MassARRAY® SARS-CoV-2 Panel

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Multiplex RT-PCR/MALDI-TOF test intended for the qualitative detection of nucleic acid from SARS-CoV-2

REF 13279F, 13278D, 13281D IFU-CUS-001 R08 5/3/21







Agena Bioscience, Inc., 4755 Eastgate Mall, San Diego, CA 92121 USA Phone: 1-858-882-2800

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| REF | 13279F | Σ | 960 tests |
|-----|--------|---|------------|
| REF | 13281D | Σ | 3840 tests |
| REF | 13278D | Σ | 768 tests |

Revision History

| evision Histo | 'i y | |
|--------------------|----------|--|
| Revision Number | Date | Changes Made |
| R08 | 5/3/21 | Added section 7.9, FDA SARS-CoV-2 reference panel study |
| R07 | 1/25/21 | Update to section 7.7, Clinical evaluation. (added post-authorization study). |
| | | Addition of section 3.1, PCR thermal cycler qualification. |
| | | Addition of Appendix A (EUO Label for Thermal Cycler) and Appendix B (EUO Label for MassARRAY System). |
| R06 | 11/20/20 | Update to section 7.8, Carry-over and cross contamination study. |
| R05 | 11/10/20 | Added MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module (CPM) 384. |
| | | Updated limit of detection study section (page 27) and carry-over and cross contamination study section (page 38) to include MassARRAY System with CPM 384 data. |
| R04 | 10/26/20 | Changed panel name to MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel. |
| | | Removed CE mark and EU and Australia representatives (now separate IFUs). |
| | | Added Emergency Use Authorization language. |
| | | Removed MassARRAY Analyzer/Nanodispenser RS1000 System and MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 384. |
| | | Updated intended use statement and sample types. |
| | | Added information on allowable freeze-thaw cycles for panel kit (page 3). |
| | | Added clarification to Table 1.6: Controls. |
| | | Updated the Warnings and Precaution section and the Limitations section. |
| | | Changed RNA extraction method to Mag-Bind/KingFisher method (page 10). |
| | | • Updated thermocyling conditions (Table 3.6, Table 3.8, Table 3.10) |
| | | Updated concentration of SARS-CoV-2 RNA to be used in preparin positive control samples (page 12). |
| | | Updated to SARS-CoV-2 Report v1.3 software: |
| | | Inconclusive result now reported when number of SARS-CoV-2 targets detected is 1. |
| | | • A negative control with a result of <i>Inconclusive</i> will fail QC. |
| | | Wording of QC messages edited for clarity. |
| | | Added detail to Table 6.2: Expected Results for MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Patient Specimens. |
| | | Updated : Performance Characteristics with new study results. |
| R03 | 7/9/20 | Changed amount of MS2 Control added in RNA extraction protocol to 1 μL . |
| | | Updated report software to SARS-CoV-2 Report v1.1 (name change only). |
| | | Added CE mark and EU and Australian representatives. |
| | | Updated the Intended Use statement (page 1). |
| R02 | 6/17/20 | Correction to panel name and FDA statement. |
| R01 | 6/14/20 | Initial release. |

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MassARRAY® SARS-CoV-2 Panel Product Information

1.1 Intended use

The MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel, for use on the MassARRAY System, is a reverse transcription (RT-PCR)/MALDI-TOF test intended for the qualitative detection of nucleic acid from SARS-CoV-2 in upper respiratory specimens (nasopharyngeal swab, oropharyngeal swab, nasal and mid-turbinate swabs, and nasal and nasopharyngeal aspirate) and bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) collected from individuals suspected of COVID-19 by their healthcare provider. Testing is limited to laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C. §263a, that meet requirements to perform high complexity tests.

Results are for the identification of SARS-CoV-2 RNA. SARS-CoV-2 RNA is generally detectable in upper respiratory specimens during the acute phase of infection. Positive results are indicative of the presence of SARS-CoV-2 RNA; clinical correlation with patient history and other diagnostic information is necessary to determine patient infection status. Positive results do not rule out bacterial infection or co-infection with other viruses. The agent detected may not be the definite cause of disease. Laboratories within the United States and its territories are required to report all results to the appropriate public health authorities.

Negative results do not preclude SARS-CoV-2 infection and should not be used as the sole basis for patient management decisions. Negative results must be combined with clinical observations, patient history, and epidemiological information.

The MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel is intended for use by qualified clinical laboratory personnel specifically instructed and trained in the techniques of reverse transcriptase-PCR and *in vitro* diagnostic procedures. The MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel is only for use under the Food and Drug Administration's Emergency Use Authorization.

1.2 Workflow/Test principle

After collection of upper respiratory (nasopharyngeal swab, oropharyngeal swab, nasal and mid-turbinate swabs, and nasal and nasopharyngeal aspirate) or bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) specimens in viral transport media (VTM) or universal transport media (UTM), RNA extraction is performed using the ThermoFisher KingFisher Flex Purification System with the Omega Bio-Tek Mag-Bind Viral RNA Xpress Kit. RT-PCR with iPLEX® Pro chemistry then reverse transcribes and amplifies target regions of interest. After the inactivation of unincorporated dNTPs, a sequence-specific primer extension step is performed, in which a single nucleotide is added to the probe, using the supplied Extend primers and iPLEX Pro reagents.

The extension products (analyte) are desalted, transferred to a Spectro CHIP® Array (a silicon chip with pre-spotted matrix crystal) and then loaded into the MassARRAY Analyzer (a MALDI-TOF mass spectrometer). The analyte/matrix co-crystals are irradiated by a laser, inducing their desorption and ionization. The positively charged molecules accelerate into a flight tube towards a detector. Separation occurs by time-of-flight, which is proportional to the mass of the individual molecules. After data



processing, a spectrum is produced with relative intensity on the y-axis and mass/charge on the x-axis. Data acquired by the MassARRAY Analyzer is processed by MassARRAY Typer software, and then the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Report software.

Table 1.1 Workflow

| Table 1.1 Workflow | | | | |
|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| Step | See | | | |
| 1. Software Setup | Chapter 2 | | | |
| Import the assay design file. Only required before the first time you run the panel. Create a virtual plate. | | | | |
| 2. Assay Protocol | | | | |
| PCR thermal cycler qualification Only required before the first time you run the panel | | | | |
| RNA extraction | | | | |
| RT-PCR amplification | | | | |
| SAP reaction | | | | |
| iPLEX Pro extension reaction | | | | |
| Water addition | | | | |
| 3. Data Acquisition on the MassARRAY System | | | | |
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 96 | | | | |
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 384 | | | | |
| 4. Generate Results Reports | | | | |

1.3 Product description

The panel consists of 5 assays targeting the genome of SARS-CoV-2: three probe the viral nucleo capsid (*N*) gene and two probe *ORF1* and *ORF1ab*. The panel also contains an MS2 phage assay that monitors RNA extraction.

Table 1.2 MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Content

| Assay Name | Region |
|------------|--------------|
| SC2-N1 | Nucleocapsid |
| SC2-N2 | Nucleocapsid |
| SC2-N3 | Nucleocapsid |
| SC2-ORF1 | ORF1 |
| SC2-ORF1ab | ORF1ab |
| MS2 Phage | - |



1.4 Materials provided

The following items (Table 1.3) are provided in the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Kit. Upon receipt, store the items as described.

Table 1.3 MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Kit Contents

| Materials Provided | Shipping Condition | Storage Temperature | Storage Location (see Table 3.1) |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel PCR Primers MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Extend Primers UNG (heat labile) MMLV Enzyme RNase Inhibitor MS2 Control | Dry Ice | -25°C to -10°C | Lab Area 2 |
| PCR Reagent Set with dUTP • MgCl ₂ , 25 mM • 10X PCR Buffer • dUTP/dNTP Mix • PCR Enzyme | Dry Ice | -25°C to -10°C | Lab Area 2 |
| iPLEX® Pro Reagent Set • 3-Point Calibrant • iPLEX Termination Mix • iPLEX Buffer Plus, GPR • iPLEX Pro Enzyme • SAP Buffer • Shrimp Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) | Dry Ice | -25°C to -10°C | Lab Area 2 |
| SpectroCHIP CPM Arrays | Ambient Temperature | 15°C to 25°C | Lab Area 3 |

The MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Kit can be used up to ten times, as long as components are maintained on ice or a cold block during access and returned to storage conditions after use.

Table 1.4 MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Kits

| Part # | Number of tests | Type of SpectroCHIP Array | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--|
| REF 13279F | Σ 960 tests | SpectroCHIP CPM-96, 10 x 96 | |
| REF 13281D | Σ 3840 tests | SpectroCHIP CPM-384, 10 x 384 | |
| REF 13278D | Σ 768 tests | Spectro CHIP CPM-384, 2 x 384 | |



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1.5 Materials required but not provided

