

# **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Focused On Results.

Job Name: Task 3 - Analysis of Official Samples Job Number: CLIN 1 - Task 3 (8 Samples) Job Location: 1st Group - 8 Samples PO Number: HHSF223201810337P

> Client: US Food & Drug Adminitration Address: Office of Cosmetics & Colors College Park, MD 20740 4300 River Road

Chain of Custody: 300396

Attention: John Gasper

Date Analyzed: 3/29/2019 - 4/18/2019 Date Sampled: Not Provided Date Submitted: 3/14/2019 Report Date: 4/25/2019

Revised: 4/30/2019 (1st Revision) Person Submitting: Steve Wolfgang

# SUMMARY OF ASBESTOS IN TALC ANALYSIS

	Comments																									
;	% Other		88.8%	92.4%	89.8%	%0.89	68.5%	%9.79	%9.02	72.1%	72.0%	74.7%	72.5%	73.0%	72.5%	72.8%	73.4%	74.1%	75.8%	75.8%	%8.96	97.5%	97.4%	33.7%	36.4%	29.3%
% % Acid Organics Soluable		2.0%	1.4%	4.0%	3.3%	2.1%	3.3%	4.7%	4.5%	3.9%	12.4%	13.8%	15.5%	3.5%	3.0%	2.5%	6.7%	5.3%	%0.9	3.1%	2.4%	2.5%	11.0%	8.3%	15.4%	
		6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	28.7%	29.4%	29.1%	24.7%	23.4%	24.0%	12.8%	13.7%	12.5%	24.0%	24.1%	24.1%	19.2%	18.9%	18.3%	%0.0	0.1%	%0.0	55.3%	55.3%	55.3%	
%	Asbestos	by PLM	ND	N	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	N	ND	ND	N	ND	ND	ND	N	QN	ND	N	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN
% Total Asbestos a by TEM	Using ASTM D5756 Mass	Calculation	ND	< 0.00080%	0.00030%	0.00574%	< 0.00013%	0.00371%	ND																	
% Chrysotile by TEM	Using ASTM D5756 Mass	Calculation	ND	< 0.00080%	0.00030%	0.00503%	< 0.00013%	0.00005%	ND																	
% Tremolite by TEM	5 Mass	Calculation	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND	0.00071%	< 0.00013%	0.00367%	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TEM LOQ	Using ASTM D5756 Mass	Calculation	0.00000872%	0.00000648%	0.00000574%	0.00000769%	0.00000819%	0.00000773%	0.00001016%	0.00080274%	0.00001479%	0.00000536%	0.00012905%	0.00000671%	0.00000751%	0.00000454%	0.00000599%	0.00000599%	0.00000714%	0.00000629%	0.00000536%	0.00000694%	0.00000539%	0.00000524%	0.00000721%	0.00000540%
TEM LOD	Using ASTM D5756 Mass	Calculation	0.00000218%	0.00000162%	0.00000144%	0.00000192%	0.00000205%	0.00000193%	0.00000254%	0.00000285%	0.00000370%	0.00000134%	0.00000188%	0.00000168%	0.00000188%	0.00000114%	0.00000150%	0.00000150%	0.00000178%	0.00000157%	0.00000134%	0.00000173%	0.00000135%	0.00000131%	0.00000180%	0.00000135%
Client Sample ID		-	D-32	D-32	D-32	D-33	D-33	D-33	D-34	D-34	D-34	D-35	D-35	D-35	D-36	D-36	D-36	D-37	D-37	D-37	D-38	D-38	D-38	D-39	D-39	D-39
	AMA Sample ID		300396-1	300396-1A	300396-1B	300396-2	300396-2A	300396-2B	300396-3	300396-3A	300396-3B	300396-4	300396-4A	300396-4B	300396-5	300396-5A	300396-5B	9-968008	300396-6A	300396-6B	300396-7	300396-7A	300396-7B	300396-8	300396-8A	300396-8B

PLM by Modified NY ELAP 198.6 Analytical Method(s):

