2014 Edition EHR Certification Criteria Grid Mapped to Meaningful Use Stage 2

CORE

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP	EH	Use CPOE for medication, laboratory and radiology orders directly entered by any licensed healthcare professional who can enter orders into the medical record per State, local and professional guidelines.	More than 60% of medication, 30% of laboratory, and 30% of radiology orders created by the EP or authorized providers of the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period are recorded using CPOE. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(a)(1) Computerized provider order entry. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access the following order types, at a minimum: i) Medications; ii) Laboratory; and iii) Radiology/imaging.	
ЕР		EPs: Record the following demographics: Preferred language Sex Race Ethnicity Date of birth.	More than 80% of all unique patients seen by the EP or admitted to the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period have demographics recorded as structured data.	§170.314(a)(3) Demographics. (i) Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access patient demographic data including preferred language, sex, race, ethnicity, and date of birth. (A) Enable race and ethnicity to be recorded in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.207(f) and whether a patient declines to specify race and/or ethnicity. (B) Enable preferred language to be recorded in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.207(g) and whether a patient declines to specify a preferred language. (i) Inpatient setting only. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access preliminary cause of death in the event of a mortality.	 § 170.207(f) – OMB standards for Maintaining, Collecting, and Presenting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity, Statistical Policy Directive No. 15, Oct 30, 1997. § 170.207(g) – ISO 639-2 alpha-3 codes limited to those that also have a corresponding alpha-2 code in ISO 639-1.

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
	ЕН	EHs/CAHs: Record the following demographics: Preferred language Sex Race Ethnicity Date of birth Date and preliminary cause of death in the event of mortality in the EH or CAH.	More than 80% of all unique patients seen by the EP or admitted to the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period have demographics recorded as structured data.	§170.314(a)(3) Demographics. (i) Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access patient demographic data including preferred language, sex, race, ethnicity, and date of birth. A) Enable race and ethnicity to be recorded in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.207(f) and whether a patient declines to specify race and/or ethnicity. B) Enable preferred language to be recorded in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.207(g) and whether a patient declines to specify a preferred language. ii) Inpatient setting only. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access preliminary cause of death in the event of a mortality.	Substituting 170.207(f) – OMB standards for Maintaining, Collecting, and Presenting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity, Statistical Policy Directive No. 15, Oct 30, 1997. Substituting 170.207(g) – ISO 639-2 alpha-3 codes limited to those that also have a corresponding alpha-2 code in ISO 639-1.
ЕР	EH	Record and chart changes in vital signs: Height/length Blood pressure (BP) (age 3+) Calculate and display BMI Plot and display growth charts for children 0–20 years, including BMI.	More than 80% of all unique patients seen by the EP or admitted to the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period have BP (for patients age 3+ only) and height/length and weight (for all ages) recorded as structured data. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(a)(4) Vital signs, body mass index, and growth charts. (i) Vital signs. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access, at a minimum, a patient's height/length, weight, and blood pressure. Height/length, weight, and blood pressure must be recorded in numerical values only. (ii) Calculate body mass index. Automatically calculate and electronically display body mass index based on a patient's height and weight. (iii) Optional – Plot and display growth charts. Plot and electronically display, upon request, growth charts for patients.	