Table 1.5 Materials Required but not Provided

| Table 1.5 Materials Required but not Provided | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Item | Source/Specification | | |
| Instruments and Equipment | | | |
| MassARRAY System with: Typer software v5.0.1 or greater RT-Workstation v4.1 or greater Chip Prep Controller v2.2 or greater | Agena Bioscience; MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module (CPM) 96 or Agena Bioscience; MassARRAY System with | | |
| omp rrep demindrer v2.2 or greater | Chip Prep Module (CPM) 384 | | |
| Plate centrifuge | MLS; Max. RCF with plate rotor: 3,486 x g | | |
| Vortex | MLS; Variable speed, suitable for tubes and plates | | |
| Mini tube centrifuge | MLS; Recommend additional rotor option for 2 x 8-tube PCR strips | | |
| Refrigerated tube centrifuge | MLS; Capacity up to 12,000 ng | | |
| Thermocycler | MLS; With appropriate plate block; max ramp rate 4°C/second | | |
| PCR workstation with UV irradiation | MLS; UV light with timer; dual UV bulb preferred | | |
| Additional Software | | | |
| MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Report v1.4 or greater | Agena's customer support portal | | |
| RNA Extraction Materials | | | |
| Mag-Bind® Viral RNA Xpress Kit | Omega Bio-Tek, #M6219-2304 | | |
| KingFisher TM Flex Purification System, KingFisher with 96 Deep-well Head | ThermoFisher, #5400630 | | |
| KingFisher 96 deep-well plate | ThermoFisher, #95040450 | | |
| KingFisher 96 standard plate | ThermoFisher, #97002540 | | |
| KingFisher 96 tip comb for deep-well magnets plate | ThermoFisher, #97002534 | | |
| KingFisher tip comb presenting plate | ThermoFisher, #267600 | | |
| Ethanol | MLS; Absolute (200 proof), molecular biology grade | | |
| Nuclease-free water | MLS; molecular biology-grade | | |
| Isopropanol, molecular biology grade | Sigma Aldrich (#I9516) or equivalent | | |
| Additional Reagents | | | |
| Positive SARS-CoV-2 RNA Control | Twist Bioscience Synthetic SARS-CoV-2 RNA Control 1 (#102019) | | |
| HPLC-grade water | MLS; Residue after evaporation ≤2ppm; Sterile, nuclease- and DEPC-free; >18.2 MΩ | | |
| | | | |
| DNA AWAY TM | MLS | | |
| DNA AWAY TM Type1 water or deionized water | MLS; NCCLS, CAP or ATSM; >18.2 MΩ | | |



| Item | Source/Specification | |
|---|--|--|
| Labware | | |
| Electronic multichannel pipettes and filtered tips (Optional; can use manual multichannel pipettes) | MLS; 8- or 12-channel electronic adjustable tip spacing pipette; 0.5 μL -12.5 μL | |
| Manual multichannel pipettes and filtered tips | MLS; 8- or 12-channel pipette 0.5 μL - 20 μL 20 μL - 200 μL | |
| Single channel pipettes and filtered tips | MLS; 0.1 µL - 2 µL 0.5 µL - 10 µL 10 µL - 100 µL 100 µL - 1000 µL | |
| Microtubes | MLS; RNase-, DNase-, human DNA-, and PCR inhibitor-free | |
| | Volume: 1.5 mL, 5 mL | |
| PCR strip tubes (optional) | MLS; 8- or 12-well strips with caps; volume: 0.2 mL | |
| Tube racks | MLS | |
| Sealing roller tool and paddle | MLS | |
| Disposable pipetting reservoirs | MLS; DNase- and RNase-free; volume: 25 mL and 50 mL; sterile | |
| Clear adhesive plate seals | MLS; Strong adhesive, -20°C to 120°C | |
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 9 | 96 | |
| 96-well semi-skirted, colored microtiter plates OR | ThermoFisher MicroAmp® EnduraPlate TM #4483343 or equivalent.; Working vol.: 0.2 mL; Max well volume: 0.25 mL | |
| 96-well non-skirted microtiter plates | Thermo Scientific TM PCR Plate #AB0600L or equivalent; Working volume: 0.2 mL; Max fill volume: 0.3 mL | |
| Isopropanol | MLS | |
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 384 | | |
| 384-well microtiter plates | Thermo Scientific TM 384-Well Full Skirted PCR Plate #TF-0384 or equivalent; Full skirted: Working volume: 25 µL, Max volume: 40 µL | |
| Isopropanol | MLS | |

"MLS" indicates that the item is available from major laboratory suppliers.



1.6 Samples and controls

Patient samples must be collected according to appropriate clinical guidelines. Positive and negative test controls must be included and examined prior to interpretation of patient test results. Include the following controls on each plate:

Table 1.6 Controls

| Table 1.0 Controls | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Control Type | Description | Purpose | Frequency of Testing |
| | Positive Control* | Twist Bioscience Synthetic SARS-CoV-2 RNA Control 1 #102019 | Used to monitor RT-PCR reaction set up and reagent integrity. | Each run, starting at RT-PCR. |
| | Negative Control** | Nuclease-free water | Used to monitor contamination during RNA extraction and RT-PCR reaction. | Each run, starting at extraction. |
| | Extraction Control | MS2 Phage RNA | Use to monitor RNA extraction. | Every sample. |

1.7 Symbols

Table 1.7 Symbols

| REF | Catalog number | Jr | Temperature limits |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| LOT | Batch code | ••• | Manufacturer |
| \subseteq | Use-by date | IVD | For <i>in vitro</i> diagnostic use |
| QTY | Quantity | Σ | Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n> |



^{*}PC must be "detected" with all 5 targets in order to pass QC **NC must be "not detected" by all 5 targets in order to pass QC.

Software Setup

2.1 Import the assay design file

Note: The assay design file only needs to be imported once, prior to running the panel for the first time.

- Locate the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 assay design file (MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2_ADF.tsv), at C/MassARRAY/Typer/bin/Reports/MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Report.
- 2. Open MassARRAY Typer Assay Editor.
- 3. Create a new assay project in the Database Browser by right clicking the root node and selecting **Project Administrator**.
- 4. Add a new Assay Project with an appropriate name. The new Assay Project will appear in the database browser. The MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 assay design file will be stored in this project.
- 5. Right-click on the newly created Assay Project and select **Import Assay Group in Designer format...**
- 6. Remove the checkmarks next to **Design Summary** and **SNP Group**. Make sure that there is a checkmark next to **Assay Group**.
- 7. Click the **Browse** button next to Assay Group. In the Open window, select **All Files** in the **Files of type:** field.
- 8. Navigate to the folder containing the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 assay designfile (MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2_ADF.tsv), select it, and click **Open**.
- 9. Click the **Import** button to import the file.

2.2 Create a virtual plate

Note: Plate names and sample names should all be unique.

Create a sample group

Note: Each plate contains one positive control sample and one negative control sample. In order for the software to recognize the controls, "PC" must be the prefix for positive control samples, and "NC" must be the prefix for negative control samples (e.g., PC_1 , NC_1).

- 1. Create a text file (.txt) of sample descriptions in a spreadsheet application such as Microsoft® Excel. The file must contain the sample ID in column A, and may contain a description in column B.
- 2. Create a sample customer and sample project in the database, if you have not already done so.
 - a. Open the MassARRAY Typer Plate Editor software and click on the Sample tab.
 - b. To create a sample customer, right-click the root-node and select Add New Sample Customer. Enter a sample customer ID and additional optional information and click OK. The new sample customer will appear in the Sample tab.
 - c. To create a sample project, right-click the sample customer that the sample project will be under and select **Add New Sample Project**. Enter a sample



project ID and optional additional information and click **OK**. The new sample project will appear in the Sample tab.

- Create a sample group.
 - a. Right-click on the sample project that you want to add the sample group to and select **Add New Sample Group**.
 - b. Enter a sample group ID and click the folder button in the toolbar to browse to the location of your sample group text file, and click **Open**, then click **OK**.

Create a Plate

- 1. Create a customer and project in the database, if you have not already done so.
 - a. In the MassARRAY Typer Plate Editor software click on the Plate tab.
 - b. To create a customer, right-click the root-node and select **New Customer**. Enter a customer ID and additional optional information and click **OK**. The new customer will appear in the Plate tab.
 - c. To create a project, right-click the customer that the project will be under and select **New Project**. Enter a project ID and optional additional information and click **OK**. The new project will appear in the Plate tab.
- Create a plate.
 - a. Right-click on the project that you want to add the plate to and select **New Plate**.
 - b. Enter a unique plate ID and select the plate type (96- or 384-well) and click **OK**. The new plate will appear in the Plate tab and a plate layout will be created automatically, based on the plate type specified.

Apply Assays to the Plate

- In the Plate tab, select the plate that was just created.
- 2. Select the Assay tab and locate the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 assay design file you imported earlier (*MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2_ADF.tsv*).
- 3. In the plate layout, select the wells of interest.
- 4. In the Assay tab, right-click the plex or assay that you want to assign to the selected wells and select **Add plex** or **Add assay**.

Apply Samples to the Plate

- 1. Click on the Sample tab.
- 2. In the plate layout, select the wells of interest.
- 3. Right-click the sample or sample group that you want to assign to the selected wells and select **Apply Samples from Group** or **Add Sample**.
- 4. Select File > Save from the toolbar.



Assay Protocol

3.1 PCR thermal cycler qualification

Prior to first use of the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel, you must qualify the PCR thermal cycler by running 20 positive control reactions.

- 1. Prepare positive controls as per instructions in Section 3.5, Positive control preparation.
- Run 20 replicate positive control reactions as per instructions in Section 3.6, RT-PCR amplification through Section 3.9, Water addition. Ten replicates should be from Step 2 of Table 3.3 (1,000 copies/μL) and 10 replicates from Step 4 of Table 3.3 (50 copies/μL).
- Perform data acquisition as per instructions in Chapter 4 or Chapter 5 (depending on which MassARRAY System you are using).
- Perform analysis of results as per instructions in Chapter 6.
 Acceptance criteria: All 20 positive controls have a result of *Pass*, as described in Table 6.1.
- 5. Qualified PCR thermal cycler is to be labeled "For Emergency Use Only" using the template provided in Appendix A.

3.2 Lab areas and plate layout

The laboratory space should include three separate (non-contiguous) work areas to prevent contamination of PCR products. Table 3.1 shows the activities that are conducted in each area.

Table 3.1 Lab Area Activities

| Lab Area | Activities |
|----------|--|
| 1 | Isolation and preparation of RNA. |
| 2 | Pre-PCR preparation, including preparation of the RT-PCR cocktail, addition of the RT-PCR cocktail and RNA to the reaction plate, and preparation of the SAP and extension cocktails. |
| 3 | Positive control sample preparation. Thermocycling the reaction plate after addition of RT-PCR cocktail and RNA; addition of the SAP cocktail to the reaction plate and thermocycling; addition of the extension reaction cocktail to the reaction plate and thermocycling; desalting; nanodispensing; and data acquisition. |

Include one positive control and one negative control on each plate.



3.3 Sample collection, handling, and storage

Upper respiratory (nasopharyngeal swab, oropharyngeal swab, nasal and mid-turbinate swabs, and nasal and nasopharyngeal aspirate) and bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) specimens must be collected and stored in VTM or UTM. Samples must be collected, transported at stored using appropriate procedures and conditions as outlined in CDC guidelines (https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/lab/guidelines-clinical-specimens.html). Store specimens at 2-8°C for up to 72 hours after collection. If a delay in testing or shipping is expected, store specimens at -70°C or below.

