

July 29, 2022

GE Healthcare Japan Corporation % Wang Xing Regulatory Affairs Manager GE Hangwei Medical Systems Co., Ltd. West Area of Building No.3, No.1 Yongchang North Road Beijing Economic & Technological Development Area, Beijing 100176 CHINA

Re: K220961

Trade/Device Name: Deep Learning Image Reconstruction

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 892.1750

Regulation Name: Computed tomography x-ray system

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: JAK Dated: July 13, 2022 Received: July 14, 2022

## Dear Wang Xing:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <a href="https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm">https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm</a> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's

requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <a href="https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products">https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products</a>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems">https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems</a>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance</a>) and CDRH Learn (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn">https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn</a>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice</a>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Laurel Burk, Ph.D.
Assistant Director
DHT8B: Division of Imaging Devices
and Electronic Products
OHT8: Office of Radiological Health
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

**Enclosure** 

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

## **Indications for Use**

510(k) Number (if known)

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120

Expiration Date: 06/30/2023 See PRA Statement below.

K220961			
Device Name			
Deep Learning Image Reconstruction			
Indications for Use (Describe)			
The Deep Learning Image Reconstruction software is a deep learning based reconstruction method intended to produce			
cross-sectional images of the head and whole body by computer reconstruction of X-ray transmission data taken at			
different angles and planes, including Axial, Helical (Volumetric), and Cardiac acquisitions, for all ages.			
Deep Learning Image Reconstruction software can be used for head, whole body, cardiac, and vascular CT applications.			
Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)			
CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.			

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

## \*DO NOT SEND YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE PRA STAFF EMAIL ADDRESS BELOW.\*

The burden time for this collection of information is estimated to average 79 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain the data needed and complete and review the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this information collection, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to:

Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Office of Chief Information Officer Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Staff PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov

"An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB number."

# 510(k) Premarket Notification Submission - DLIR



## **510(k) SUMMARY**

K220961

This 510(k) summary of Safety and Effectiveness information is submitted in accordance with the requirement of 21 CFR Part 807.87(h):

**Date:** March 31, 2022

**Submitter:** GE Healthcare Japan Corporation

7-127, Asahigaoka, 4-chome

Hino-shi, Tokyo, 191-8503, Japan

**Primary Contact:** Wang Xing

Regulatory Affairs Manager Phone +86 (10) 57388271

Email: Xing1.wang@ge.com

Secondary Contacts: Helen Peng

Senior Regulatory Affairs Director

GE Healthcare

Tel: +1 (262) 4248222

Email: <a href="mailto:hong.peng@med.ge.com">hong.peng@med.ge.com</a>

John Jaeckle

Chief Regulatory Affairs Strategist

**GE** Healthcare

Tel: +1 (262) 4249547

Email: john.jaeckle@med.ge.com

**Device Trade Name:** Deep Learning Image Reconstruction

**Device Classification** Class II

**Regulation Number/ Product Code:** 21 CFR 892.1750 Computed tomography x-ray system /JAK

**Predicate Device Information** 

**Device Name:** Deep Learning Image Reconstruction

Manufacturer: GE Medical Systems, LLC

**510(k) Number:** K183202 cleared on April 12, 2019

**Regulation Number/ Product Code:** 21 CFR 892.1750 Computed tomography x-ray system /JAK

# 510(k) Premarket Notification Submission - DLIR



#### **Reference Devices Information**

**Device Name:** ASiR-V

Manufacturer: GE Medical Systems, LLC

**510(k) Number:** K133640 cleared on March 25, 2014

**Regulation Number/ Product Code:** 21 CFR 892.1750 Computed tomography x-ray system /JAK

**Device Name:** Discovery CT750 HD

Manufacturer: GE Medical Systems, LLC

**510(k) Number:** K120833 cleared on June 13, 2012

**Regulation Number/ Product Code:** 21 CFR 892.1750 Computed tomography x-ray system /JAK

#### **Device Description**

Deep Learning Image Reconstruction is an image reconstruction method that uses a dedicated Deep Neural Network (DNN) that has been designed and trained specifically to generate CT Images to give an image appearance, as shown on axial NPS plots, similar to traditional FBP images while maintaining the performance of ASiR-V in the following areas: dose, image noise (pixel standard deviation), low contrast detectability, high-contrast spatial resolution, and streak artifact suppression.

The images produced are branded as "TrueFidelity<sup>TM</sup> CT Images". Reconstruction times with Deep Learning Image Reconstruction software support a normal throughput for routine CT.

The deep learning technology is integrated into the scanner's existing raw data-based image reconstruction chain to produce DICOM compatible "TrueFidelity™ CT Images".

The system allows user selection of three strengths of Deep Learning Image Recon: Low, Medium or High. The strength selection will vary with individual users' preferences and experience for the specific clinical need.

