

July 3, 2023

Fuzhou Rick Brown Biomaterials Co., Ltd.
% Sherry Kang
Registrar
Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.
1/F, Bldg 5, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park
Tianliao, Guangming
Shenzhen, Guangdong 518107
China

Re: K230487

Trade/Device Name: Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 872.6660

Regulation Name: Porcelain Powder For Clinical Use

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: EIH Dated: April 4, 2023 Received: April 4, 2023

Dear Sherry Kang:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance) and CDRH Learn (https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Bobak Shirmohammadi -S

For Michael E. Adjodha, M. ChE., CQIA Assistant Director DHT1B: Division of Dental and ENT Devices OHT1: Office of Ophthalmic, Anesthesia, Respiratory, ENT and Dental Devices Office of Product Evaluation and Quality Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Food and Drug Administration

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0120 Expiration Date: 06/30/2023

See PRA Statement below.

K230487
Device Name Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic
Indications for Use (Describe) Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic is available using CAD/CAM and hot pressing techniques for the preparation of full ceramic crowns, inlays, onlays, veneer and full ceramic 3-unit anterior bridges.
Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable) Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C) CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IS NEEDED

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

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Section 5 510(k) Summary

[As required by 21 CFR 807.92]

1. Submission Information

510(k) Number: **K230487**

Date: February 14th, 2023 Type of 510(k) Submission: Traditional 510(k)

Basis for 510(k) Submission: New device

Submitter/Manufacturer: Fuzhou Rick Brown Biomaterials CO., LTD.

The first and second floors of R&D Building, Jiecheng Industrial Park, No.36 Houshan Zhaishan, Nanyu Town, High-Tech District, Fuzhou,

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Tel: 86-400-963-0755

2. Device Description

Proprietary Name: Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic

Classification Name: Powder, Porcelain

Product Code: EIH
Device Class: 2

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 872.6660

Review Panel: Dental

Indications for use: Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic is available using CAD/CAM

and hot pressing techniques for the preparation of full ceramic crowns,

inlays, onlays, veneer and full ceramic 3-unit anterior bridges.

Device Description: Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic is a lithium disilicate ceramic to

be supplied in the form of cuboid and cylinder. Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic can be fabricated using CAD/CAM and hot pressing technologies. The device is a glass type material used for aesthetic purposes of full ceramic crowns, inlays, onlays, veneer and full ceramic

3-unit anterior bridges.

The ceramics material is composed of SiO₂, Li₂O, K₂O, Al₂O₃, P₂O₅, ZrO₂ and other oxides. It contains inorganic pigments. The inorganic pigments generate the color on the restorations, after sintering at dental labs, that matches natural color of patient's teeth. The performance of the device conforms to *ISO* 6872:2015 Dentistry: Ceramic Materials. It is a

single-use device, and provided non-sterile.

3. Predicate Device Identification

Primary Predicate Device:

510(k) Number: K051705

Product Name: IPS E.MAX CAD

Submitter/Manufacturer: IVOCLAR VIVADENT, INC.

Reference Device:

510(k) Number: K222513
Product Name: Glass Ceramics

Submitter/Manufacturer: Yilink (Tianjin) Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

4. Substantially Equivalent Comparison

Table 1-

Parameters	New Device	Primary Predicate Device	Reference Device	Remark
510(k) Number	K230487	K051705	K222513	
510(k) Owner	Fuzhou Rick Brown	IVOCLAR	Yilink (Tianjin)	
	Biomaterials CO., LTD.	VIVADENT, INC.	Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	
Device Name	Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic	IPS E.MAX CAD	Glass Ceramics	
Product Code	EIH	EIH	EIH	Same
Regulation No.	21 CFR 872.6660	21 CFR 872.6660	21 CFR 872.6660	Same
Class	2	2	2	Same
Intended use	Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic is available using CAD/CAM and hot pressing techniques for the preparation of full ceramic crowns, inlays, onlays, veneer and full ceramic 3-unit anterior bridges.	e IPS e.max CAD is a CAD/CAM machinable glass ceramic based on lithium disilicate for the preparation of full ceramic crowns, inlays, onlays, and full ceramic 3-unit anterior bridges.	Glass Ceramics are indicated for fabricating all-ceramic restorations such as veneers, inlay/onlay, partial crowns, anterior crowns, posterior crowns, using the hot press technique or CAD/CAM system.	Similar
Material	SiO ₂ , Li ₂ O, K ₂ O, Al ₂ O ₃ , P ₂ O ₅ , ZrO ₂ and other oxides	SiO ₂ , Li ₂ O, K ₂ O, P ₂ O ₅ , ZrO ₂ , ZnO and other oxides	SiO ₂ , Li ₂ O, K ₂ O, Al ₂ O ₃ and other oxides	Similar
Environment of use	Prescription Use	Prescription Use	Prescription Use	Same
Design	Cuboid, Cylinder	Block	Block	Similar
Color	Translucency: High Translucency (HT)	Translucency: High Translucency (HT)	Various	Similar