3.4 RNA extraction



Perform this procedure in Lab Area 1.

Preparation before each extraction

- Thaw MS2 Control, carrier RNA, and samples onice.
- 2. Shake the tubes containing the sample at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 3. Use 200 µL as the input sample in Step 4 below.
- Use 200 µL of nuclease-free water as the negative control sample input in Step 4 below.

Reagent and sample preparation

- 1. Determine the number of required reactions based on the number of patient samples to be processed, plus one negative control per extraction set.
- Prepare f resh lysis master mix by adding 1 μL of carrier RNA and 5 μL of MS2 to 240 μL of TNA lysis buffer, per sample.
 Lysis master mix can be made in bulk and distributed to individual samples. It is recommended to use a 10% overage for 96 or more samples, and 15% for less than 96 samples.
- 3. Ensure Mag-Bind Particles RQ are completely resuspended in solution before adding to master mix by vortexing and mixing thoroughly.
 - a. Prepare fresh binding master mix by adding 5 μ L of Mag-Bind Particles RQ to 280 μ L of 100% Isopropanol per sample. Binding master mix can be made in bulk and distributed to individual samples. It is recommended to use a 10% overage for 96 or more samples, and 15% for less than 96 samples.
- 4. Transfer 200 µL of sample to each well of a KingFisher 96 deep-well plate.
- 5. Add 246 µL lysis master mix to each sample. Mix samples by pipetting up and down 10 times.
- Add 285 µL binding master mix to each sample. Mix samples by pipetting up and down 10 times.
- 7. Prepare other reagent plates according to Table 3.2. The plate position dictates deck positions of each plate on the KingFisher Flex instrument. Load plates into deck positions according to Table 3.2.



Table 3.2 Plate Layout

| Plate Layout Position | Plate Type | Content | Volume (µL) |
|---|-------------------------|---|-------------|
| 1 | KingFisher 96 deep-well | Lysate (lysis master mix, sample, binding master mix) | 731 |
| 2 | KingFisher 96 deep-well | RMP Wash Buffer | 350 |
| 3 | KingFisher 96 deep-well | 80% Ethanol | 350 |
| 4 | KingFisher 96 deep-well | 80% Ethanol | 350 |
| 5 KingFisher 96 standard or KingFisher 96 deep-well | | Nuclease-Free Water | 50 |
| KingFisher 96 standard or KingFisher 96 tip comb presenting | | 96 tip comb for deep-well magnets | n/a |
| 7 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 8 | n/a | n/a | n/a |

KingFisher Flex operation

- Refer to KingFisher Flex User Manual for general instructions on using the KingFisher Flex.
- 2. Turn on the KingFisherFlex.
- 3. Load Bindit 4.0 software.
- 4. Select **Open** and load program (**Omega_M6219_50Elution_KFF.bdz**) on instrument. Load plates onto instrument when prompted.
 - The protocol is stored on C:\Users\Public\Documents\Protocols.
 - Scripts can be obtained from Omega Bio-Tek at https:// www.omegabiotek.com/.
 - Commonly run scripts are also listed in **Recent Protocols** in the main Bindit screen.
- 5. When the instrument is ready, press **Start**.
 - a. The instrument will prompt you to save the run with a unique name.
 - b. The user has the option to assign sample names, as well as record reagent lot numbers, to the plate prior to starting the run.
 - c. The deck will rotate and inform the user which plate to load.
 - d. Make sure the plate orientation is correct by aligning the plate's A1 well to A1 on the deck.
 - e. After placing a plate on the deck, press **Start** in order to place the next plate.
 - f. Repeat until all plates are loaded.
 - g. Press **Start** after all plates are loaded to initiate the rest of the run.
- 6. Discard all plastic consumables after each run by following the instructions on the software or control panel located on the KingFisher Flex.

STOPPING POINT

Use RNA right away or cover the sample elution plate with an adhesive plate sealer and store at 2-8°C until needed for PCR set-up. For longer term storage, store plate at the -80°C using a foil adhesive seal.



3.5 Positive control preparation



IMPORTANT

Prepare the positive control sample in Lab Area 3.

Prepare the positive control by diluting the Twist Bioscience Synthetic SARS-CoV-2 RNA Control 1 ($1x10^6$ copies/ μ L) to a working stock of 50 copies/ μ L, as shown in Table 3.3. Make multiple aliquots at once and store at -80°C.



WARNING

Exercise caution when performing the serial dilutions. Risk of lab contamination is high due to the highly concentrated RNA control being used.

- 1. Prepare a 100-fold dilution by pipetting 990 µL of nuclease-free water into a microfuge tube, then adding 10 µL of SARS-CoV-2 RNA Control. Mix well, then centrifuge briefly.
- 2. Prepare a 10-fold dilution by pipetting 90 µL of nuclease-free water into a microfuge tube, then adding 10 µL of the step 1 dilution. Mix well, then centrifuge briefly.
- 3. Prepare a 10-fold dilution by pipetting 90 μL of nuclease-free water into a microfuge tube, then adding 10 μL of step 2 dilution. Mix well, then centrifuge briefly.
- 4. Pipette 50 μL of nuclease-free water into a microfuge tube, then add 50 μL of Step 3 dilution. Mix well, then centrifuge briefly.

Table 3.3 Positive Sample Control Dilution

| | Step | Final concentration (copies/µL) | Amount of SARS-CoV-2 RNA Control transferred (µL) | Source | Nuclease- free water | Final Volume (µL) |
|-----------|------|---------------------------------------|---|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 1 | 10,000 | 10 | Stock | 990 | 1,000 |
| Dilutions | 2 | 1,000 | 10 | Step 1 | 90 | 100 |
| | 3 | 100 | 10 | Step 2 | 90 | 100 |
| | 4 | 50 | 50 | Step 3 | 50 | 100 |

Label with correct copies/µL and store each dilution in aliquots at -80°C. When needed to make new positive controls, take one of the tubes and dilute as per table above, from the specific copy number down.

3.6 RT-PCR amplification



IMPORTANT

Prepare the RT-PCR cocktail and add cocktail and samples to the reaction plate in **Lab Area 2**. Thermocycle the RT-PCR reaction plate in **Lab Area 3**. Maintain an RNase-free environment and keep samples on ice during use. Make sure all reagents are thawed completely at room temperature and enzymes are kept on ice. Make sure reagents are homogenized before taking aliquots. If plates were stored frozen prior to this step, make sure they are thawed completely, gently homogenized, spun down, and kept on ice.



- Turn on the PCR thermal cycler with the program shown in Table 3.6, so that the
 heated cover can come to the correct operating temperature and there is no time delay
 between the RT-PCR reaction plate being prepared and cycling being started.
- Prepare the RT-PCR cocktail in a 1.5 mL tube placed on ice or a cold block by adding reagents in the order in which they are listed in Table 3.4.
 Prepare more cocktail than the number of RT-PCR reactions to be performed. Either prepare for one or more extra reactions or use a percentage extra to ensure sufficient overage is present to overcome typical pipetting variation.

Table 3.4 RT-PCR Reaction

| Reagent | Per Reaction (μL) |
|--|-------------------|
| 10X PCR Buffer | 0.500 |
| MgCl ₂ , 25 mM | 0.400 |
| dUTP/dNTP Mix | 0.100 |
| UNG (heat labile) | 0.050 |
| RNase Inhibitor | 0.125 |
| PCR Enzyme | 0.200 |
| MMLV Enzyme | 0.125 |
| MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 PCR Primer | 0.500 |
| RT-PCR Cocktail Final Volume | 2.000 |
| Sample RNA/Positive Control/Negative Control | 3.000 |
| RT-PCR Reaction Final Volume | 5.000 |

- 3. Pulse vortex the tube briefly 3 times and briefly centrifuge.
- 4. Dispense 2.0 µL RT-PCR cocktail into each well of a new microtiter plate.
- 5. Add 3.0 µL of either sample RNA, positive control, or negative control to each well of the plate.

Table 3.5 Samples and Controls

| | Volume per reaction | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Component | Sample reaction | Positive control reaction | Negative control reaction | |
| RT-PCR Cocktail | 2.0 µL | 2.0 µL | 2.0 µL | |
| Purified sample RNA (from RNA Extraction section above) | 3.0 µL | | | |
| Positive control (from Positive Control Preparation section above) | | 3.0 µL | | |
| Purified negative control (from RNA Extraction section above) | | | 3.0 µL | |
| Total volume | 5.0 μL | 5.0 μL | 5.0 μL | |

- 6. Seal the RT-PCR reaction plate, briefly pulse vortex 1-2 times, then centrifuge at 1000 x g for 15 seconds.
- 7. Visually inspect the individual wells from the bottom of the reaction plate to confirm uniform and adequate cocktail solution is present in every well before continuing.



 Thermocycle the RT-PCR reaction plate using the conditions in Table 3.6. On a standard cycler with a ramp rate of approximately 3-4°C/s this program takes approximately 1 hour and 45 minutes.

Table 3.6 RT-PCR Thermal Cycling Conditions

| Ste | p | Temperature | Time | Number of Cycles |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1 | UNG incubation | 25°C | 5 minutes | 1 cycle |
| 2 | RNA reverse transcription into cDNA | 55°C | 10 minutes | 1 cycle |
| 3 | Polymerase activation | 95°C | 2 minutes | 1 cycle |
| 4 | | 95°C | 30 seconds | |
| 5 | PCR to amplify specific fragments | 60°C | 30 seconds | 40 cycles of steps 4-6 |
| 6 | | 72°C | 30 seconds | |
| 7 | Final extension | 72°C | 5 minutes | 1 cycle |
| 8 | Sample preservation | 10°C | | Hold |

STOPPING POINT

If not proceeding directly to the next step, the reaction plate should be sealed, and stored at 4° C (if storing for less than 24 hours), or at -20°C (if storing for more than 24 hours). Do not store for more than 2 weeks.