LOD = Limit of Detection

TEM by Modified NY ELAP 198.4/ASTM D5756

Analyst(s): PLM

Technical Director: Andreas Saldivar

TEM = Transmission Electron Microscopy

PLM = Polarized Light Microscopy

ND = Not Detected

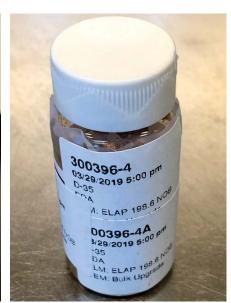
LOQ = Limit of Quantification

All results are to be considered preliminary and subject to change unless signed by the Technical Director or Deputy This report applies only to the sample, investigated and is not necessarily indicative of the quality or condition of apparently identical or similar products. As a mutual protection to clients, the public, and these Laboratories, this report is submitted and accepted for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed and upon the condition provided by the persons submitting them addressed and upon the condition that it is not to be used, in whole or in part, in any advertising or publicity matter nor shall it be reproduced, except in full, without prior written authorization from us. Sample types, locations, and collection provided by the persons submitted and accuracy and completeness of this information. Residual sample material will be discarded in accordance with the appropriate regulatory guidellines, unless otherwise requested by the client. NVLAP accreditation approval, or endorsement by the federal Government. All rights reserved. AMA Analytical Selveries, Inc.

# 300396-4, 4A, 4B/D-35





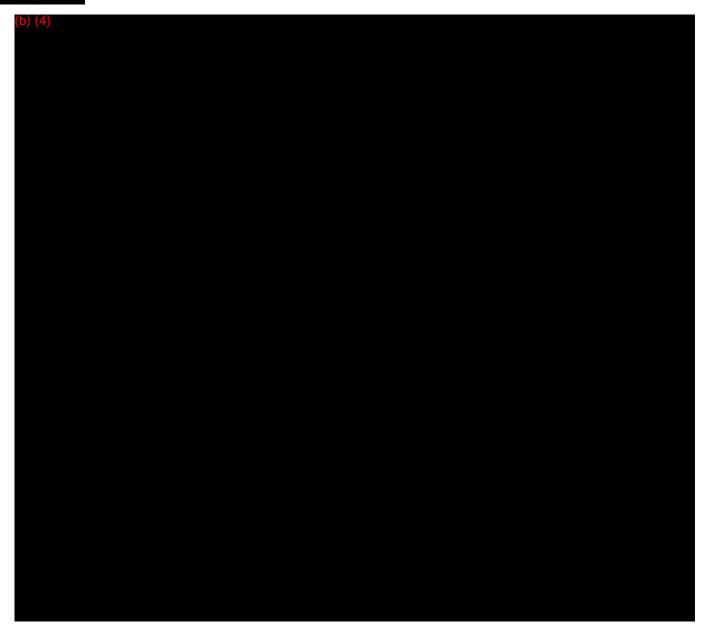








### (b) (4)



### **Sample Preparation**

Samples were prepared for PLM and TEM bulk analysis by 6 on March 15, 2019 through March 29, 2019. Sample preparation consisted of the following steps:

- 1) Label and weigh two 8mL glass vials for each sample in the set one vial for the PLM preparation and one vial for the TEM preparation.
- 2) Weigh out 0.1 to 0.8 grams of material and place in corresponding 8mL glass vial. Record weight.
- 3) Burn samples at 480° C for at least 12 hours.
- 4) Record Post-Ash Weight.
- 5) Treat ashed sample with concentrated hydrochloric acid.
- 6) Filter acid reduced material onto a pre-weighed 47mm 0.4um PolyCarbonate filter.
- 7) Place filter into drying oven for 30 minutes and then record Post-Acid Reduced weight.
- 8) Make four PLM slide preparations from the PLM residual ash for each sample in 1.550 dispersion oil. Make additional preparations in 1.605, 1.625, 1.680 and 1.700 dispersion oil as necessary for particle identification.