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
ЕР	ЕН	Use clinical decision support to improve performance on high-priority health conditions.	1. Implement five clinical decision support interventions related to four or more clinical quality measures at a relevant point in patient care for the entire EHR reporting period. Absent four clinical quality measures related to an EP's, EH's, or CAH's scope of practice or patient population, the clinical decision support interventions must be related to high-priority health conditions. Absent four clinical quality measures related to [an EP's scope of practice or patient population/an eligible hospital or CAH's patient population], the clinical decision support interventions must be related to high-priority health conditions. 2. The EP, EH, or CAH has enabled and implemented the functionality for drugdrug and drug-allergy interaction checks for the entire EHR reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	Clinical decision support (i) Evidence-based decision support interventions. Enable a limited set of identified users to select (i.e., activate) one or more electronic clinical decision support interventions (in addition to drug-drug and drug-allergy contraindication checking) based on each one and at least one combination of the following data: (A) Problem list: (B) Medication list; (C) Medication list; (D) Demographics; (E) Laboratory tests and values/results; and (F) Vital signs. (ii) Linked referential clinical decision support. (A) EIRR technology must be able to: (1) Electronically identify for a user diagnostic and therapeutic reference information; or (2) Electronically identify for a user diagnostic and therapeutic reference information in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.20(4) by and the implementation specifications at § 170.204 (b)(1) or (2). (B) For paragraph (a)(8)(iii)(A) of this section. EIRR technology must be able to electronically identify for a user diagnostic and therapeutic reference information in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.20(4) (b)(1) or (2). (B) For paragraph (a)(8)(iii)(A) of this section. Electronically identify for a user diagnostic or therapeutic reference information based on each one and at least one combination of the data referenced in paragraphs (a)(8)(i)(A) through (F) of this section. (iii) Clinical decision support configuration. (A) Enable interventions and reference resources specified in paragraphs (a)(8)(i) and (iii) of this section to be configured by a limited set of identified users (e.g., system administrator) based on a user's role. (B) EIRR technology must enable interventions to be electronically triggered: (1) Based on the data referenced in paragraphs (a)(8)(ii)(A) through (F) of this section. (2) When a patient's medications, medication allergies, and problems are incorporated from a transition of care/referral summary received pursuant to paragraph (a)(ii) of this section. (iv) Automatically and electronically intera	 § 170.204(b) – HL7 V3 Standard: Context-Aware Retrieval Application (Infobutton). Implementation specifications: § 170.204(b)(1) – HL7 V3 IG: URL- Based Implementations of Context- Aware Information Retrieval (Infobutton) Domain; or § 170.204(b)(2) – HL7 V3 IG: Context-Aware Knowledge Retrieval (Infobutton) Service-Oriented Architecture Implementation Guide.

EP	ЕН	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP	ЕН	Record smoking status for patients 13 years old or older.	More than 80% of all unique patients 13 years old or older seen by the EP or admitted to the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period have smoking status recorded as structured data. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(a)(11) Smoking status. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access the smoking status of a patient in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.207(h).	• § 170.207(h) – Coded to one of the following SNOMED CT® codes: 1) Current every day smoker. 449868002 2) Current some day smoker. 428041000124106 3) Former smoker. 8517006 4) Never smoker. 266919005 5) Smoker, current status unknown. 77176002 6) Unknown if ever smoked. 266927001 7) Heavy tobacco smoker. 428071000124103 8) Light tobacco smoker. 428061000124105
EP	ЕН	Generate lists of patients by specific conditions to use for quality improvement, reduction of disparities, research, or outreach.	Generate at least one report listing patients of the EP, EH, or CAH with a specific condition.	§170.314(a)(14) Patient list creation. Enable a user to electronically and dynamically select, sort, access, and create patient lists by: date and time; and based on each one and at least one combination of the following data: i) Problems; ii) Medications; iii) Medication allergies; iv) Demographics; v) Laboratory tests and values/results; and vi) Ambulatory setting only. Patient communication preferences.	

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP		Use clinically relevant information to identify patients who should receive reminders for preventive/follow-up care and send these patients the reminder, per patient preference.	More than 10% of all unique patients who have had two or more office visits with the EP within the 24 months before the beginning of the EHR reporting period were sent a reminder, per patient preference when available. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(a)(14) Patient list creation. Enable a user to electronically and dynamically select, sort, access, and create patient lists by: date and time; and based on each one and at least one combination of the following data: i) Problems; ii) Medications; iii) Medication allergies; iv) Demographics; v) Laboratory tests and values/results; and vi) Ambulatory setting only. Patient communication preferences.	
EP	EH	Use clinically relevant information from CEHRT to identify patient-specific education resources and provide those resources to the patient.	EP: Patient specific education resources identified by CEHRT are provided to patients for more than 10% of all unique patients with office visits seen by the EP during the EHR reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details EHs/CAHs: More than 10% of all unique patients admitted to the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency departments (POS 21 or 23) are provided patient-specific education resources identified by CEHRT.	§170.314(a)(15) Patient-specific education resources. EHR technology must be able to electronically identify for a user patient-specific education resources based on data included in the patient's problem list, medication list, and laboratory tests and values/results: i) In accordance with the standard specified at § 170.204(b) and the implementation specifications at § 170.204(b)(1) or (2); and ii) By any means other than the method specified in paragraph (a)(15)(i).	Signature Signature