3.7 SAP reaction



IMPORTANT

Prepare the SAP cocktail in **Lab Area 2**. Add the SAP cocktail to the RT-PCR reaction plate and thermocycle the plate in **Lab Area 3**. Make sure all reagents are thawed completely and enzymes are kept on ice. Make sure all reagents are homogenized before taking aliquots. If plates were stored frozen prior to this step, make sure they are thawed completely, gently homogenized, spun down, and kept on ice.

Prepare the SAP cocktail in a 1.5 mL tube on ice or a cold block as shown in Table 3.7.
 Prepare more cocktail than the number of SAP reactions to be performed. Either
 prepare for one or more extra reactions or use a percentage extra to ensure sufficient
 overage is present to overcome typical pipetting variation.

Table 3.7 SAP Cocktail

| Reagent | Per reaction (µL) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| HPLC-grade water | 1.53 |
| SAP Buffer | 0.17 |
| Shrimp Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) | 0.30 |
| SAP Cocktail Final Volume | 2.00 |

- 2. Pulse vortex the tube briefly 3 times and briefly centrifuge.
- Centrifuge the RT-PCR reaction plate at 1000 x g for 15 seconds.
- 4. Dispense 2 μL of SAP cocktail into each well of the reaction plate.



- Seal the reaction plate, briefly pulse vortex 1-2 times, then centrifuge at 1000 x g for 15 seconds.
- 6. Visually inspect the individual wells from the bottom of the reaction plate to confirm uniform and adequate solution is present in every well before continuing.
- 7. Thermocycle the reaction plate using the conditions in Table 3.8. On a standard cycler with a ramp rate of approximately 3-4°C/s this program takes approximately 15-20 minutes.

Table 3.8 SAP Cycling Conditions

| · un | rubic did drift dydning definitions | | | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------|--|
| Step | | Temperature | Time | Number of Cycles | |
| 1 | Dephosphorylation | 37°C | 10 minutes | 1 cycle | |
| 2 | Enzyme inactivation | 85°C | 5 minutes | 1 cycle | |
| 3 | Sample preservation | 10°C | | Hold | |

STOPPING POINT

If not proceeding directly to the next step, the reaction plate should be sealed, and stored at 4° C (if storing for less than 24 hours), or at -20°C (if storing for more than 24 hours). Do not store for more than 2 weeks.

3.8 iPLEX Pro extension reaction



IMPORTANT

Prepare the extension reaction cocktail in **Lab Area 2**. Add the extension reaction cocktail to the reaction plate and thermocycle the plate in **Lab Area 3**. Make sure all reagents are thawed completely and enzymes are kept on ice. Make sure all reagents are homogenized before taking aliquots. If plates were stored frozen prior to this step, make sure they are thawed completely, gently homogenized, spun down, and kept on ice.

 Prepare the extension cocktail in a 1.5 mL tube on ice or a cold block, as shown in Table 3.9. Prepare more cocktail than the number of extension reactions to be performed. Either prepare for one or more extra reactions per extension or use a percentage extra to ensure sufficient overage is present to overcome typical pipetting variation.

Table 3.9 Extension Cocktail

| Reagent | Per reaction (µL) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| HPLC-grade water | 0.62 |
| iPLEX Buffer Plus, GPR | 0.20 |
| iPLEX Termination Mix | 0.20 |
| iPLEX Pro Enzyme | 0.04 |
| MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Extend Primer | 0.94 |
| Extension Cocktail Final Volume | 2.00 |

- 2. Pulse vortex the tube briefly 3 times and briefly centrifuge.
- 3. Centrifuge the reaction plate at 1000 x g for 15 seconds.
- 4. Dispense 2 µL of extension reaction cocktail into each well of the reaction plate.



- Seal the reaction plate, briefly pulse vortex 1-2 times, then centrifuge at 1000 x g for 15 seconds.
- 6. Visually inspect the individual wells from the bottom of the reaction plate to confirm uniform and adequate solution is present in every well before continuing.
- 7. Thermocycle the reaction plate using the conditions in Table 3.10. On a standard cycler with a ramp rate of approximately 3-4°C/s this program takes approximately 45 minutes.

Table 3.10 Extension Thermal Cycling Conditions

| | Step | Temperature | Time | Number of Cycles |
|---|----------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Initial denaturation | 95°C | 30 seconds | 1 cycle |
| 2 | Denaturation | 95°C | 5 seconds | |
| 3 | Annealing/Extension | 52°C | 15 seconds | 40 cycles of steps 2-4 |
| 4 | Denaturation | 80°C | 5 seconds | |
| 5 | Final extension | 72°C | 3 minutes | 1 cycle |
| 6 | Sample preservation | 10°C | | Hold |

STOPPING POINT

If not proceeding directly to the next step, the reaction plate should be sealed, and stored at 4°C (if storing for less than 24 hours), or at -20°C (if storing for more than 24 hours). Do not store for more than 2 weeks.

3.9 Water addition

- 1. Add HPLC-grade water to each well of the reaction plate.
 - a. For 96-well plates, add 41 µL.
 - b. For 384-well plates, add 16 μL.
- 2. Seal the plate and centrifuge at 1000 x g for 1 minute.

STOPPING POINT

If not proceeding directly to processing the plate on the MassARRAY System (), the reaction plate should be sealed, and stored at 4° C (if storing for less than 24 hours), or at -20°C (if storing more than 24 hours). Do not store for more than 2 weeks.

3.10 Data acquisition

Follow the data acquisition instructions in the chapter for the MassARRAY System you are using.

Table 3.11 Data Acquisition Instructions

| System | Instructions |
|--|--------------|
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 96 | Chapter 4 |
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 384 | Chapter 5 |



Data Acquisition on the MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 96

NOTE

The MassARRAY System is to be labeled for Emergency Use Only, using the template provided in Appendix B.

4.1 Create an input file

- Double-click the Chip Linker icon on the desktop.
- 2. In the dialog box that appears, enter your username, password, and server.
- 3. Click **Connect**. The Chip Linker window appears.
- 4. Select a plate in the Chip Linker directory tree.
- 5. Select **iPLEX** as the terminator chemistry.
- Select Genotype+Area for the process method.
- 7. Select Nanodispenser 96 to 96 as the dispenser method.
- 8. Enter an experiment name.
- 9. Enter the SpectroCHIP Array barcode or other SpectroCHIP Array identifier.
- 10. Click **Add**. The input information appears in the Chip Linker table.
- 11. If a second SpectroCHIP Array will be processed, repeat step 4 to step 10 for the second SpectroCHIP Array.
- 12. Click **Create** to create an input XML file. This file will be selected for use when you set up the automatic run.

4.2 Prepare the instrument

- 1. Double-click the **Start All** icon to start MassARRAY Caller, Analyzer Control, Chip Prep Controller (CPC), and SpectroACQUIRE.
- In the Status section in the Run Setup tab of SpectroACQUIRE check the Waste Tank, System Fluid, and Resin buttons; they should be green/Okay. If any are red (Waste Tank Full, System Fluid Empty, Resin Low or Empty) perform the necessary maintenance.
- Click Chip prep module Deck In/Out at the top of the SpectroACQUIRE window. The deck will extend.
- If there are SpectroCHIP Arrays in the completed chips position on the deck remove them.
- 5. Allow the calibrant to equilibrate to room temperature for 5 minutes (if it has been refrigerated) or 10 minutes (if it has been frozen). Pipette 75 µL of calibrant into the calibrant vial and place in the calibrant vial holder on the deck.



- Load the SpectroCHIP Arrays.
 - a. Orient the Chip holder so that the beveled corner is at the top right.
 - b. Open a new SpectroCHIP Array pouch and insert the new SpectroCHIP Array into the chip holder in position 1 (on the left); orient the SpectroCHIP Array such that the Agena logo and barcode are at the bottom. Make sure that the SpectroCHIP Array is properly seated so that the chip holder and SpectroCHIP Array surface are flush.
 - c. If you are processing two plates, insert another new SpectroCHIP Array into the chip holder in position 2 (on the right). If you are only processing one plate, place a previously completed SpectroCHIP Array in position 2, as the MassARRAY Analyzer requires both SpectroCHIP Array positions to be filled to function properly.
 - d. Place the full chip holder in the chip holder tray, new chips position, on the deck.
- 7. Load microtiter plates (MTPs). Up to two 96-well microtiter plates of analyte may be loaded.



WARNING

The Chip Prep Module is configured at installation for the particular plates you will be using. If at any point you wish to change the plates you are using, contact Agena Bioscience Customer Support to update instrument configuration. Using plates with different well depth without reconfiguration can damage the instrument or compromise assay performance.

- a. Centrifuge the plates at 1000 x g for 1 minute.
- b. Place the first MTP on MTP holder 1 (on the left). This corresponds to chip position 1. Orient the plate such that well A1 is in the front left corner.
- c. If a second MTP is being processed, place it on MTP holder 2 (on the right). This corresponds to chip position 2.
- Click Chip prep module Deck In/Out again to retract the deck.

4.3 Set up and start the run



WARNING

Confirm that instrument settings are correct, as shown in the tables below, prior to each run.

- 1. Select the **Run Setup** tab in SpectroACQUIRE.
- 2. In the Experiment Setup section:
 - a. Under MTP 1, click on the browse button next to Experiment Name and select the XML input file created earlier.
 - b. In the Wells to Process field, select **Automatic**.
 - c. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for MTP 2 if running two plates. Otherwise, select **None** in the Experiment Name and Wells to Process fields for MTP 2.



d. Enter the settings for the SpectroCHIP type being used, as shown in Table 4.1.

Table 4.1 Experiment Setup Settings

| Setting | Value |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Use Autotune | Selected |
| Start Dispense Condition | 600 |
| Resin Volume | 13 |
| Sample Volume | n/a |

- 3. In the Analyzer Setup section:
 - Select Tools > Load Parameters on the SpectroACQUIRE toolbar, then select
 the appropriate parameter file based on the SpectroCHIP type. Acquisition
 parameters will automatically populate.
 - b. Make sure all settings in this section are as shown in Table 4.2.