- 9) Weigh a portion of the residue from the TEM residual ash and place it into the corresponding pre-weighed 100ml jar.
- 10) Fill the 100ml jar with deionized water
- 11) Sonicate the jars for approximate 5-minutes.
- 12) Filter 0.2ml to 1ml of the solution onto a 47mm 0.22um MCE filter.
- 13) Dry the filter for 10 minutes then collapse, carbon coat, and place on a 3 TEM grids.

### **PLM Analysis**

Analysis was performed in accordance with NY ELAP 198.6 protocols. The analysis was conducted using an Olympus BH-2 polarized light microscope (PLM) equipped with a dispersion staining objective. All four slide preparations for each aliquot were examined. 400-point count was performed for those samples on which asbestos was observed. If no asbestos was detected on any of the slides, the percentage of fibrous components was determined by visual estimation. The results of this analysis are detailed below in the *Discussion and Interpretation of Analytical Findings* section for each individual sample.

### **TEM Analysis**

Analysis was performed in accordance with modified NY ELAP Method 198.4 protocols. The analysis was performed using a JEOL JEM-100CX II transmission electron microscope (TEM), equipped with a Thermo Fisher Quest Energy Dispersive X-Ray Analyzer (EDXA), at magnifications of 19,000x. Two grids for each aliquot were examined. Twenty (20) grid openings were examined per sample.

Modifications to the NY ELAP 198.4 Method were:

- 1) The residue was not placed in alcohol and prepared using the quick drop method. To obtain a more uniform preparation, the residue was placed in a jar and filled with 100ml of deionized water. The jar was sonicated, and a portion of the solution was filtered onto a 47mm 0.22um MCE filter.
- 2) The tremolite and chrysotile were not visually estimated. The length and width of the observed particles were measured, and the mass of each amphibole particle was calculated using the ASTM D5756 method.

The results of this analysis are detailed below in the *Discussion and Interpretation of Analytical Findings* section for each individual sample.