EP	ЕН	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
	ЕН	Automatically track medications from order to administration using assistive technologies in conjunction with an electronic medication administration record (eMAR).	More than 10% of medication orders created by authorized providers of the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period for which all doses are tracked using eMAR. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(a)(16) Inpatient setting only — electronic medication administration record. i) In combination with an assistive technology that provides automated information on the "rights" specified in paragraphs (a)(16)(i)(A) through (E) of this section, enable a user to electronically verify the following before administering medication(s): (A) Right patient. The patient to whom the medication is to be administered matches the medication to be administered. (B) Right medication. The medication to be administered matches the medication ordered for the patient. (C) Right dose. The dose of the medication to be administered matches the dose of the medication ordered for the patient. (D) Right route. The route of medication delivery matches the route specified in the medication order. (E) Right time. The time that the medication was ordered to be administered compared to the current time. ii) Right documentation. Electronically record the time and date in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(g), and user identification when a medication is administered.	170.210(g). The date and time recorded utilize a system clock that has been synchronized following (RFC 1305) Network Time Protocol, or (RFC 5905) Network Time Protocol Version 4.

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ЕР	EH	The EP, EH, or CAH who transitions their patient to another setting of care or provider of care or refers their patient to another provider of care provides a summary care record for each transition of care or referral. Transitions of care. {Continued}	1) The EP, EH, or CAH that transitions or refers their patient to another setting of care or provider of care provides a summary of care record for more than 50% of transitions of care and referrals. 2) The EP, EH, or CAH that transitions or refers their patient to another setting of care or provider of care provides a summary of care record for more than 10% of such transitions and referrals either – (a) Electronically transmitted using CEHRT to a recipient; or (b) Where the recipient receives the summary of care record via exchange facilitated by an organization that is a NwHIN Exchange participant or in a manner that is consistent with the governance mechanism ONC establishes for the nationwide health information network. 3) An EP, EH, or CAH must satisfy one of the following: (A) Conducts one or more successful electronic exchanges of a summary of care record meeting the measure (for EPs at § 495.6(j)(14)(ii)(B) and for eligible hospitals and CAHs the measure at § 495.6(j)(11)(ii)(B)) with a recipient using technology to receive the summary of care record that was designed by a different EHR developer than the sender's EHR technology certified at 45 CFR 107.314(b)(2); or (B) Conducts one or more successful tests with the CMS designated test EHR during the EHR reporting period.	Transitions of care: (b)(1) – receive, display, and incorporate transition of care/referral summaries. Receive. EHR technology must be able to electronically receive transition of care/referral summaries. (A) The standard specified in § 170.202(a). (B) Optional. The standards specified in § 170.202(b) and (c). (C) Optional. The standards specified in § 170.202(b) and (c). (D) Display. EHR technology must be able to electronically display in human readable format the data included in transition of care/referral summaries received and formatted according to any of the following standards (and applicable implementation specifications) specified in: § 170.205(a)(1), § 170.205(a)(2), and § 170.205(a)(3). summaries received and formatted according to the standard adopted at § 170.205(a)(3), EHR technology must be able to: (A) Correct patient. Demonstrate that the transition of care/referral summary received is or can be properly matched to the correct patient. (B) Data incorporation. Electronically incorporate the following data expressed according to the specified standard(s): (1) Medications. At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in §170.207(a)(2); (2) Problems. At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in §170.207(a)(3); (3) Medication allergies. At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in §170.207(a)(3); (3) Medication allergies. At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in §170.207(a)(3); (3) Medication allergies at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in §170.207(a)(3); (C) Section views. Extract and allow for individual display each additional section or sections (and the accompanying document header information) that were included in a transition of care/referral summary received and formatted in accordance with the standard adopted at §170.207(a)(3); (C) Section views. Extract and allow for individual display each additional section or sections (and the accompanying document header information) that were included in a transition of care/r	 § 170.202(a) – Applicability Statement for Secure Health Transport. § 170.202(b) – XDR and XDM for Direct Messaging Specification. § 170.202(c) – Transport and Security Specification. § 170.205(a)(1) – HL7 CDA Release 2, CCD. Implementation specifications: HITSP Summary Documents Using HL7 CCD Component HITSP/C32. § 170.205(a)(2) – ASTM E2369 Standard Specification for Continuity of Care Record and Adjunct to ASTM E2369. § 170.205(a)(3) – HL7 Implementation Guide for CDA Release 2: IHE Health Story Consolidation. The use of the "unstructured document" document-level template is prohibited. § 170.207(d)(2) – RxNorm, August 6, 2012 Release. § 170.207(a)(3) – IHTSDO SNOMED CT® International Release, July 2012; and US Extension to SNOMED CT,® March 2012. § 170.207(i) – The code set specified at 45 CFR 162.1002(c)(2) for the indicated conditions. 170.207(e)(2) – HL7 Standard Code Set CVX – Vaccines Administered, updates through July 11, 2012. *** Common MU Data Set – see end of document.