Table 4.2 Analyzer Setup Settings

| Setting | Value |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Parameter file name | iPLEX_CPM.par |
| Shots (n) | 30 |
| Maximum acquisitions | 9 |
| Minimum good spectra | 5 |
| Maximum good spectra | 5 |
| Turn Off HV After Analysis | Selected |
| Analyze Calibrant Pads | Selected |
| Filter Saturated Shots | Selected |
| Chip Type | Spectro CHIP CPM-96 |

- 4. In the Chip Prep Module Setup section:
 - a. Check the **Normal Operation** box.
 - b. Check MTP Barcodes Required, if desired.
 - c. Select **iPLEX** in the Chemistry drop-down menu.
- 5. In the Temperature Control section:
 - a. If the MTP and calibrant will not be removed from the instrument shortly after the run is completed, select the **MTP Cool** box, and check the **Auto** box.
 - b. Check the Chip Heat box and enter 30 in the Setpoint field.
- 6. If desired, enter your email and check the **When Chipprep module is finished** and **When MA4 is finished** boxes to receive email notifications.
- 7. Click **Start Chip prep module** to start the run.



4.4 Remove plates, calibrant, and SpectroCHIP Arrays when run is complete

- Once the run is completed, click Chip prep module Deck In/Out to move the deck out and remove the MTPs and calibrant vial. Store remaining calibrant refrigerated or frozen for future use.
- 2. Click Remove Old Chips from MA4 in the Run Setup tab. The instrument will move the completed SpectroCHIP Arrays from the MassARRAY Analyzer to the completed chips position on the Chip Prep Module deck, and then extend the deck so you may remove the SpectroCHIP Arrays from the completed chips position.



Data Acquisition on the MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 384

NOTE

The MassARRAY System is to be labeled for Emergency Use Only, using the template provided in Appendix B.

5.1 Create an input file

- 1. Double-click the Chip Linker icon on the desktop.
- 2. In the dialog box that appears, enter your username, password, and server.
- 3. Click **Connect**. The Chip Linker window appears.
- 4. Select a plate in the Chip Linker directory tree.
- 5. Select **iPLEX** as the terminator chemistry.
- 6. Select Genotype+Area for the process method.
- Select Nanodispenser 384 to 384 as the dispenser method.
- 8. Enter an experiment name.
- 9. Enter the SpectroCHIP Array barcode or other SpectroCHIP Array identifier.
- 10. Click **Add**. The input information appears in the Chip Linker table.
- 11. If a second SpectroCHIP Array will be processed, repeat step 4 to step 10 for the second SpectroCHIP Array.
- 12. Click **Create** to create an input XML file. This file will be selected for use when you set up the automatic run.

5.2 Prepare the instrument

- 1. Double-click the **Start All** icon to start MassARRAY Caller, Analyzer Control, Chip Prep Controller (CPC), and SpectroACQUIRE.
- In the Status section in the Run Setup tab of SpectroACQUIRE check the Waste Tank, System Fluid, and Resin buttons; they should be green/Okay. If any are red (Waste Tank Full, System Fluid Empty, Resin Low or Empty) perform the necessary maintenance.
- Click Chip prep module Deck In/Out at the top of the SpectroACQUIRE window. The deck will extend.
- 4. If there are SpectroCHIP Arrays in the completed chips position on the deck remove them.
- 5. Allow the calibrant to equilibrate to room temperature for 5 minutes (if it has been refrigerated) or 10 minutes (if it has been frozen). Pipette 75 µL of calibrant into the calibrant vial and place in the calibrant vial holder on the deck.



- 6. Load the SpectroCHIP Arrays.
 - a. Orient the Chip holder so that the beveled corner is at the top right.
 - b. Open a new SpectroCHIP Array pouch and insert the new SpectroCHIP Array into the chip holder in position 1 (on the left); orient the SpectroCHIP Array such that the Agena logo and barcode are at the bottom. Make sure that the SpectroCHIP Array is properly seated so that the chip holder and SpectroCHIP Array surface are flush.
 - c. If you are processing two plates, insert another new SpectroCHIP Array into the chip holder in position 2 (on the right). If you are only processing one plate, place a previously completed SpectroCHIP Array in position 2, as the MassARRAY Analyzer requires both SpectroCHIP Array positions to be filled to function properly.
 - d. Place the full chip holder in the chip holder tray, new chips position, on the deck.
- 7. Load microtiter plates (MTPs). Up to two 384-well microtiter plates of analytemay be loaded.



WARNING

The Chip Prep Module is configured at installation for the particular plates you will be using. If at any point you wish to change the plates you are using, contact Agena Bioscience Customer Support to update instrument configuration. Using plates with different well depth without reconfiguration can damage the instrument or compromise assay performance.

- a. Centrifuge the plates at 1000 x g for 1 minute.
- b. Place the first MTP on MTP holder 1 (on the left). This corresponds to chip position 1. Orient the plate such that well A1 is in the front left corner.
- c. If a second MTP is being processed, place it on MTP holder 2 (on the right). This corresponds to chip position 2.
- Click Chip prep module Deck In/Out again to retract the deck.

5.3 Set up and start the run



WARNING

Confirm that instrument settings are correct, as shown in the tables below, prior to each run.

- 1. Select the **Run Setup** tab in SpectroACQUIRE.
- In the Experiment Setup section:
 - a. Under MTP 1, click on the browse button next to Experiment Name and select the XML input file created earlier.
 - b. In the Wells to Process field, select **Automatic**.
 - c. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for MTP 2 if running two plates. Otherwise, select **None** in the Experiment Name and Wells to Process fields for MTP 2.



d. Enter the settings as shown in Table 5.1.

Table 5.1 Experiment Setup Settings

| | Value |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Use Autotune | Selected |
| Start Dispense Condition | Default (350) |
| Resin Volume | 10 |
| Sample Volume | n/a |

- In the Analyzer Setup section:
 - a. Select Tools > Load Parameters on the SpectroACQUIRE toolbar, then select the appropriate parameter file based on the SpectroCHIP type. Acquisition parameters will automatically populate.
 - b. Make sure all settings in this section are as shown in Table 5.2.

Table 5.2 Analyzer Setup Settings

| | Value |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Parameter file name | iPLEX_CPM.par |
| Shots (n) | 30 |
| Maximum acquisitions | 9 |
| Minimum good spectra | 5 |
| Maximum good spectra | 5 |
| Turn Off HV After Analysis | Selected |
| Analyze Calibrant Pads | Selected |
| Filter Saturated Shots | Selected |
| Chip Type | SpectroCHIP CPM-384 |

- 4. In the Chip Prep Module Setup section:
 - a. Check the Normal Operation box.
 - b. Check MTP Barcodes Required, if desired.
 - c. Select **iPLEX** in the Chemistry drop-down menu.
- 5. In the Temperature Control section:
 - a. If the MTP and calibrant will not be removed from the instrument shortly after the run is completed, select the **MTP Cool** box, and check the **Auto** box.
 - b. Check the Chip Heat box and enter 30 in the Setpoint field.
- 6. If desired, enter your email and check the **When Chipprep module is finished** and **When MA4 is finished** boxes to receive email notifications.
- 7. Click **Start Chip prep module** to start the run.



5.4 Remove plates, calibrant, and SpectroCHIP Arrays when run is complete

- Once the run is completed, click Chip prep module Deck In/Out to move the deck out and remove the MTPs and calibrant vial. Store remaining calibrant refrigerated or frozen for future use.
- 2. Click **Remove Old Chips from MA4** in the Run Setup tab. The instrument will move the completed SpectroCHIP Arrays from the MassARRAY Analyzer to the completed chips position on the Chip Prep Module deck, and then extend the deck so you may remove the SpectroCHIP Arrays from the completed chips position.



Analysis and Results

6.1 Analyze the data

- Open MassARRAY Typer Analyzer and in the Project Explorer pane double click on the SpectroCHIP Arrays of interest. The SpectroCHIP Arrays will be added to the Chip List.
- Load the SpectroCHIP Arrays by checking the box next to the SpectroCHIP Array names in the Chip List.
- Select File > Reports > MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Report-v1 in the MassARRAY Typer Analyzer menu bar.

When the report is complete, the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Report Details.csv will automatically open, and the results will be made available in a date- and time-stamped folder in the MassARRAY/Typer/bin/TyperReports/MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Report folder.



6.2 Interpretation of the results

Interpretation of MassARRAY SARS-**CoV-2 Panel Controls** The results from testing control samples are interpreted according to the criteria described in Table 6.1.

Table 6.1 Interpretation of MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Controls

| Control Type | External Control Name | N1 | N2 | N3 | ORF1 | ORF1ab | MS2 |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------|-----|
| Negative*** | Negative Control | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | D |
| Positive** | Positive Control | D | D | D | D | D | ND |
| Extraction | MS2 Control | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | D* |

ND=Not Detected; D=Detected

*Can be ND if SARS-CoV-2 is Detected in at least ≥2 assays.
**PC will pass QC only if it is Detected by all targets



^{***}NC will pass QC only it is Not Detected by all targets

Examination and interpretation of patient specimen results

Interpretation of the results is performed by the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Report software.

Assessment of clinical specimen test results must be performed after the positive and negative controls (included on each plate) have been examined and determined to be valid and acceptable (i.e., QCStatus = PASS). If the controls are not valid, the patient results cannot be interpreted. The results from testing of patient samples are interpreted according to the criteria described in Table 6.2.