### **Calculations**

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ASTM \ D5756 \ Mass \\ M = \pi/4 \ L * W^2 * D * 10^{-12} \\ M = mass \\ L = length \\ W = width \\ D = density \\ Percent \ Calculation \\ EFA(mm^2) * 100ml * MA(g) * RW(g) \\ VF(ml) * IW(g) * AA(mm^2) * RJ(g) \\ The \ calculated \ value \ is then \ multiplied \ by 100 \ to \ convert \ it \ to \ percent. \\ EFA - Effective \ filter \ area
```

MA – Mass of asbestos
RW – Weight of residue
VF – Volume filtered
IW – Initial weight of the sample
AA – Area analyzed
RJ – Weight of residue placed into the jar



### **Limit of Detection and Quantification**

We used the mass of a 0.5 x 0.04-micron tremolite or chrysotile fiber, depending on what was found in each sample, as the basis for our calculations. Limit of detection was defined as 1 fiber and limit of quantification was defined as 4 fibers.

Some aliquots of samples (b) (4) D35 contained very small amounts of asbestos that were either at or below our 4-fiber limit of quantification. For these samples we defined our limit of quantification as follows:

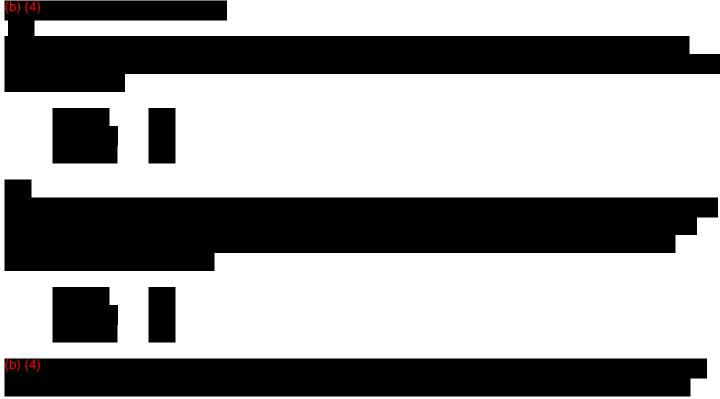
300396-3A: mass of the single observed chrysotile fiber plus the mass of three tremolite fibers measuring

0.5 x 0.04 microns

300396-4A: mass of the two observed chrysotile fibers, the single observed tremolite structure plus the mass of

