhs.gov</a>) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

# Tushar Bansal -S

for Heather Dean, PhD
Assistant Director, Acute Injury Devices Team
DHT5B: Division of Neuromodulation
and Physical Medicine Devices
OHT5: Office of Neurological
and Physical Medicine Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

## **Indications for Use**

510(k) Number (if known)

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120 Expiration Date: 06/30/2023

Expiration Date: 06/30/2023 See PRA Statement below.

22711			
vice Name 186B Scooter			
ndications for Use (Describe) (It is a motor driven, indoor and outdoor transportation vehicle with the intended use to provide mobility to a disabled or elderly person limited to a seated position.			
pe of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)			
Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) Subpart C)			
CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.			

#### ...............................

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# 510(k) Summary

This summary of 510(k) safety and effectiveness information is being submitted in accordance with requirements of 21 CFR 807.92.

### 1.0 Submitter's information

Name: Suzhou Master Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

Address: No.48, Binjiang Road, Zhangpu Town, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China 215321

Tel: 86-512-57452882 Fax: 86-512 - 57452992 Contact: Siqi.Shangguan

Date of Preparation: Jul.08,2022

## **Designated Submission Correspondent**

Mr. Boyle Wang

Shanghai Truthful Information Technology Co., Ltd.

Room 1801, No. 161 East Lujiazui Rd., Pudong Shanghai, 200120 China

Tel: +86-21-50313932

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## 2.0 <u>Device information</u>

Trade name: HS186B Scooter

Common name: Scooter

Classification name: Motorized Three-Wheeled Vehicle

Model(s): HS186B

## 3.0 Classification

Production code: INI

Regulation number: 21 CFR 890.3800

Classification: Class II

Panel: Physical Medicine

## 4.0 Predicate device information

Manufacturer: Nanjing Jin Bai He Medical Apparatus Co., Ltd.

Trade/Device: Scooter (Model: FDB01)

510(k) number: K201196

## 5.0 Indication for Use Statement

It is a motor driven, indoor and outdoor transportation vehicle with the intended use to provide mobility to a disabled or elderly person limited to a seated position.

#### 6.0 Device description

The subject device, Model HS186B Mobility Scooter, is an indoor/outdoor electric scooter that is intended to be used by individuals that are able to walk but suffer from mobility limitations. It has a base with frame, two front wheels, two rear wheels, two anti-tip wheels, a seat, a tiller, a control panel, an electric motor, an electromagnetic brake, a rechargeable Lithium-Ion Battery with a charger. The movement of the scooter is controlled by the rider who operates the throttle Control Lever, speed knob and hand grips.

The device is installed with an electromagnetic brake that will engage automatically when the scooter is not in use and the brake cannot be used manually. The Scooter is suitable for use indoors and on flat roads near buildings.

Folding design: To fold the scooter pull out the fold knob, at the same time gently lower the seat back down into its folded position, Now with the seat folded, loosen off the tiller adjuster knob and gently lower the tiller into the folded position. The tiller handles should be able to rest between the chassis. Re-tighten the tiller knob to hold the tiller into position. This will then allow you to pull the scooter on its rear tip wheels, the folding is completed.

Hold the straight handle, push the right throttle control lever forward with the right thumb, and the scooter will move forward. Push the left throttle control lever forward with the left thumb, the scooter will move backwards. The horn will sound a warning sound when the scooter is moving backwards.

When the throttle control lever is fully released, it will automatically stop in the "center" position, and the electromagnetic brake will automatically brake the scooter.

The motor of the Scooter is DC24V 120W; the battery is 24V 10AH, Li-ion battery; the charger is 24V/2A.

Max. loading can not be over than 120Kgs.

Max. distance of travel on the fully charged battery is 15.8km and Max. speed forward is 7km/h.

The braking time is about 1.6s, and the braking distance is ≤1m.