Table 6.2 Expected Results for MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Patient Specimens

| N1 | N2 | N3 | ORF 1 | ORF 1ab | MS2 | QC Status | Result Interpretation | Report | Action | |
|----|-------------------|----|-------------------|--|--------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| | Any 2 or more (+) | | Any 2 or more (+) | | (+) | PASS | MS2 is detected, and 2 or more SARS-CoV-2 assays detected, result is Detected | SARS-CoV-2 Detected | Report results | |
| | Any 1 (+) | | Any 1 (+) | | | (+) | PASS | MS2 is detected, and only 1 SARS-CoV-2 assay detected, result is Inconclusive | SARS-CoV-2 Inconclusive | Repeat test on original sample. If the repeat result remains inconclusive, report results. Additional confirmation testing should be conducted if clinically indicated. |
| | None (+) | | None (+) | | (+) | PASS | MS2 is detected, and 0 SARS-CoV-2 assays detected, result is Not Detected | SARS-CoV-2 NotDetected | Report results. Consider testing for other viruses. | |
| | Any 2 or more (+) | | | (-) | WARNING * | MS2 is not detected, and 2 or more SARS-CoV-2 assays detected, result is Detected | SARS-CoV-2 Detected | Report results. | | |
| | Any 1 (+) | | Any 1 (+) | | (-) | WARNING * | MS2 is not detected, and only 1 SARS-CoV-2 assay detected, result is Inconclusive | SARS-CoV-2 Inconclusive | Repeat test on original sample. If the repeat result remains inconclusive, report results. Additional confirmation testing should be conducted if clinically indicated. | |
| | None (+) (-) FAIL | | FAIL | MS2 is not detected, and 0 SARS-CoV-2 assays detected, result is Invalid | Invalid | Repeat test on original sample. If the repeat result remains invalid, consider collecting a new specimen. | | | | |

^{*}Refer to Action column for operator response when QC status is WARNING.



Performance Characteristics

7.1 Limit of detection (LoD)

This LoD study established the lowest SARS-CoV-2 viral concentration (copies of SARS-CoV-2 RNA per uL of clinical matrix) that can be detected by the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel at least 95% of the time. Negative screened NP pooled clinical matrix in VTM by the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel test was used for analytical sensitivity studies. The negative screen NP pool clinical matrix in VTM was spiked with heat inactivated SARS-CoV-2 virus (BEI Resources, part number NR52286) at specified concentrations and processed through the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel workflow on both the MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module (CPM) 96 and the MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module (CPM) 384 as described in Chapters 2-5. A two-phase approach was used to determine the LoD.

On the MassARRAY System with CPM 96

Phase One

Preliminary LoD determination was performed testing 3 replicates of 2-fold dilution of heat inactivated SARS-CoV-2 virus (BEI Resources, part number NR52286) at 0.08 copies/ μ L, 0.16 copies/ μ L, 0.31 copies/ μ L, 0.63 copies/ μ L, 1.25 copies/ μ L, 2.5 copies/ μ L, 5 copies/ μ L and 10 copies / μ L. The preliminary LoD was determined at 0.31 copies/ μ L. See Table 7.1.

Table 7.1 Preliminary LoD Determination Study Results, CPM 96 Phase 1

| SARS-CoV-2 copies/µL | # Detected/Total Replicates | % Positive |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 0 | 0/20 | 0% |
| 0.08 | 1/3 | 33% |
| 0.16 | 0/3 | 0% |
| 0.31 | 3/3 | 100% |
| 0.63 | 3/3 | 100% |
| 1.25 | 3/3 | 100% |
| 2.50 | 3/3 | 100% |
| 5.00 | 3/3 | 100% |
| 10.00 | 3/3 | 100% |

Phase Two

NP specimen LoD was confirmed at 2.5 copies/ μ L with 20 out of 20 replicates detected. See Table 7.2.

Table 7.2 LoD Determination Study Results, CPM 96 Phase 2

| SARS-CoV-2 copies/µL | # Detected/Total Replicates | % Positive |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 0 | 0/20 | 0% |
| 0.31 | 7/20 | 35% |
| 0.63 | 12/20 | 60% |
| 1.25 | 18/20 | 90% |
| 2.50 | 20/20 | 100% |



On the MassARRAY System with CPM 384

Phase One

Preliminary LoD determination was performed testing 5 replicates of 2-fold dilution of heat inactivated SARS-CoV-2 virus (BEI Resources, part number NR52286) at 0.313 copies/µL, 0.625 copies/µL, 1.25 copies/µL, 2.5 copies/µL, 3.75 copies/µL, and 5 copies/µL). The preliminary LoD was determined at 1.25 copies/µL. See Table 7.3.

Table 7.3 Preliminary LoD Determination Study Results, CPM 384 Phase 1

| SARS-CoV-2 copies/µL | # Detected/Total Replicates | % Positive |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 0 | 0/20 | 0 |
| 0.313 | 0/5 | 0 |
| 0.625 | 2/5 | 40 |
| 1.250 | 5/5 | 100 |
| 2.500 | 5/5 | 100 |
| 3.750 | 5/5 | 100 |
| 5.000 | 5/5 | 100 |

Phase Two

NP specimen LoD was confirmed at 2.5 copies/µL with 20 out of 20 replicates detected. See Table 7.4.

Table 7.4 LoD Determination Study Results, CPM 384 Phase 2

| SARS-CoV-2 copies/µL | # Detected/Total Replicates | % Positive |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 0 | 0/20 | 0 |
| 1.250 | 18/20 | 90 |
| 1.875 | 18/20 | 90 |
| 2.500 | 20/20 | 100 |

7.2 Inclusivity

Homology verification (inclusivity) was carried out using the sequence data from 18,772 complete SARS-CoV-2 genomes (NCBI 6OCT2020). A multiple sequence alignment (MAFFT version 7) was carried out to generate the consensus sequence, which was used to determine conserved regions of the virus. All assay components listed in Table 7.5 showed 100% sequence homology except for the forward PCR primer for the SC2 N2 assay (see Table 7.5).

According to the in-silico analysis (6OCT2020), 32% of the SARS-CoV-2 sequences have a novel multi-nucleotide polymorphism that overlaps with the first three 5' end nucleotides of the SC2_N2 forward PCR primer (AAC vs. GGG at the 5' end of the 22 total nucleotides). This results in the 86% PCR primer homology (3-nucleotide mismatch in a 22-nucleotide primer) for the 32% of SARS-CoV-2 population with the AAC sequence, resulting in a 95.5% average homology for the SC2_N2 forward PCR primer to all available SARS-CoV-2 sequences as of October 6, 2020 (18,772). The mismatch will not affect the test performance because of the following:

- The mismatch is located at the 5' end of the PCR primer and will be tolerated by the PCR enzyme.
- The annealing temperature of the primer with the mismatch is 59 °C (Table 7.7), which is very close to the optimal 60 °C.



- The mismatch is localized to the codon substitution and we do not anticipate it to affect other nucleotides in the primer.
- The panel contains five SARS-CoV-2 target assays to remain robust in cases of underling mutations.

Table 7.5 MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel In-Silico Inclusivity Analysis Results

| Primer*/Probe | Minimum % Identity | Maximum Mismatches | Total Alignments | Number of Alignments with Mismatches | % Alignments with 100% Identity | Mismatch Accession Numbers |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| SC2_N1_PCR1 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_N1_PCR2 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_N1_PROBE | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_N2_PCR1 | 95.5** | 3/22 | 18.772 | 5,978 | 68 | Codon 50, ORF14, positions 28,881-28,883 |
| SC2_N2_PCR2 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_N2_PROBE | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_N3_PCR1 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_N3_PCR2 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_N3_PROBE | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_ORF1_PCR1 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_ORF1_PCR2 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_ORF1_PROBE | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_ORF1ab_PCR1 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_ORF1ab_PCR2 | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |
| SC2_ORF1ab_PROB E | 100 | 0 | 18.772 | 0 | 100 | |

^{*}PCR1 is forward primer and PCR2 is reverse primer.

7.3 Cross-reactivity

In-silico cross-reactivity was carried out with NCBI nucleotide BLAST with a list of FDA-recommended cross-reactivity micro-organisms (Table 7.6). The analysis was carried out on 6OCT2020 versions of the microbial NCBI database with identical results. The insilico homology to cross-reactivity micro-organisms is the primer-length adjusted BLAST homology. The highest non-CoV-2 homology and the specie (from the FDA list of cross-reactive microorganisms, Table 7.6) are listed in Table 7.7.

Components of three assays (forward primer and probe for N1 assay, forward primer for N2 assay, and probe for ORF1ab assay) exhibit greater than the 80% homology to a listed evaluation species. However, the risk of non-specific amplification and an erroneous detection of non-SARS-CoV-2 RNA is very small in all three cases. Agena iPLEX technology is a two-step process where an initial PCR step is followed by a probe extension step. Therefore, the assay PCR primers are used to initiate cDNA syntheses and amplify the template library while the probes are used to interrogate the template via a single-base extension. The RT-PCR and the extend steps instill target specificity and remove the deleterious PCR-probe primer interaction.



^{**95.5%} average sequence homology as of 6OCT2020 as discussed above. [=(0.86x0.32)+(1x0.68)]

Following is an analysis of the cross-reactivity results for the three assays that exhibit >80% homology in at least one of their components:

- SC2_N1 assay. Two SC2_N1 assay components (forward primer and probe) exhibit >80% in silico homology to a listed organism (SARS-coronavirus). However, the cross-reactive assay components are not the PCR primers, but a combination of one PCR primer and the probe. The forward primer showed 82% homology while the reverse primer showed 75% homology and the probe showed 94% homology to SARS-coronavirus. The SC2_N1 reverse primer shows low homology, therefore the risk of non-specific PCR amplification of SARS-coronavirus is low. This is confirmed by the NCBI Primer BLAST. Furthermore, reverse transcription of RNA into DNA requires high reverse PCR primer homology. Low homology of the reverse primer further reduces non-specific reverse-transcription and subsequent amplification.
- SC2_N2 assay. One SC2_N2 assay component (forward primer) exhibits >80% homology to a listed organism (SARS-coronavirus). The forward PCR primer showed 91% homology while the reverse primer showed 68% homology and the probe showed 55% homology to SARS-coronavirus. The SC2_N2 reverse primer and probe show low homology, therefore the risk of non-specific PCR amplification and probe extension of SARS-coronavirus is low. This is confirmed by the NCBI Primer BLAST. Furthermore, reverse transcription of RNA into DNA requires high reverse PCR primer homology. Low homology of the reverse primer further reduces non-specific reverse-transcription and subsequent amplification.
- SC2_ORF1ab assay. One SC2_ORF1ab assay component (probe) exhibits >80% homology to a listed organism (SARS-coronavirus). The probe showed 88% homology while the forward primer showed 76% and the reverser primer showed 37% homology to SARS-coronavirus. The SC2_ORF1ab forward and reverse primers show low homology, therefore risk of non-specific PCR amplification of SARS-coronavirus is low. This is confirmed by the NCBI Primer BLAST. Furthermore, reverse transcription of RNA into DNA requires high reverse PCR primer homology. Low homology of the reverse primer further reduces non-specific reverse-transcription and subsequent amplification.