one 0.5 x 0.04 microns tremolite fiber.

# **Discussion and Interpretation of Analytical Findings:**





### 300396-4, 4A, 4B, Client Sample D35

### **PLM**

All three aliquots of sample D35 were analyzed by (b) (6) on March 29, 2019. No asbestos or non-asbestos amphibole variants were detected the samples. The results were calculated using the equations detailed in the calculations section.

300396-4A NAD 300396-4A NAD 300396-4B NAD

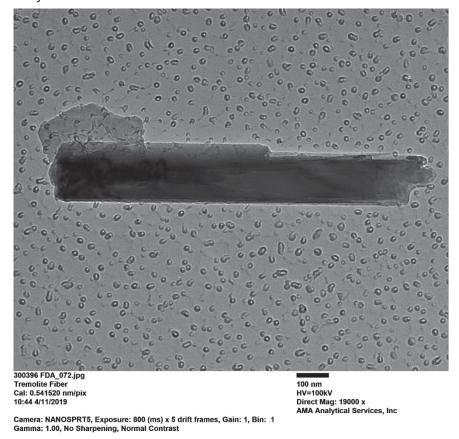
### **TEM**

Samples 4 and 4A were analyzed by (b) (6) on April 11, 2019. He analyzed sample 4B on April 16, 2019. The primary particles observed were mica and talc. Some titanium particles were observed. The talc was mostly flakes but there were also some ribbons and fibers. Tremolite and chrysotile were observed and counted on all three samples. Two tremolite and two chrysotile structures were counted on sample 4. One tremolite and two chrysotile structures were counted on sample 4B. The results were calculated using the equations detailed in the calculations section.

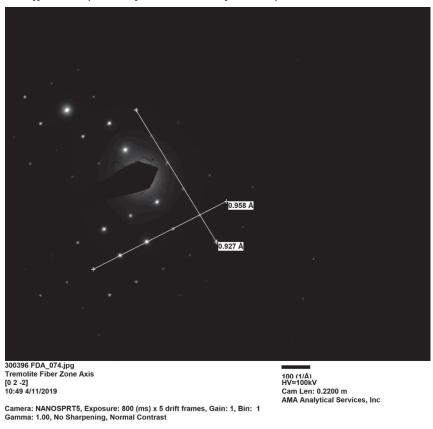
300396-4 0.00574% 300396-4A < 0.00013% 300396-4B 0.00371%

Below are pictures, diffraction patterns, and chemistry of the counted tremolite and chrysotile particles. Some of the talc fibers and ribbons are also pictured below. The unidentified peaks in chemistry spectra are copper, zinc, and carbon. Those peaks are from the TEM specimen holder and specimen grid.