#### 7.0 Summary of Non-Clinical Testing

Non clinical tests were conducted to verify that the proposed device met all design specifications as was Substantially Equivalent (SE) to the predicate device. The test results demonstrated that the proposed device complies with the following standards:

ISO 7176-1:2014 Wheelchairs - Part 1: Determination of static stability

ISO 7176-2:2017 Wheelchairs — Part 2: Determination of dynamic stability of electrically powered wheelchairs

ISO 7176-3:2012 Wheelchairs - Part 3: Determination of effectiveness of brakes

ISO 7176-4:2008 Wheelchairs - Part 4: Energy consumption of electric wheelchairs and scooters for determination of theoretical distance range

ISO 7176-5:2008 Wheelchairs - Part 5: Determination of overall dimensions, mass and manoeuvring space

ISO 7176-6:2018 Wheelchairs - Part 6: Determination of maximum speed, acceleration and deceleration of electric wheelchairs

ISO 7176-7:1998 Wheelchairs - Part 7: Measurement of seating and wheel dimensions

ISO 7176-8:2014 Wheelchairs - Part 8: Requirements and test methods for static, impact and fatigue strengths

ISO 7176-9:2009 Wheelchairs - Part 9: Climatic tests for electric wheelchairs

ISO 7176-10:2008 Wheelchairs - Part 10: Determination of obstacle-climbing ability of electrically powered wheelchairs

ISO 7176-11: 2012 Wheelchairs - Part 11: Test dummies

ISO 7176-13:1989 Wheelchairs - Part 13: Determination of coefficient of friction of test surfaces

ISO 7176-14:2008 Wheelchairs - Part 14: Power and control systems for electrically powered wheelchairs and scooters - Requirements and test methods

ISO 7176-15:1996 Wheelchairs - Part 15: Requirements for information disclosure, documentation and labeling

ISO 7176-16:2012 Wheelchairs -- Part 16: Resistance to ignition of postural support devices

ISO 7176-21:2009 Wheelchairs - Part 21: Requirements and test methods for electromagnetic compatibility of electrically powered wheelchairs and scooters, and battery chargers

ISO 7176-22:2014 Wheelchairs - Part 22: Set-up procedures

ISO 7176-25:2013 Wheelchairs - Part 25: Batteries and chargers for powered wheelchairs

IEC 60601-1-2:2014 Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-2: General requirements for safety - Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements and tests EN 12184 :2014 Electrically powered wheelchairs, scooters and their chargers-Requirements and test methods

#### Biocompatibility of patient-contacting parts

Patient-contacting material are carried out biocompatibility assessment in accordance with ISO 10993-1: 2018, including:

Cytotoxicity per ISO 10993-5:2009 Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices - Part 5: Tests For In Vitro Cytotoxicity

Irritation and Skin Sensitization per ISO 10993-10:2010 Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices - Part 10: Tests For Irritation And Skin Sensitization.

# 8.0 Summary of Clinical Testing

No clinical study implemented for the scooter.