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EP	ЕН	Continued from previous page- The EP, EH, or CAH who transitions their patient to another setting of care or provider of care or refers their patient to another provider of care provides a summary care record for each transition of care or referral. Transitions of care. {Continued}	Continued from previous page- 1) The EP, EH, or CAH that transitions or refers their patient to another setting of care or provider of care provides a summary of care record for more than 50% of transitions of care and referrals. 2) The EP, EH, or CAH that transitions or refers their patient to another setting of care or provider of care provides a summary of care record for more than 10% of such transitions and referrals either – (a) Electronically transmitted using CEHRT to a recipient; or (b) Where the recipient receives the summary of care record via exchange facilitated by an organization that is a NwHIN Exchange participant or in a manner that is consistent with the governance mechanism ONC establishes for the nationwide health information network. 3) An EP, EH, or CAH must satisfy one of the following: (A) Conducts one or more successful electronic exchanges of a summary of care record meeting the measure (for EPs at § 495.6(j)(14)(ii)(B) and for eligible hospitals and CAHs the measure at § 495.6(i)(11)(iii)(B) with a recipient using technology to receive the summary of care record that was designed by a different EHR developer than the sender's EHR technology certified at 45 CFR 107.314(b)(2); or (B) Conducts one or more successful tests with the CMS designated test EHR during the EHR reporting period.	§170.314(a)(5) Problem list. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access a patient's problem list: i) Ambulatory setting. Over multiple encounters in accordance with, at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(a)(3); or ii) Inpatient setting. For the duration of an entire hospitalization in accordance with, at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(a)(3). §170.314(a)(6) Medication list. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access a patient's active medication list as well as medication history: §170.314(a)(7) Medication allergy list. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access a patient's active medication allergy list as well as medication allergy history: i) Ambulatory setting. Over multiple encounters; or ii) Inpatient setting. For the duration of an entire hospitalization.	 § 170.202(a) – Applicability Statement for Secure Health Transport. § 170.202(b) – XDR and XDM for Direct Messaging Specification. § 170.202(c) – Transport and Security Specification. § 170.205(a)(1) – HL7 CDA Release 2, CCD. Implementation specifications: HITSP Summary Documents Using HL7 CCD Component HITSP/C32. § 170.205(a)(2) – ASTM E2369 Standard Specification for Continuity of Care Record and Adjunct to ASTM E2369. § 170.205(a)(3) – HL7 Implementation Guide for CDA Release 2: IHE Health Story Consolidation. The use of the "unstructured document" document-level template is prohibited. § 170.207(d)(2) – RxNorm, August 6, 2012 Release. § 170.207(a)(3) – IHTSDO SNOMED CT® International Release, July 2012; and US Extension to SNOMED CT,® March 2012. § 170.207(i) – The code set specified at 45 CFR 162.1002(c)(2) for the indicated conditions. 170.207(e)(2) – HL7 Standard Code Set CVX – Vaccines Administered, updates through July 11, 2012. **Common MU Data Set – see end of document.