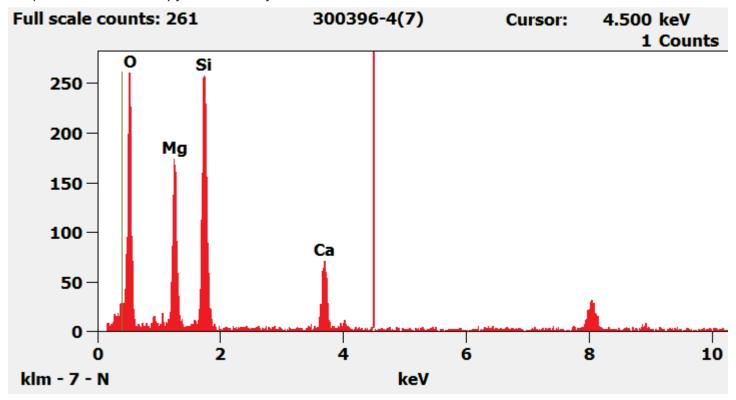
### Sample 300396-4 Tremolite fiber #1



Sample 300396-4 Zone axis diffraction pattern from tremolite fiber #1 pictured above.



Sample 300396-4 Chemistry from tremolite fiber #1



Sample 300396-4 Tremolite fiber 2



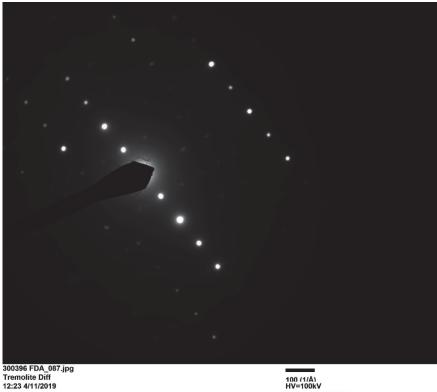
Sample 300396-4 Diffraction patterns from the tremolite fiber #2 pictured above.



300396 FDA\_088.jpg Tremolite Zone Axis [-1 1 -4] 12:28 4/11/2019

100 (1/Å) HV=100kV Cam Len: 0.2200 m AMA Analytical Services, Inc

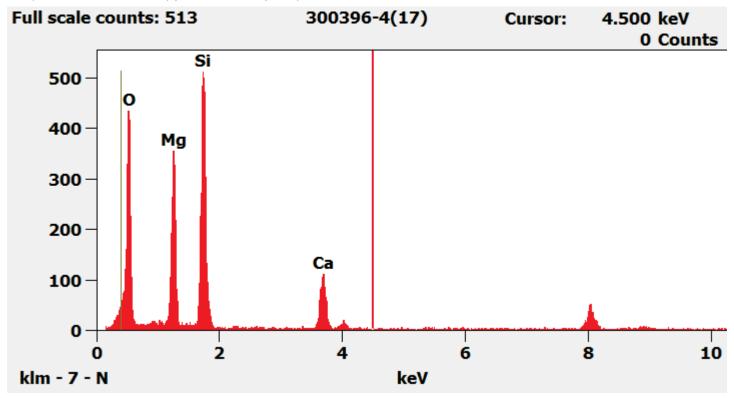
Camera: NANOSPRT5, Exposure: 800 (ms) x 5 drift frames, Gain: 1, Bin: 1 Gamma: 1.00, No Sharpening, Normal Contrast



Camera: NANOSPRT5, Exposure: 800 (ms) x 5 drift frames, Gain: 1, Bin: 1 Gamma: 1.00, No Sharpening, Normal Contrast

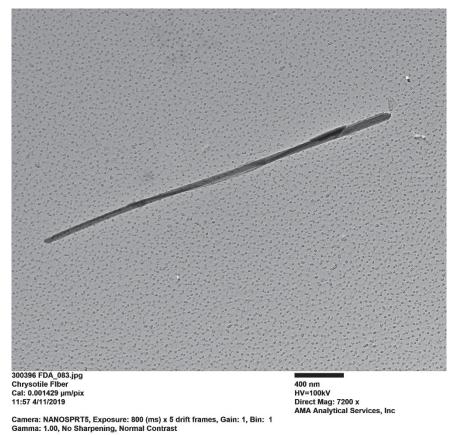
Cam Len: 0.2200 m AMA Analytical Services, Inc

Sample 300396-4 Chemistry from tremolite fiber pictured above.



Sample 300396-4 Chrysotile structure #1

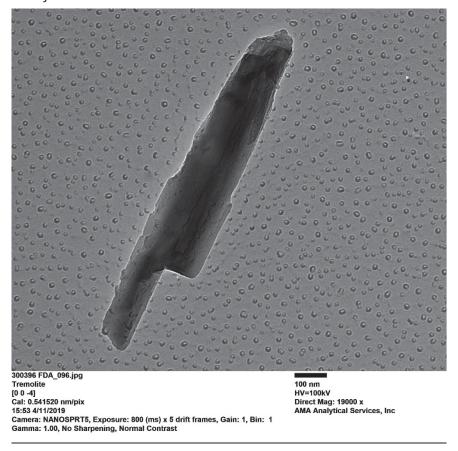




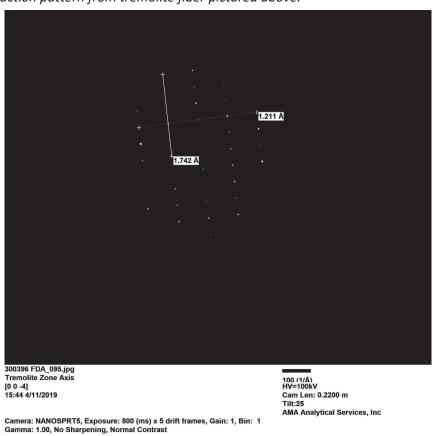
Sample 300396-4 Diffraction pattern from chrysotile structure #2 pictured above



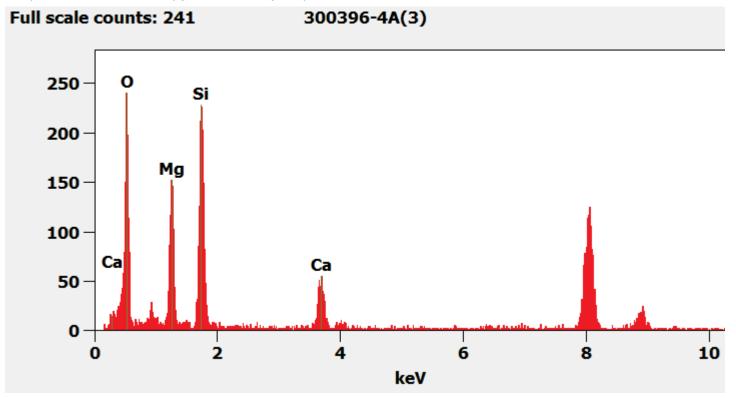
### Sample 300396-4A Tremolite fiber



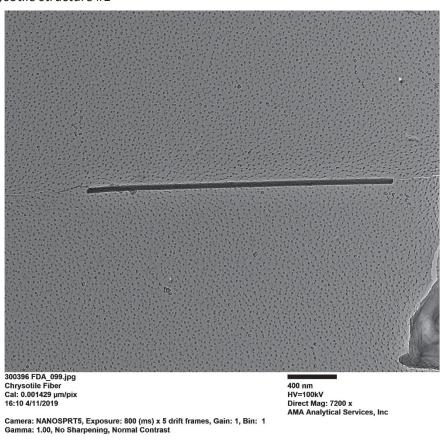