Table 7.6 List of Organisms Analyzed in Silico Cross-Reactivity

| Other high priority pathogens from the same genetic family | High priority organisms likely present in a respiratory specimen |
|--|---|
| Human coronavirus 229E | Adenovirus (e.g., C1 Ad. 71) |
| Human coronavirus OC43 | Human Metapneumovirus (hMPV) |
| Human coronavirus HKU1 | Parainfluenza virus 1-4 |
| Human coronavirus NL63 | Influenza A & B |
| SARS-coronavirus | Enterovirus (e.g., EV68) |
| MERS-coronavirus | Respiratory syncytial virus |
| | Rhinovirus |
| | Chlamydia pneumoniae |
| | Haemophilus influenzae |
| | Legionella pneumophila |
| | Mycobacterium tuberculosis |
| | Streptococcus pneumoniae |
| | Streptococcus pyogenes |
| | Bordetella pertussis |
| | Mycoplasma pneumoniae |
| | Pneumocystis jirovecii (PJP) |
| | Pooled human nasal wash – to represent diverse microbial flora in the human respiratory tract |
| | Candida albicans |
| | Pseudomonas aeruginosa |
| | Staphylococcus epidermidis |
| | Streptococcus salivarius |



Table 7.7 MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel in Silico Cross-Reactivity

| Assay Name | Assay Primer* | Annealing Temperature (°C) | Sequence | SARS- CoV-2 Homology % | Highest Other Specie Homology % | Highest Other Specie from FDA List (Table 7.6) |
|----------------|----------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| | SC2_N1_PCR1 | 65 | TGAGGAAGTTGTAGCACGATTG | 100 | 82 | SARS- coronavirus |
| SC2_N1 | SC2_N1_PCR2 | 65 | AGACGGCATCATATGGGTTG | 100 | 75 | SARS- coronavirus |
| | SC2_N1_PROBE | 59 | GTGCCAATGTGATCTTT | 100 | 94 | SARS- coronavirus |
| | SC2_N2_PCR1 | 66 (59 with 3- base 5-prime mismatch) | GGGGAACTTCTCCTGCTAGAAT | 97.3** | 91 | SARS- coronavirus |
| SC2_N2 | SC2_N2_PCR2 | 64 | CAGACATTTTGCTCTCAAGCTG | 100 | 68 | SARS- coronavirus |
| | SC2_N2_PROBE | 69 | GCAAAGCAAGAGCAGCATCACC | 100 | 55 | Human Coronavirus NL63 |
| | SC2_N3_PCR1 | 64 | GTGGATGAGGCTGGTTCTAA | 100 | 60 | MERS- coronavirus |
| SC2_N3 | SC2_N3_PCR2 | 59 | ACTACAAGACTACCCAATTT | 100 | 60 | MERS- coronavirus |
| | SC2_N3_PROBE | 57 | GAAACTGTATAATTACCGATA | 100 | 57 | Human coronavirus HKU1 |
| | SC2_ORF1_PCR 1 | 63 | AACTGTTGGTCAACAAGACG | 100 | 55 | Enterovirus F strain BEV- 261 |
| SC2_ORF1 | SC2_ORF1_PCR | 63 | CAATAGTCTGAACAACTGGTGT | 100 | 50 | Staphylococc us phage tp310-3 |
| | SC2_ORF1_PRO BE | 56 | GGTTCAACCTCAATTAG | 100 | 76 | Possum enterovirus W1 |
| | SC2_ORF1ab_P CR1 | 63 | CCCTGTGGGTTTTACACTTAA | 100 | 76 | SARS- coronavirus |
| SC2_ORF1a b | SC2_ORF1ab_P CR2 | 65 | ACGATTGTGCATCAGCTGA | 100 | 68 | Enterovirus SEV-gx |
| | SC2_ORF1ab_P ROBE | 65 | ATCAACTCCGCGAACCC | 100 | 88 | SARS- coronavirus |
| | MS2_Ctrl_PCR1 | 65 | TTGACAATCTCTTCGCCCTG | - | 55 | Enterovirus AN12 genomic RNA |
| MCO Otal | MS2_Ctrl_PCR2 | 64 | CTGACATACCTCCGACAACT | - | 50 | SARS-CoV-2 |
| MS2_Ctrl | MS2_Ctrl_PROB E | 70 | CCCAACCCCGTAGCCGATT | - | 58 | Human rhinovirus NAT001 polyprotein gene |

^{*}PCR1 is forward primer and PCR2 is reverse primer.



^{**95.5} average sequence homology as of 6OCT2020 as discussed in section 6.2: Inclusivity. $[=(0.86\times0.32)+(1\times0.68)]$

7.4 Warnings and precautions

- For In Vitro Diagnostic Use.
- For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) Only.
- For prescription use only.
- This test has not been FDA cleared or approved.
- This test has been authorized by FDA under an EUA for use by authorized laboratories.
- This test has been authorized only for the detection of nucleic acid from SARS-CoV-2, not for any other viruses or pathogens.
- This test is only authorized for the duration of the declaration that circumstances
 exist justifying the authorization of emergency use of *in vitro* diagnostics for
 detection and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 under Section 564 (b) (1) of the Federal
 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C § 360bbb-3(b)(1), unless the
 authorization is terminated or revoked sooner.
- Care must be taken to avoid mislabeling/misidentifying samples.
- Reduced sample input can adversely affect ability to detect SARS-CoV-2 virus.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetic products in the work areas.
- Positive results are indicative of SARS-CoV-2 RNA.
- Laboratories within the United States and its territories are required to report all results to the appropriate public health authorities.
- For use only with personnel trained in techniques of reverse transcriptase-PCR and *in vitro* diagnostic procedures.
- Specimen processing should be performed in accordance with national biological safety regulations.
- If infection with COVID-19 is suspected, specimens should be collected with appropriate infection control precautions.
- Always use pipette tips with aerosol barriers. Tips that are used must be sterile and free of DNases and RNases.
- Samples and controls should always be treated as if infectious and/or biohazardous in accordance with safe laboratory procedures.
- Follow necessary precautions when handling samples. Use personal protective equipment (PPE) consistent with current guidelines for the handling of potentially infectious samples.
- Dispose of waste in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations.
- All human-sourced materials should be considered potentially infectious and should be handled with universal precautions. If spillage occurs, immediately disinfect with a freshly prepared solution of 0.5% sodium hypochlorite in distilled or deionized water (dilute household bleach 1:10) or follow appropriate site procedures.
- Fresh clean gloves must be worn in each area and must be changed before leaving that area.
- Do not pipette by mouth.



- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on the Agena customer support portal, or by contacting Customer Support.
- Modifications to assay reagents, assay protocol, or instrumentation are not permitted.
- Do not use the kit or any kit components past the expiration date indicated on the kit carton label.
- In the event of damage to the protective packaging, consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for instructions.
- Reagents must be stored as specified in Table 1.3 or by their manufacturer.
- Ensure all equipment utilized is calibrated and maintained according to manufacturer instructions.

7.5 Limitations

- This device may not be able to differentiate newly emerging SARS-CoV-2 subtypes.
- Analyte targets (viral sequences) may persist in vivo, independent of virus viability.
 Detection of analyte target(s) does not imply that the corresponding virus(es) are infectious or are the causative agents for clinical symptoms.
- All results from this and other tests must be considered in conjunction with the clinical history, epidemiological data, and other data available to the clinician evaluating the patient.
- Samples (nasopharyngeal swab, oropharyngeal swab, nasal and mid-turbinate swabs, nasal and nasopharyngeal aspirate, and bronchoalveolar lavage) must be collected, transported, and stored using appropriate procedures and conditions, as outlined in CDC guidelines (https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/lab/ guidelines-clinical-specimens.html). Improper collection, transport, or storage of samples may hinder the ability of the assay to detect the target sequences.
- The performance of the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel was established using nasopharyngeal swabs (NP) samples. Oropharyngeal swabs, nasal and midturbinate swabs, nasal and nasopharyngeal aspirate, and bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) samples are also considered acceptable sample types for use with the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel, but performance has not been established.
- Extraction and amplification of nucleic acid from clinical samples must be performed according to the specified methods listed in this procedure. Other extraction approaches and processing systems have not been evaluated.
- This test is a qualitative test and does not provide the quantitative value of detected organisms present.
- There is a risk of false positive values resulting from:
 - Cross-contamination by target organisms, their nucleic acids or amplified product, or from non-specific signals in the assay.
 - Cross-contamination during sample handling or preparation.
 - Cross-contamination between patient samples.
 - Sample mix up.



- RNA contamination during product handling.
- There is a risk of false negative values due to:
 - The presence of sequence variants in the pathogen targets of the assay, procedural errors, amplification inhibitors in samples, or inadequate numbers of organisms for amplification.
 - Improper sample collection.
 - Sample mix up.
 - Degradation of the SARS-CoV-2 RNA during shipping/storage.
 - Sample collection does not collect SARS-CoV-2 RNA.
 - Using unauthorized extraction or assay reagents.
 - The presence of RT-PCR inhibitors.
 - Mutation in the SARS-CoV-2 virus.
 - Failure to follow instructions for use.
- The impacts of vaccines, antiviral therapeutics, antibiotics, chemotherapeutic or immunosuppressant drugs have not been evaluated.
- This test cannot rule out infections caused by other viral or bacterial pathogens not present on this panel.
- Negative results do not preclude infection with SARS-CoV-2 virus, and should not be the sole basis of a patient management decision.
- This device has been evaluated for use with human sample material only.
- The performance of this device has not been evaluated for patients without signs and symptoms of infection.
- The performance of this device has not been evaluated for monitoring treatment of infection.
- Based on the in-silico cross-reactivity analysis, other SARS-like coronaviruses in the same subgenus (Sarbecovirus) as SARS-CoV-2 may cross-react with MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel. Other SARS-like coronaviruses in the same subgenus (Sarbecovirus) as SARS-CoV-2 are not known to be currently circulating in the human population, and therefore are highly unlikely to be present in patient specimens.