# 9.0 Technological Characteristic Comparison Table

# **Table1-General Comparison**

Item	Subject device	Predicate device	Remark
Product Code	INI	INI	Same
Regulation No.	21 CFR 890.3800	21 CFR 890.3800	Same
Class	II	II	Same
Product name	Scooter (Model: HS186B)	Scooter (Model: FDB01)	-
510(k) No.	K222711	K201196	-
Intended Use/Indication for Use	It is a motor driven, indoor and outdoor transportation vehicle with the intended use to provide mobility to a disabled or elderly person limited to a seated position.	It is a motor driven, indoor and outdoor transportation vehicle with the intended use to provide mobility to a disabled or elderly person limited to a seated position.	Same
Use environment	Indoor and outdoor use	Indoor and outdoor use	Same
Patient Population	This product is suitable for disabled people with mobility difficulties and elderly people.	This product is suitable for disabled people with mobility difficulties and elderly people.	Same
Product structure	It has a base with frame, two front wheels, two rear wheels, two anti-tip wheels, a seat, a tiller, a control panel, an electric motor, an electromagnetic brake, a rechargeable Lithium-Ion Battery with a charger.	It has a base with metal alloy frame, two front wheels, two rear wheels, two anti-tip wheels, a seat, an adjustable steering column, a tiller console, an electric motor, an electromagnetic brake, 2 rechargeable Lithium-Ion Battery with an off-board charger.	Similar
Driving system	Direct drive on the rear wheels	Direct drive on the rear wheels	Same
Number of wheels	4	4	Same
Main frame material	Aluminium alloy	Aluminium alloy	Same
Motor	Brushless motor, DC24V* 120W*1 pcs	brush differential rear axle. 24V *180W	
Battery	DC 24V 10Ah Lithium-ion, 1 pcs	24V 6AH Lithium-ion, 2 pcs	Minor differences in the dimensions will not impact the safety and
Battery charger	Off-board charger Input: 100-240 VAC Output: DC 24V, 2A	Off-board charger Input: 100-240 VAC Output: DC 24V, 6 Amp	impact the safety and effectiveness of the substantial equivalence.

# **Table2 Performance Comparison**

		Predicate Device	
Item	Subject Device	K201196	Remark
Dimensions (mm)	1016x560x914	1050 X 550 X 870	Minor differences in the dimensions will not impact the safety and effectiveness of the substantial equivalence.
Folded dimensions (mm)	950x560x460	480 x550 x790	Minor differences in the folded dimensions will not impact the safety and effectiveness of the substantial equivalence.
Weight, w/ Battery	42.1lbs. /19.1kg	63.1lbs. /29 kg	The difference will not raise any new safety and effectiveness concerns.
Frame design	Foldable/ The scooter is driven by electricity scooter, is a transportation tool and auxiliary tools for the purpose of walking, without removing the battery can be folded, easy to carry and storage.	Foldable/ Electric scooter is driven by electricity scooter, is a transportation tool and auxiliary tools for the purpose of walking, without removing the battery can be folded, easy to carry and storage.	Same
Seating Design	To fold the scooter pull out the fold knob, at the same time gently lower the seat back down into its folded position, Now with the seat folded, loosen off the tiller adjuster knob and gently lower the tiller into the folded position. The tiller handles should be able to rest between the chassis. Re-tighten the tiller knob to hold the tiller into position. This will then allow you to pull the scooter on its rear tip wheels, the folding is completed.	One-click folding intelligent electric scooter, with a sensitive remote control, gently press, the car automatically completed folding contraction, folding volume small, electromagnetic automatic brake, the overall simple design, convenient and practical, Travel does not have to consume physical force to do folding, poor physical strength and the elderly the best walking tool.	The difference will not raise any new safety and effectiveness concerns.
Seating Attachment -	Without any seat accessories (integrated, power	Without any seat accessories (integrated,	Same

integrated, power base, specialty power	base, dedicated power supply)	power base, dedicated power supply)	
Folding mechanism	A foldable seat frames (The backrest could be folded to seat)	Seat can be folded; battery can be dismantled; The frame can be folded back and forth	Same
Front wheel(inch)	6 (Solid tire)	7 (Solid tire)	Smaller size of the front wheel.  The difference will not raise any new safety and effectiveness concerns.
Rear tire (inch)	10 (Solid tire)	8 (Solid tire)	Larger size of rear wheels bring steadier pivoting function than predicate device.
Anti-tip Wheels (inch)	2.5	2.5	Same
Cruising Range(km)	15.8	Not Publicly Available	The difference will not raise any new safety and effectiveness concerns.
Obstacle climbing(mm)	50	60	The smaller height in the obstacle climbing will not impact the safety and effectiveness of the subject device.
Ground clearance	75mm	50mm	The device has been tested according to ISO7176 series standards and the test records support its safety and effectiveness.
Static stability forward	25°	30°	Both of the devices are evaluated according to
Static stability rearward	14.2°	20.1°	standard ISO 7176-1:2014, so the different static stability
Static stability sideways	12.6°	15.3°	will not impact the safety and effectiveness
Max. loading (kg)	265lbs(120kg)	265lbs (120kg)	Same
Maximum safe operational incline	Maximum safe operational incline for posteriorly is >25 Maximum safe operational incline	Maximum safe operational incline for posteriorly is 20.1° Maximum safe operational	Larger safe operational incline of subject brings more convenient for the use