Sample 300396-4A Diffraction pattern from tremolite fiber pictured above.



Sample 300396-4A Chemistry from tremolite fiber pictured above



Sample 300396-4A Chrysotile structure #1



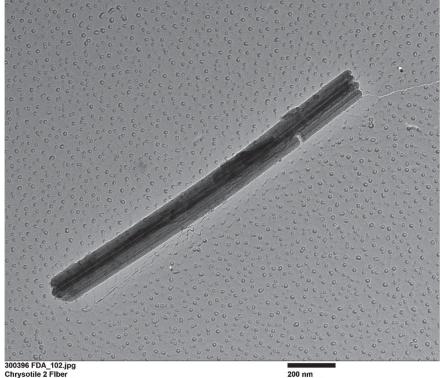
Sample 300396-4A Diffraction pattern from chrysotile structure #1 pictured above



100 (1/Å) HV=100kV Cam Len: 0.2200 m AMA Analytical Services, Inc

Camera: NANOSPRT5, Exposure: 800 (ms) x 5 drift frames, Gain: 1, Bin: 1 Gamma: 1.00, No Sharpening, Normal Contrast

# Sample 300396-4A Chrysotile structure #2



300396 FDA\_102.jpg Chrysotile 2 Flber Cal: 0.734921 nm/pix 16:27 4/11/2019

200 nm HV=100kV Direct Mag: 14000 x AMA Analytical Services, Inc

# Sample 300396-4A Diffraction pattern from chrysotile structure #2 pictured above.

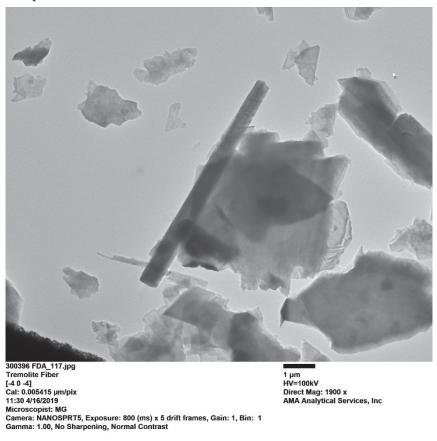


300396 FDA\_100.jpg Chrysotile 2 Diff 16:25 4/11/2019

100 (1/Å) HV=100kV Cam Len: 0.2200 m AMA Analytical Services, Inc

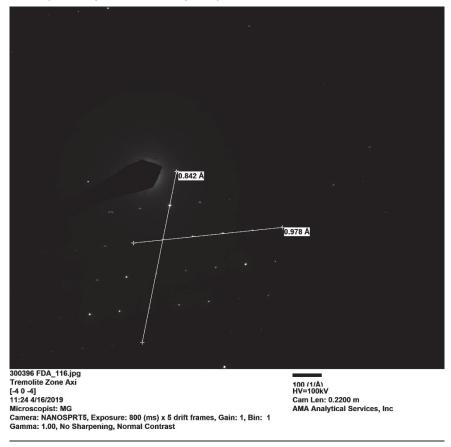
Camera: NANOSPRT5, Exposure: 800 (ms) x 5 drift frames, Gain: 1, Bin: 1 Gamma: 1.00, No Sharpening, Normal Contrast

# Sample 300396-4B Tremolite fiber

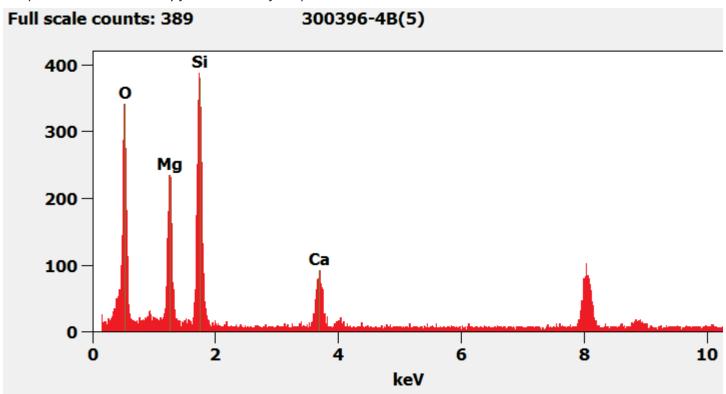


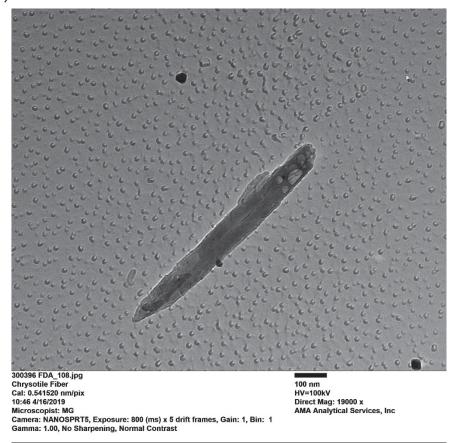
AMA Analytical Services, Inc.

Sample 300396-4B Diffraction pattern from tremolite fiber pictured above.



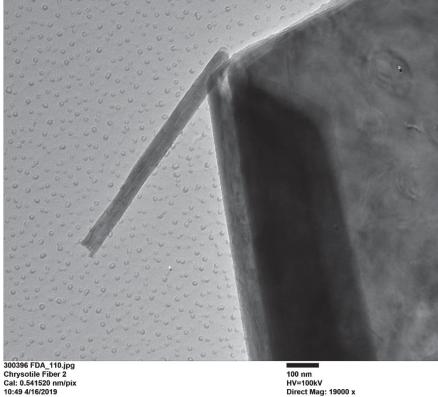
