



#PEAC2022



Augmented Reality (AR) and Virtual Reality (VR) Medical Devices

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Digital Health Center of Excellence

Empowering digital health stakeholders to advance health care

FDA



AUGMENTED REALITY (AR) AND VIRTUAL REALITY (VR) MEDICAL DEVICES

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www.fda.gov/digitalhealth

Overview



- The Technology
 - Definitions
 - Applications and Benefits
 - Concerns and Risks
- The Regulatory Paradigm
 - Premarket
 - Postmarket
 - Special Considerations in AR/VR
- Summary

What is AR and VR?

Virtual Reality:

Virtual world experience that may require a headset to completely replace a user's surrounding view with a simulated, immersive, and interactive virtual environment



Augmented Reality:

Real-world augmented experience with overlaying or mixing simulated digital imagery with the real world as seen through a camera or display, such as a smartphone or head-mounted or heads-up display (HUD). Digital imagery may be able to interact with real surroundings (often controlled by users)



Applications and Benefits



AR/VR technologies are already in use by health care providers, patients & caregivers

- Mental health
- Neurological disorders
- Diagnosing and treating pediatric conditions
- Pre-operative planning
- Surgical support
- Non-pharmacological adjuncts to managing pain



Concerns and Risks



- Cybersickness
- Collisions and falls
- Other discomfort and injury
 - Fatigue, eye strain, headaches, mismatch between self and digital world
- Privacy violations
- Habitual usage
- Seizures
- Inequities

Populations with Special Concerns



The patient voice is key to understanding the benefits and risk factors related to using AR/VR technology.

Pediatric Patients

Cognitively Impaired Patients

Mental Health Patients

Patients Undergoing Surgery

Socioeconomically Vulnerable Patients

Premarket Submissions to FDA



Regulatory Pathway

- **510(k)**

Certain existing devices may be able to add AR/VR as a capability by demonstrating “substantial equivalence”

- **De Novo Request**

Provide robust data so FDA can determine that general and special controls (i.e., certain legal requirements) provide “reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness”

Requirements

- Bench performance testing with the device
 - Electrical safety testing, software review, etc.
- Clinical performance testing with the device
- High-quality real-world evidence with the device
- Human factors/usability testing

Labeling



- Information provided to help users (patients or caregivers or healthcare professionals) understand how to use a device safely and correctly
- Labeling can include training information on how to use the device
- Labeling can inform users of benefits and risks
- Labeling can help mitigate the risks of device use

Postmarket Surveillance

- Medical Device Reporting (MDR)
 - Mandatory reports
 - MedWatch
 - Voluntary reports
 - Medical Product Safety Network
 - Hospital-based reports (MedSun)
- Postmarket surveillance studies
 - Post-approval studies
 - 522 studies
- National Evaluation System for Health Technologies (NEST)



Special Considerations for AR/VR Devices

FDA may assess the impact of special factors particularly relevant to AR/VR safety and effectiveness.

- Off the shelf devices
- Age/decision making capacity
- Informed consent
- Uncertainty
- Access
- Labeling



Courtesy of VA.gov

Summary



Thank You!



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