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EP		Generate and transmit permissible prescriptions electronically (eRx).	More than 50% of all permissible prescriptions, or all prescriptions, written by the EP are queried for a drug formulary and transmitted electronically using CEHRT. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(b)(3) /§170.314(a)(10) Electronic prescribing. Enable a user to electronically create prescriptions and prescription-related information for electronic transmission in accordance with: i) The standard specified in § 170.205(b)(2); and ii) At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(d)(2). Drug-formulary checks. EHR technology must automatically and electronically check whether a drug formulary (or preferred drug list) exists for a given patient and medication.	 § 170.205(b)((2) – NCPDP SCRIPT version 10.6. § 170.207(d)(2) – RxNorm, August 6, 2012 Release.
EP	ЕН	The EP, EH, or CAH who receives a patient from another setting of care or provider of care or believes an encounter is relevant should perform medication reconciliation.	EP: The EP performs medication reconciliation for more than 50% of transitions of care in which the patient is transitioned into the care of the EP. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details EH: The EH or CAH performs medication reconciliation for more than 50% of transitions of care in which the patient is admitted to the eligible hospital's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23).	§170.314(b)(4) Clinical information reconciliation. Enable a user to electronically reconcile the data that represent a patient's active medication, problem, and medication allergy list as follows. For each list type: i) Electronically and simultaneously display (i.e., in a single view) the data from at least two list sources in a manner that allows a user to view the data and their attributes, which must include, at a minimum, the source and last modification date. ii) Enable a user to create a single reconciled list of medications, medication allergies, or problems. iii) Enable a user to review and validate the accuracy of a final set of data and, upon a user's confirmation, automatically update the list.	

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ЕР	ЕН	Incorporate clinical lab-test results into CEHRT as structured data.	More than 55 % of all clinical lab tests results ordered by the EP or by authorized providers of the EH or CAH for patients admitted to its inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period whose results are either in a positive/negative affirmation or numerical format are incorporated in CEHRT as structured data. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	Incorporate laboratory tests and values/results. i) Receive results. (A) Ambulatory setting only. 1) Electronically receive and incorporate clinical laboratory tests and values/results in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.205(j) and, at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(c)(2). 2) Electronically display the tests and values/results received in human readable format. (B) Inpatient setting only. Electronically receive clinical laboratory tests and values/results in a structured format and electronically display such tests and values/results in human readable format. ii) Electronically display all the information for a test report specified at 42 CFR 493.1291(c)(1) through (7). iii) Electronically attribute, associate, or link a laboratory test and value/result with a laboratory order or patient record.	State 170.205(j) – HL7 Version 2.5.1. Implementation Guide: S&I Framework Lab Results Interface. State 170.207(c)(2) – LOINC® version 2.40, June 2012, a universal code system for indentifying laboratory and clinical observations produced by the Regenstrief Institute, Inc.
EP	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities.	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	§170.314(d)(1) Authentication, access control, and authorization. i) Verify against a unique identifier(s) (e.g., username or number) that a person seeking access to electronic health information is the one claimed; and ii) Establish the type of access to electronic health information a user is permitted based on the unique identifier(s) provided in paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, and the actions the user is permitted to perform with the EHR technology.	

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ЕР	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities.	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	Auditable events and tamper-resistance. i) Record actions. EHR technology must be able to: (A) Record actions related to electronic health information in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(e)(1); (B) Record the audit log status (enabled or disabled) in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(e)(2) unless it cannot be disabled by any user; and (C) Record the encryption status (enabled or disabled) of electronic health information locally stored on end-user devices by EHR technology in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(e)(3) unless the EHR technology prevents electronic health information from being locally stored on end-user devices (see 170.314(d)(7) of this section). ii) Default setting. EHR technology must be set by default to perform the capabilities specified in paragraph (d)(2)(i)(A) of this section and, where applicable, paragraphs (d)(2)(i)(B) or (d)(2)(i)(C), or both paragraphs (d)(2)(i)(B) and (C). iii) When disabling the audit log is permitted. For each capability specified in paragraphs (d)(2)(i)(A), (B), and (C) of this section that EHR technology permits to be disabled, the ability to do so must be restricted to a limited set of identified users. iv) Audit log protection. Actions and statuses recorded in accordance with paragraph (d)(2)(i) must not be capable of being changed, overwritten, or deleted by the EHR technology. v) Detection. EHR technology must be able to detect whether the audit log has been altered.	 § 170.210(e)(1)(i) – The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 through 7.4, 7.6, and 7.7 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when EHR technology is in use. § 170.210(e)(1)(ii) – The date and time must be recorded in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g). § 170.210(e)(2)(i) – The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 and 7.4 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when the audit log status is changed. § 170.210(e)(2)(ii) – The date and time each action occurs in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g). § 170.210(e)(3) – The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 and 7.4 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when the encryption status of electronic health information locally stored by the EHR technology on end-user devices is changed. The date and time each action occurs in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g).