	for anteriorly is 14.2°	incline for anteriorly is 30°	environment
	Maximum safe operational incline	Maximum safe operational	
	for sideways is 14.2°	incline for sideways is 15.3°	
Min. Turning radium	1225mm	1200mm	The little difference in the turning radius will bring more convenience when it turns.  The difference will not raise any new safety and effectiveness concerns.
Minimum braking distance	1.0m for the speed of 7km/h 1.6s	1.1 m for the speed of 6km/h 1s	Similar
Max Speed Forwards	1.88m/s (7 km/h)	1.67m/s (6 km/h)	The devices are evaluated according to standard ISO 7176-6:2018, so the different will not impact the safety and effectiveness
Max. Speed Backward	0.58 m/s (2 km/h)	0.83m/s (3 km/h)	The devices are evaluated according to standard ISO 7176-6:2018, so the different will not impact the safety and effectiveness
Controller	Yangzhou Feya Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. FY0-7 FULL	British PG Controller PG45A	Although different controller is used, both the control system, including the electromagnetic brakes and the user interface are similar. Both devices have the same user interface, the patient uses the foldable tiller handle/handlebar for steering and a thumb operated potentiometer throttle control lever located at the top of the tiller to engage and disengage the scooter motion in both the forward and reverse directions. When the throttle control lever is released, the electromagnetic brake will be actuated and the scooter is slow to stop. The speed mode of the both devices was single mode and

			the speed control dial can
			control the maximum speed.
			Both of the control systems
			are evaluated according to
			standard ISO 7176-14:2008
			and software validation
			requirement and there are no
			new safety and effectiveness
			concerns due to the
			difference.
Wheel Lock	k Electronic in the backs		Como
(type)	Electromagnetic brake	Electromagnetic brake	Same

### **Table3 Safety Comparison**

Item	Proposed Device	Predicate Device	Remark
Materials	Armrest: TRP	Armrest: PU Foamed;	Biocompatibility
contacting	Backrest: Terylene	Backrest/seat: Leather package	evaluation has
user	Seat: Leather	Footplates: ABS plastics	been carried out
			per ISO 10993-1.
			There are no new
			safety and
			effectiveness
			concerns due to the
			difference.
Biocompatibilit	Comply with ISO 10993-1, FDA	Comply with ISO 10993-1, FDA	Same
y of materials	Guidance, Tests included	Guidance, Tests included	
contacting	Cytotoxicity (ISO 10993-5:2009),	Cytotoxicity (ISO 10993-5:2009),	
user	Sensitization and Intracutaneous	Sensitization and Intracutaneous	
	Reactivity (ISO 10993-10:2010)	Reactivity (ISO 10993-10:2010)	

#### Summary of substantial equivalence discussion:

Despite of the above differences, the two devices all completed the performance tests in accordance with ISO 7176 series standards. There are no safety and effectiveness aspects concerned. In conclusion, the technological characteristics, features, specifications, materials, mode of operation, and intended use of the device substantially equivalent to the predicate devices quoted above. The differences between the subject device and predicate devices do not raise new issues of safety or effectiveness. The differences between the subject device and predicate devices do not raise new issues of safety or effectiveness.

# 10.0 Conclusion

The conclusions drawn from the comparison and analysis above demonstrate that the

subject device is as safe, as effective, and performs as well as the legally marketed predicated device in K201196 and raises no new questions of safety or effectiveness. The differences between both devices are insignificant in terms of safety and effectiveness.