	Medium translucency	Low Translucency (LT)		
	(MT)	Medium Opacity (MO)		
	Low Translucency (LT)	Shades:		
	Medium Opacity (MO)	HT/LT: 16 A-D and 4		
	High Opacity (HO)	Bleach		
	Shades:	MO: 5 MO 0 – MO 4		
	HT/MT/LT: 16 A-D			
	and 4 Bleach			
	MO: 5 MO 0 – MO 4			
	HO: 3 HO 0 – HO 2			
Crystallization	Cuboid: Partially	Partially crystallized,	Not publicly available	Similar
State as Supplied	crystallized, final	final crystallization		
	crystallization done by	done by dental		
	dental	laboratory		
	laboratory			
	Cylinder: Fully			
	crystallized			
Sterile	Non-sterile	Non-sterile	Non-sterile	Same
Single Use	Yes	Yes	Yes	Same
Types, Class	Type II, Class 3	Type II, Class 3	Type II, Class 2	Same
(ISO 6872:2015)			Type II, Class 2	
Freedom from	Free from extraneous	Free from extraneous		Same
Extraneous	materials	materials	Not Reported	
materials				
Flexural	≥300MPa	≥300MPa	≥100MPa	Same
Strength			≥1001VII a	
Linear thermal	$(9.8\pm0.5) \times 10^{-6}$ /K	$(10.5\pm0.5) \times 10^{-6}$ /K		Similar
Expansion			$(11\pm0.5) \times 10^{-6}$ /K	
coefficient				
Glass Transition	495±20°C	Not Reported	520±20°C	Similar
Temperature			320 ± 20 C	
Chemical	$< 100 \mu g/cm^2$	$< 100 \mu g/cm^2$	Nat Danie de 1	Same
Solubility			Not Reported	
Shrinkage factor	Length: 1.0011	Not Reported		Similar
	Width: 1.0018		$< 100 \mu g/cm^2$	
	Height: 1.0036			
Radioactivity	Meets ISO 6872	Meets ISO 6872	Meets ISO 6872	Same
_	requirements	requirements	requirements	
	$\leq 1.0 \text{ Bq/g of }^{238}\text{U}$	$\leq 1.0 \text{ Bq/g of }^{238}\text{U}$	$\leq 1.0 \text{ Bq/g of }^{238}\text{U}$	
Biocompatibility	Conform to ISO 7405:	Conform to ISO	Cf t- IGO 10003	Similar
	2018	10993-1	Conform to ISO 10993	

The proposed device has the similar indication for use as the predicate devices as well as comparable technical and biocompatibility properties and characteristics, and the minor differences don't raise any additional questions for safety and effectiveness. Therefore, the proposed device is substantially equivalent to the predicate devices.

5. Non-clinical Testing Summary

Bench tests were conducted to verify that the proposed device met all requirements. The test results demonstrated that the proposed device complies with the following standards:

- ISO 6872 Fourth edition 2015-06-01, Dentistry Ceramic materials,
- ISO 7405 Third edition 2018-10 Corrected version 2018-12, Dentistry Evaluation of biocompatibility of medical devices used in dentistry,
- ISO 10993-3 Third edition 2014-10-1, Biological evaluation of medical devices Part 3: Tests for genotoxicity, carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity,
- ISO 10993-5 Third edition 2009-06-01, Biological Evaluation Of Medical Devices Part 5: Tests For In Vitro Cytotoxicity,
- ISO 10993-6 Third edition 2016-12-01, Biological evaluation of the medical devices Part 6: Tests for Local Effects after Implantation,
- ISO 10993-10 Fourth edition 2021-11, Biological evaluation of medical devices Part 10: Tests for skin sensitization,
- ISO 10993-11 Third edition 2017-09, Biological evaluation of medical devices Part 11: Tests for systemic toxicity,
- ISO 10993-23 First edition 2021-01, Biological evaluation of medical devices Part 23: Tests for irritation.

6. Conclusion

The conclusion drawn from the nonclinical tests demonstrates that the subject device in 510(k) submission, the Dental Lithium Disilicate Glass-Ceramic, are as safe, as effective, and performs as well as the legally marketed predicate devices.