7.6 Conditions of authorization for laboratory

The MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Letter of Authorization, along with the authorized Fact Sheet for Healthcare Providers, the authorized Fact Sheet for Patients, and authorized labeling, are available on the FDA website: https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/vitro-diagnostics-euas.

However, to assist clinical laboratories using the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel ("your product" in the conditions below), the relevant Conditions of Authorization are listed below:



A. Authorized laboratories¹ using your product will include with test result reports, all authorized Fact Sheets. Under exigent circumstances, other appropriate methodsfor disseminating these Fact Sheets may be used, which may include mass media.

B. Authorized laboratories using your product will use your product as outlined in the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Instructions for Use (IFU-CUS-001). Deviations from the authorized procedures, including the authorized instruments, authorized extraction methods, authorized clinical specimen types, authorized control materials, authorized other ancillary reagents and authorized materials required to use your product are not permitted.

C. Authorized laboratories that receive your product will notify the relevant public health authorities of their intent to run your product prior to initiating testing.

D. Authorized laboratories using your product will have a process in place for reporting test results to healthcare providers and relevant public health authorities, as appropriate.

E. Authorized laboratories will collect information on the performance of your product and report to DMD/OHT7-OIR/OPEQ/CDRH (via email: CDRH-EUA-Reporting@fda.hhs.gov) and Agena Bioscience (1-858-882-2800; helpdesk@AgenaBio.com) any suspected occurrence of false positive or false negative results and significant deviations from the established performance characteristics of your product of which they become aware.

F.All laboratory personnel using your product must be appropriately trained in molecular and mass spectrometry techniques and use appropriate laboratory and personal protective equipment when handling this kit, and use your product in accordance with the authorized labeling.

G. You, authorized distributors, and authorized laboratories using your product will ensure that any records associated with this EUA are maintained until otherwise notified by FDA. Such records will be made available to FDA for inspection upon request.

7.7 Clinical evaluation

Two clinical evaluation studies were performed to evaluate the performance of the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel for testing nasopharyngeal (NP) swab specimens from patients suspected of COVID-19 by their health providers concurrently with another Real-Time RT-PCR kit authorized by the FDA.

Pre-authorization study

A total of 63 positive and 60 negative specimens in VTM were tested. The samples were randomized, blinded, and tested with the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel as described in Chapters 2-5.

All negative samples were tested negative. Of the positive samples, 56 tested positive, 3 tested negative, and 4 tested Inconclusive. Of the 4 Inconclusive samples, 1 was retested and found to be positive; 3 were unable to be retested due to insufficient



¹ The letter of authorization refers to, "Laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C. §263a, to perform high complexity tests" as "authorized laboratories."

sample volume and were excluded from the analyses. Table 7.9 provides a summary of the clinical evaluation results.

Table 7.8 Performance of the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Against EUA Comparator Test (preauthorization study)

| | | Comparator Test EUA SARS-CoV-2 Assay | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | | Detected | Not Detected | Total |
| MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel | Detected | 57 | 0 | 57 |
| | Not Detected | 3 ¹ | 60 | 63 |
| | Inconclusive | 3 ² | 0 | 3 |
| | Total | 63 | 60 | 123 |
| Positive Percent Agreement: 95% (57/60) 95% CI: 86.3% to 98.3% | | | | |
| Negative Percent Agreement: 100% (60/60) 95% CI: 94.0% to 100% | | | | |

¹Three (3) samples were not detected with the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel and were detected by the comparator SARS-CoV-2 assay. These 3 false negative samples had low viral load with high Ct values with the comparator SARS-CoV-2 assay.

Post-authorization study

A total of 30 positive and 30 negative specimens in VTM or UTM were tested. The samples were randomized, blinded, and tested with the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel as described in Chapters 2-5.

All negative samples were tested negative. Of the positive samples, 28 tested positive, and 2 tested Inconclusive. The Inconclusive samples were retested and all were found positive. Table 7.9 provides a summary of the clinical evaluation results.

Table 7.9 Performance of the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel Against EUA Comparator Test (post-authorization study)

| | | Comparator Test EUA SARS CoV-2 Assay | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | | Detected | Not Detected | Total |
| MassARRAY | Detected | 30 ¹ | 0 | 30 |
| | Not Detected | 0 | 30 | 30 |
| SARS-CoV-2 Panel | Inconclusive | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | 30 | 30 | 60 |
| Positive Percent Agreement: 100% (30/30) 95% CI: 94.0% to 100% | | | | |
| Negative Percent Agreement: 100% (30/30) 95% CI: 94.0% to 100% | | | | |

¹Two (2) samples had Inconclusive results and were retested Detected. These 2 samples had low viral load with high Ct values with the comparator SARS-CoV-2 assay.



²Three (3) samples had inconclusive results and were not retested due to insufficient sample volume. They were excluded from the statistical analysis. These 3 samples had low viral load with high Ct values with the comparator SARS-CoV-2 assay. Agena Bioscience further evaluated the performance of the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel in the study described below (post-authorization study).

7.8 Carry-over and cross contamination study

A study was performed to assess the carry-over/cross-contamination of the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel. The study was performed by testing an alternating series (i.e., checkboard pattern) of high positive (1x10⁵ copies/mL of heat inactivated SARS-CoV-2 virus, BEI Resources part number NR52286 spiked in negative NP samples in VTM) and negative samples (negative screened NP pooled clinical matrix in VTM by the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel test) on two full 96-well PCR plates and two full 384-well PCR plates with the MassARRAY SARS-CoV-2 Panel as described in Chapters 2-5.

No false positive results were observed during testing of high positive samples alternating with negative samples, with the exception of one negative sample which was detected by the ORF1 assay and resulted in an inconclusive result. Results demonstrate that recommended sample handling and testing protocols are effective in preventing false positive results due to carryover or cross-contamination between samples. Table 7.10 and Table 7.11 present a summary of the results.

Table 7.10 Summary of Carry-over/Cross Contamination Study, 96-well

| Sample Group | N | Detected | NotDetected | Inconclusive ¹ | Invalid ² |
|--|----|-----------|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Negative | 94 | 0 (0%) | 94 (100%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) |
| High Positive (1x10 ⁵ copies/mL) | 94 | 94 (100%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) |

¹When MS2 is detected or not detected, and only one SARS-CoV-2 assay is detected, the result is inconclusive.

Table 7.11 Summary of Carry-over/Cross Contamination Study, 384-well

| Sample Group | N | Detected | NotDetected | Inconclusive ¹ | Invalid ² |
|--|-----|------------|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Negative | 382 | 0 (0%) | 381 (99.7%) | 1 (0.3%) | 0 (0%) |
| High Positive (1x10 ⁵ copies/mL) | 382 | 382 (100%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) |

¹When MS2 is detected or not detected, and only one SARS-CoV-2 assay is detected, the result is inconclusive.

7.9 FDA SARS-CoV-2 reference panel study

The evaluation of sensitivity and MERS-CoV cross-reactivity was performed using reference material (T1), blinded samples and a standard protocol provided by the FDA. The study included a range finding study and a confirmatory study for LoD. Blinded sample testing was used to establish specificity and to corroborate the LoD. The extraction method and instrument used were the Mag-Bind® Viral RNA Xpress Kit with the KingFisher Flex with 96 Deep-well head for extraction, and the MassARRAY Analyzer with Chip Prep Module 96 for data acquisition. The results are summarized in Table 7.12.



²When MS2 is not detected and zero SARS-CoV-2 assays are detected, the result is invalid.

²When MS2 is not detected and zero SARS-CoV-2 assays are detected, the result is invalid.

Table 7.12 Summary of LoD Confirmation Result Using the FDA SARS-CoV-2 Reference Panel

| Reference Materials Provided by FDA | Specimen Type | Product LoD | Cross- Reactivity |
|--|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| SARS-CoV-2 | NP | 5.4x10 ⁴ NDU/mL | N/A |
| MERS-CoV | INF | N/A | ND |

NDU/mL = RNA NAAT detectable units/mL

N/A: Not Applicable ND: Not Detected



Support

8.1 Customer support

Please contact your local Agena Bioscience office for customer support.

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS & NORTH AMERICA

Agena Bioscience, Inc. 4755 Eastgate Mall San Diego, CA 92121 USA Phone: 1-858-882-2800

Fax: 1-858-882-2727

Help Desk: 1-877-4-GENOME or 1-858-882-2800

E-mail: helpdesk@AgenaBio.com

EUROPE

Agena Bioscience GmbH Gasstrasse 18, House 5 22761, Hamburg Germany Phone: (+49) 40-899676-0 Fax: (+49) 40-899676-10

Email: support-europe@AgenaBio.com

AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND

Agena Bioscience, Inc. Ground Floor, 27 Jeays Street Bowen Hills, QLD 4006 Australia Phone: (+61) 7 3088 1600 Fax: (+61) 7 3088 1614

Email: support-anz@AgenaBio.com

CHINA and ASIA PACIFIC

Agena Bioscience (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Room 1609-1613, Building A Fenglin International Center No. 380 Fenglin Road, Xuhui District Shanghai 200032 PR China

Phone: (+86) 21 6427 0566 Fax: (+86) 21 6427 0511

Email: support-china@AgenaBio.com

[0121]



8.2 Related documentation

Table 8.1 Related User Documentation

| Document | Document # |
|---|-------------|
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 96 User Guide | USG-CUS-069 |
| MassARRAY System with Chip Prep Module 384 User Guide | USG-CUS-097 |
| MassARRAY Typer User Guide | USG-CUS-027 |



EUO Label for Thermal Cycler

Apply the following label to the PCR thermal cycler after qualification, as specified in Section 3.1, "PCR thermal cycler qualification".

For Emergency Use Only

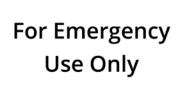


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EUO Label for MassARRAY System

The MassARRAY System is to be labeled for Emergency Use Only, using the template below.



Agena Bioscience, Inc. 4755 Eastgate Mall, San Diego, CA, 92121 agenabio.com Made in the USA.





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