DLIR has been cleared on GE's multiple CT systems of varying image chains, including Revolution CT systems (K133705, K163213, K191777), Revolution EVO (K131576) /Revolution Maxima (K192686) and Revolution Ascend (K201369). Now the DLIR algorithm is being ported to Discovery CT750 HD family CT systems (K120833) which include Discovery CT750 HD, Revolution Frontier and Revolution Discovery CT, thus triggering this premarket notification.

Compared to the predicate device, the intended use and indications for use of Deep Learning Image Reconstruction are identical.

#### **Intended Use**

The Deep Learning Image Reconstruction software is intended for head, whole body, cardiac, and vascular CT scans.

# 510(k) Premarket Notification Submission - DLIR



#### **Indications for Use**

The Deep Learning Image Reconstruction software is a deep learning based reconstruction method intended to produce cross-sectional images of the head and whole body by computer reconstruction of X-ray transmission data taken at different angles and planes, including Axial, Helical (Volumetric), and Cardiac acquisitions, for all ages.

Deep Learning Image Reconstruction software can be used for head, whole body, cardiac, and vascular CT applications.

#### **Comparisons**

The GE Deep Learning Image Reconstruction (DLIR) software for Discovery CT750 HD family CT systems, is substantially equivalent to the unmodified predicate device DLIR reconstruction option (K183202) for Revolution CT family. The fundamental technology, i.e., the DLIR algorithm, remains unchanged from the predicate. The table below summarizes the substantive feature/technological differences between the predicate device and the proposed device:

Specification/ Attribute	Deep Learning Image Reconstruction (Predicate Device, K183202)	Deep Learning Image Reconstruction (Proposed Device)
Technology	Utilizes a dedicated Deep Neural Network (DNN) designed specifically to generate high quality CT images	Same
Clinical Workflow	Select recon type and strength (Low, Medium, High)	Same
Clinical Use	Routine Clinical Use	Same
Reference protocols/dose	Using the same Reference protocols provided on the <b>Revolution CT</b> family systems for ASiR-V	Using the same Reference protocols provided on the <b>Discovery CT750 HD family CT systems</b> for ASiR-V
IQ performance vs dose	Image noise, low contrast detectability, spatial resolution, and low signal artifact suppression as good or better than ASiR-V on Revolution CT family systems	Image noise, low contrast detectability, spatial resolution, and low signal artifact suppression as good or better than ASiR-V on Discovery CT750 HD family CT systems
Deployment Environment	On CT Console	On GE's Edison Platform.

## 510(k) Premarket Notification Submission – DLIR



Deep Learning Image Reconstruction on the Discovery CT750 HD family CT systems does not introduce any new risks/hazards, warnings, or limitations.

The changes described above do not change the fundamental control mechanism, operating principle, and do not change the intended use from the predicate device.

#### **Determination of Substantial Equivalence**

#### **Summary of Performance Testing**

Deep Learning Image Reconstruction has successfully completed the design control testing per our quality system. No additional hazards were identified, and no unexpected test results were observed. Deep Learning Image Reconstruction was designed under the Quality System Regulations of 21CFR 820 and ISO 13485. GE believes that the extensive software testing, IQ bench testing are sufficient for FDA's substantial equivalence determination.

The following quality assurance measures have been applied to the development of the software:

- Requirement Definition
- Risk Analysis and Control
- Technical Design Reviews
- Formal Design Reviews
- Software Development Lifecycle
  - Code Review
  - Software Unit Implementation
  - Software Integrations and Integration Testing
- System Testing
  - Safety Testing (Verification)
  - Image Performance Testing (Verification)
  - Simulating Use Testing (Validation)
- Software Release

The testing and results did not raise different questions of safety and effectiveness than associated with predicate device. We consider the proposed device is substantially equivalent to the predicate device, DLIR for Revolution CT products.

The substantial equivalence is also based on the software documentation for a "Moderate" level of concern device.

Additionally, the same set of tests and test methods employed on the predicate DLIR for Revolution CT were reproduced to support substantial equivalence and the product performance claims of the subject device.

#### **Substantial Equivalence**

Deep Learning Image Reconstruction (DLIR) software for Discovery CT750 HD family CT systems was developed under GE Healthcare's quality system. The changes associated with Deep Learning Image Reconstruction (DLIR) do not change the Intended Use from the predicate, and represent equivalent technology characteristics, with no impact on control mechanism, operating principle, and energy type.





Design verification and validation, including IQ bench testing, demonstrate that the Deep Learning Image Reconstruction (DLIR) software met all of its design requirement and performance criteria. Design control and risk management processes did not identify any new hazards, unexpected results, or adverse effects stemming from the changes to the predicate.

GE Healthcare believes that Deep Learning Image Reconstruction Software is substantially equivalent to the legally marketed predicate device and hence is safe and effective for its intended use.