Sample 300396-4B Chemistry from tremolite fiber pictured above.





Sample 300396-4B Diffraction pattern from chrysotile structure #1 pictured above



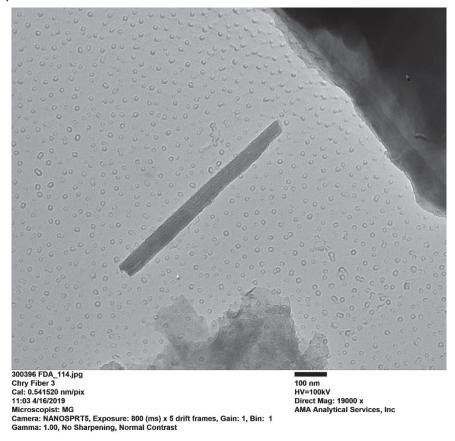


Microscopist: MG Camera: NANOSPRT5, Exposure: 800 (ms) x 5 drift frames, Gain: 1, Bin: 1 Gamma: 1.00, No Sharpening, Normal Contrast

HV=100kV Direct Mag: 19000 x AMA Analytical Services, Inc

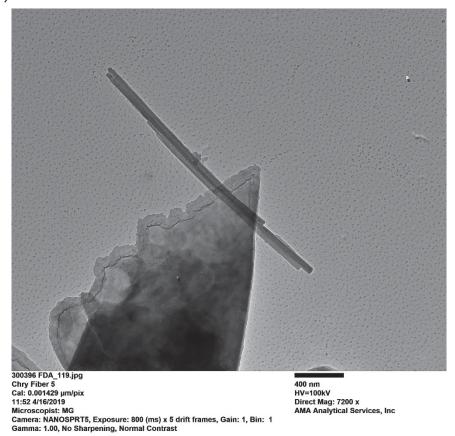
# Sample 300396-4B Diffraction pattern from chrysotile structure #2 pictured above.





Sample 300396-4B Diffraction pattern from chrysotile fiber #3 pictured above.

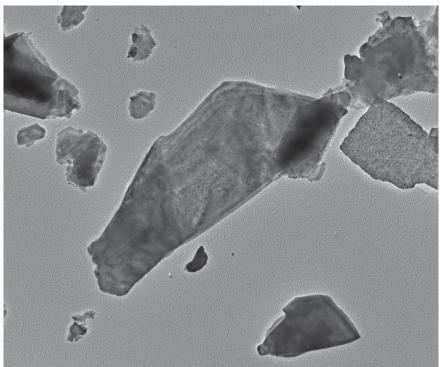




Sample 300396-4B Diffraction pattern for Chrysotile structure #5 pictured above.



# Sample 300396-4 Mica particle

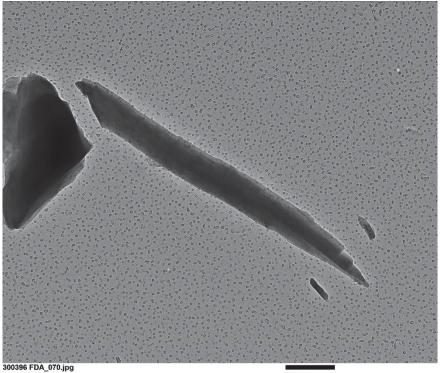


300396 FDA\_066.jpg Mica Particle Cal: 0.005415 µm/pix 10:30 4/11/2019

Camera: NANOSPRT5, Exposure: 800 (ms) x 5 drift frames, Gain: 1, Bin: 1 Gamma: 1.00, No Sharpening, Normal Contrast

1 μm HV=100kV Direct Mag: 1900 x AMA Analytical Services, Inc

# Sample 300396-4 Talc fiber



300396 FDA\_070.jpg Talc Fiber Cal: 0.001429 µm/pix 10:39 4/11/2019

Camera: NANOSPRT5, Exposure: 800 (ms) x 5 drift frames, Gain: 1, Bin: 1 Gamma: 1.00, No Sharpening, Normal Contrast

400 nm HV=100kV Direct Mag: 7200 x AMA Analytical Services, Inc

### Sample 300396-4 Talc ribbon