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EP	ЕН	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process. [Continued]	§170.314(d)(3) Audit report(s). Enable a user to create an audit report for a specific time period and to sort entries in the audit log according to each of the data specified in the standards at § 170.210(e).	 § 170.210(e)(1)(i) – The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 through 7.4, 7.6, and 7.7 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when EHR technology is in use. § 170.210(e)(1)(ii) – The date and time must be recorded in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g). § 170.210(e)(2)(i) – The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 and 7.4 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when the audit log status is changed. § 170.210(e)(2)(ii) – The date and time each action occurs in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g). § 170.210(e)(3) – The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 and 7.4 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when the encryption status of electronic health information locally stored by the EHR technology on end-user devices is changed. The date and time each action occurs in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g).

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
ЕР	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	§170.314(d)(4) Amendments. Enable a user to electronically select the record affected by a patient's request for amendment and perform the capabilities specified in paragraphs (d)(4)(i) or (ii) of this section. i) Accepted amendment. For an accepted amendment, append the amendment to the affected record or include a link that indicates the amendment's location. ii) Denied amendment. For a denied amendment, at a minimum, append the request and denial of the request to the affected record or include a link that indicates this information's location.	
EP	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	§170.314(d)(5) Automatic log-off. Prevent a user from gaining further access to an electronic session after a predetermined time of inactivity.	

CORE

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
ЕР	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	§170.314(d)(6) Emergency access. Permit an identified set of users to access electronic health information during an emergency.	
ЕР	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	§170.314(d)(7) End-user device encryption. Paragraph (d)(7)(i) or (ii) of this section must be met to satisfy this certification criterion. i) EHR technology that is designed to locally store electronic health information on end-user devices must encrypt the electronic health information stored on such devices after use of EHR technology on those devices stops. (A) Electronic health information that is stored must be encrypted in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(a)(1). (B) Default setting. EHR technology must be set by default to perform this capability and, unless this configuration cannot be disabled by any user, the ability to change the configuration must be restricted to a limited set of identified users. ii) EHR technology is designed to prevent electronic health information from being locally stored on end-user devices after use of EHR technology on those devices stops.	§ 170.210(a)(1) – Any encryption algorithm identified by the NIST as an approved security function in Annex A of the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Publication 140-2.

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	§170.314(d)(7) End-user device encryption. Paragraph (d)(7)(i) or (ii) of this section must be met to satisfy this certification criterion. i) EHR technology that is designed to locally store electronic health information on end-user devices must encrypt the electronic health information stored on such devices after use of EHR technology on those devices stops. (A) Electronic health information that is stored must be encrypted in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(a)(1). (B) Default setting. EHR technology must be set by default to perform this capability and, unless this configuration cannot be disabled by any user, the ability to change the configuration must be restricted to a limited set of identified users. ii) EHR technology is designed to prevent electronic health information from being locally stored on end-user devices after use of EHR technology on those devices stops.	§ 170.210(a)(1) – Any encryption algorithm identified by the NIST as an approved security function in Annex A of the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Publication 140-2.
EP	EH	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process. [Continued]	§170.314(d)(8) Integrity. i) Create a message digest in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(c). ii) Verify in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(c) upon receipt of electronically exchanged health information that such information has not been altered.	§ 170.210(c) – A hashing algorithm with a security strength equal to or greater than SHA-1 (Secure Hash Algorithm) as specified by the NIST in FIPS PUB 180-4 (March, 2012) must be used to verify that electronic health information has not been altered.

EP	ЕН	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
ЕР	ЕН	Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the CEHRT through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. [Continued]	Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the EP's, EH's, or CAH's risk management process.	§170.314(d)(9) Optional— Accounting of disclosures. Record disclosures made for treatment, payment, and health care operations in accordance with the standard specified in §170.210(d).	§ 170.210(d) – The date, time, patient identification, user identification, and a description of the disclosure must be recorded for disclosures for treatment, payment, and health care operations, as these terms are defined at 45 CFR 164.501.

