



GBS Commonwealth Co., Ltd.
Jimmy Kim
RA
C-309, Woolim Lion's Valley, 168, Gasan Digital 1-ro
Geumcheon-gu, Seoul 08507
Korea, South

August 12, 2021

Re: K211205
Trade/Device Name: Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3050
Regulation Name: Spinal Interlaminar Fixation Orthosis
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: KWP
Dated: June 17, 2021
Received: June 21, 2021

Dear Jimmy Kim:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part

801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531 - 542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance>) and CDRH Learn (<https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

for

Colin O'Neill, M.B.E.
Assistant Director
DHT6B: Division of Spinal Devices
OHT6: Office of Orthopedic Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K211205

Device Name

Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System

Indications for Use (Describe)

The Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System is intended for anterior screw fixation to the cervical spine (C2-C7). The System is indicated for use in the immobilization and stabilization of the spine as an adjunct to fusions in patients with:

- degenerative disc disease (as defined by neck pain of discogenic origin with degeneration of the disc confirmed by patient history and radiographic studies),
- spondylolisthesis,
- trauma (i.e. fractures or dislocations),
- tumors,
- deformity (defined as kyphosis, lordosis, or scoliosis),
- pseudoarthrosis,
- failed previous fusion,
- spinal stenosis.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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510(k) SUMMARY

The following summary is being submitted as required by 21 CFR 807.92(a):

1. Device Identification

Submitter: GBS Commonwealth Co., Ltd.
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South Korea
Phone. 82-2-6925-4469
e-mail: Jimmy.kim@gbscommonwealth.com

Contact Person: Jimmy Kim
Date prepared April, 13, 2021

Trade Name	Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System
Regulatory Class	Class II
Regulation Name/Common Name	Anterior Cervical Plate
Classification Name	Spinal Intervertebral body fixation orthosis (21 CFR 888.3060)
Panel	Orthopedic
Product Code	KWQ

2. Purpose of 510(k)

The GBS Commonwealth Co. Ltd., here by submits this special submission : for original product Introduction of Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System

3. Predicate or legally marketed devices which are substantially equivalent

- 1) Primary Predicate Device : K202878 Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System
- 2) Additional Predicated(s) : (1) K191584 Fortico Anterior Cervical Fixation System
(2) K182418 V3 Segmental Plating System



4. Description of the Device

The Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System is composed of plates, screws and lockers which are made from titanium alloy Ti-6Al-4V ELI as per ASTM F136. The plates are offered in one-level, two-level, three-level, four-level, five-level fusion configurations. In addition, one level plate consists of a four hole for screw insertion and a two-hole and three-hole for screw insertion. The plate lockers are fixed into the main plate body by rivet technique. The screw type consists of single and double thread and fixed and variable type. This device is supplied non-sterile.

5. Indication for Use

The Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System is intended for anterior screw fixation to the cervical spine (C2-C7). The System is indicated for use in the immobilization and stabilization of the spine as an adjunct to fusions in patients with:

- degenerative disc disease (as defined by neck pain of discogenic origin with degeneration of the disc confirmed by patient history and radiographic studies),
- spondylolisthesis,
- trauma (i.e. fractures or dislocations),
- tumors,
- deformity (defined as kyphosis, lordosis, or scoliosis),
- pseudoarthrosis,
- failed previous fusion,
- spinal stenosis.



6. Comparison of the technological characteristics of the subject and predicate devices

The Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System is considered substantially equivalent to the primary predicate Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System K202878, Fortico Anterior Cervical Fixation System (K191584) and V3 Segmental Plating System (K182418). They are similar in design, material, scientific technologies and indications for use.

7. Performance Testing

Static compression bending, Static torsion and Fatigue compression bending test were performed according to ASTM F1717 on a worst-case, cervical plate construct.

8. Conclusion

The Prase-C Anterior Cervical Plate System is substantially equivalent to legally marketed predicates.