What Does FDA **Regulate?**

A Guide for Health Professionals

FDA U.S. FOOD & DRUG



FDA is responsible for protecting public health by ensuring the safety, efficacy, and security of human and veterinary drugs, biological products, and medical devices. FDA also has the responsibility in maintaining the safety of our nation's food supply (human and animal), cosmetics, and products that emit radiation.

The scope of FDA's regulatory authority is very broad. FDA's responsibilities are closely related to those of several other government agencies. It is often frustrating and confusing to determine the appropriate regulatory agency to contact. The following is a list of traditionally-recognized product that the FDA has regulatory jurisdiction over - however, this is not a complete list.



FOODS, INCLUDING:

bottled water infant formula food additives dietary supplements other foods (except some meat, poultry & egg products)

DRUGS, INCLUDING:

over-the-counter drugs prescription drugs (brand-name & generic)



BIOLOGICS, INCLUDING:

vaccines for humans blood & blood products tissue & tissue products cellular & gene therapy products

MEDICAL DEVICES, INCLUDING:

dental devices surgical implants & prosthetics complex devices such as heart pacemakers common items like tongue depressors & bedpans



PRODUCTS THAT EMIT RADIATION, INCLUDING:

sunlamps laser products x-ray equipment microwave ovens ultrasonic therapy equipment



cigars cigarettes e-cigarettes smokeless tobacco roll-your-own tobacco hookah & pipe tobacco



VETERINARY PRODUCTS, INCLUDING:

pet food livestock feed veterinary drugs & devices

COSMETICS, INCLUDING:

tattoos perfumes moisturizers lipstick & fingernail polishes color additives in makeup & personal care products



For additional information, including more details on what FDA regulates, visit https://www.fda.gov/about-fda/fda-basics/what-does-fda-regulate.

For information on FDA's Stakeholder Engagement, visit https://www.fda.gov/stakeholders.

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