EP	ЕН	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP		EPs: Provide patients the ability to view online, download, and transmit their health information within 4 business days of the information being available to the EP.	1. More than 50% of all unique patients seen by the EP during the EHR reporting period are provided timely (within 4 business days after the information is available to the EP) online access to their health information subject to the EP's discretion to withhold certain information. 2. More than 5% of all unique patients seen by the EP during the EHR reporting period (or their authorized representatives) view, download, or transmit to a third party their health information. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	View, download, and transmit to 3rd party. (i) EHR technology must provide patients (and their authorized representatives) with an online means to view, download, and transmit to a 3rd party the data specified below. Access to these capabilities must be through a secure channel that ensures all content is encrypted and integrity-protected in accordance with the standard for encryption and hashing algorithms specified at § 170.210(f). (A) View, Electronically view in accordance with the standard adopted at § 170.204(a), at a minimum, the following data: (1) The Common MU Data Set** (which should be in their English (i.e., non-coded) representation if they associate with a vocabulary/code set). (2) Ambulatory setting only. Provider's name and office contact information. (3) Inpatient setting only. Admission and discharge dates and locations; discharge instructions; and reason(s) for hospitalization. (B) Download. (1) Electronically download an ambulatory summary or inpatient summary (as applicable to the EHR technology setting for which certification is requested) in human readable format or formatted according to the standard adopted at § 170.205(a)(3) that includes, at a minimum, the following date (which, for the human readable eversion, should be in their English representation if they associate with a vocabulary/code sety: (i) Ambulatory setting only. All of the data specified in paragraph (e)(1)(i)(A)(1) and (e)(1)(i)(A)(2) of this section. (ii) Inpatient setting only. Electronically download transition of care/referral summaries that were created as a result of a transition of care (pursuant to the capability expressed in the certification criterion adopted at paragraph (b)(2) of this section). (c) Transmit to third party. (1) Electronically transmit the ambulatory summary or inpatient summary (as applicable to the EHR technology setting for which certification is requested) created in paragraph (e)(1)(i)(B)(2) of this section in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.202(a). (a) Inpat	 § 170.210(f) – Any encryption and hashing algorithm identified by NIST as an approved security function of Annex A of the FIPS Publication 140-2. § 170.204(a) – Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.0, Level A Conformance. § 170.205(a)(3) – HL7 Implementation Guide for CDA Release 2: IHE Health Story Consolidation. The use of the "unstructured document" document-level template is prohibited. § 170.202(a) – Applicability Statement for Secure Health Transport. § 170.210(g) – The data and time recorded utilize a system clock that has been synchronized following (RFC 1305) Network Time Protocol, or (RFC 5905) Network Time Protocol Version 4. ** Common MU Data Set – see end of document.

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
	EH	EHs/CAHs: Provide patients the ability to view online, download, and transmit information about a hospital admission.	 More than 50% of all unique patients who are discharged from the inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) of an EH or CAH have their information available online within 36 hours of discharge. More than 5% of all unique patients who are discharged from the inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) of an EH or CAH (or their authorized representatives) view, download or transmit to a third party their information during the EHR reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details 	View. download, and transmit to 3rd party.	 § 170.210(f) – Any encryption and hashing algorithm identified by NIST as an approved security function of Annex A of the FIPS Publication 140-2. § 170.204(a) – Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.0, Level A Conformance. § 170.205(a)(3) – HL7 Implementation Guide for CDA Release 2: IHE Health Story Consolidation. The use of the "unstructured document" document-level template is prohibited. § 170.202(a) – Applicability Statement for Secure Health Transport. § 170.210(g) – The data and time recorded utilize a system clock that has been synchronized following (RFC 1305) Network Time Protocol, or (RFC 5905) Network Time Protocol Version 4. ** Common MU Data Set – see end of document.

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
ЕР		Provide clinical summaries for patients for each office visit.	Clinical summaries provided to patients or patient-authorized representatives within 1 business day for more than 50% of office visits. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	Ambulatory setting only – clinical summary. i) Create. Enable a user to create a clinical summary for a patient in human readable format and formatted according to the standards adopted at § 170.205(a)(3). ii) Customization. Enable a user to customize the data included in the clinical summary. iii) Minimum data from which to select. EHR technology must permit a user to select, at a minimum, the following data when creating a clinical summary: (A) Common MU Data Set** (which, for the human readable version, should be in their English representation if they associate with a vocabulary/code set) (B) The provider's name and office contact information; date and location of visit; reason for visit; immunizations and/or medications administered during the visit; diagnostic tests pending; clinical instructions; future appointments; referrals to other providers; future scheduled tests; and recommended patient decision aids.	§ 170.205(a)(3) – HL7 Implementation Guide for CDA Release 2: IHE Health Story Consolidation. The use of the "unstructured document" document- level template is prohibited. ** Common MU Data Set – see end of document.
EP		Use secure electronic messaging to communicate with patients on relevant health information.	A secure message was sent using the electronic messaging function of CEHRT by more than 5% of unique patients (or their authorized representatives) seen by the EP during the EHR reporting period.	§170.314(e)(3) Ambulatory setting only—secure messaging. Enable a user to electronically send messages to, and receive messages from, a patient in a manner that ensures: i) Both the patient (or authorized representative) and EHR technology user are authenticated; and ii) The message content is encrypted and integrity-protected in accordance with the standard for encryption and hashing algorithms specified at § 170.210(f).	170.210(f) – Any encryption and hashing algorithm identified by the NIST as an approved security function in Annex A of the FIPS Publication 140-2
EP	EH	Capability to submit electronic data to immunization registries or immunization information systems, except where prohibited, and in accordance with applicable law and practice.	Successful ongoing submission of electronic immunization data from CEHRT to an immunization registry or immunization information system for the entire reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(f)(1) / §170.314(f)(2) Immunization information. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access immunization information. Transmission to immunization registries. EHR technology must be able to electronically create immunization information for electronic transmission in accordance with: i) The standard and applicable implementation specifications specified in § 170.205(e)(3); and ii) At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(e)(2).	§ 170.205(e)(3) – HL7 2.5.1. Implementation specifications: HI7 2.5.1 Implementation Guide for Immunization Messaging, Release 1.4 § 170.207(e)(2) – HL7 Standard Code Set CVX Vaccines Administered, updates through July 11, 2012.

EP	ЕН	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
	ЕН	Capability to submit electronic syndromic surveillance data to public health agencies, except where prohibited, and in accordance with applicable law and practice.	Successful ongoing submission of electronic syndromic surveillance data from CEHRT to a public health agency for the entire EHR reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	\$170.314(f)(3) Transmission to public health agencies – syndromic surveillance. EHR technology must be able to electronically create syndrome-based public health surveillance information for electronic transmission in accordance with: i) Ambulatory setting only. A) The standard specified in § 170.205(d)(2). B) Optional. The standard (and applicable implementation specifications) specified in § 170.205(d)(3). ii) Inpatient setting only. The standard (and applicable implantation specifications) specified in § 170.205(d)(3).	§ 170.205(d)(2) – HL7 2.5.1. § 170.205(d)(3) – HL7 2.5.1. Implementation specifications: PHIN Messaging Guide for Syndromic Surveillance and Conformance Clarification for EHR Certification of Electronic Syndromic Surveillance, Addendum to PHIN Messaging Guide for Syndromic Surveillance.
	ЕН	Capability to submit electronic reportable laboratory results to public health agencies, except where prohibited, and in accordance with applicable law and practice.	Successful ongoing submission of electronic reportable laboratory results from CEHRT to a public health agency for the entire EHR reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(f)(4) Inpatient setting only—transmission of reportable laboratory tests and values/results. EHR technology must be able to electronically create reportable laboratory tests and values/results for electronic transmission in accordance with: i) The standard (and applicable implementation specifications) specified in § 170.205(g); and ii) At a minimum, the versions of the standards specified in § 170.207(a)(3) and (c)(2).	Shipper 170.205(g) – HL7 2.5.1. Implementation specifications: HL7 Version 2.5.1 Implementation Guide: Electronic Laboratory Reporting to Public Health, Release 1 (US Realm) with Errata and Clarifications, and ELR 2.5.1 Clarification Document for EHR Technology Certification. Shipper 170.207(a)(3) – IHTSDO SNOMED CT® International Release, July 2012 and US Extension to SNOMED CT® March 2012 Release. Shipper 170.207(c)(2) – LOINC® version 2.40, June 2012, a universal code system for indentifying laboratory and clinical observations produced by the Regenstrief Institute, Inc.

MENU

EP	ЕН	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP	EH	Record electronic notes in patient records.	EP: Enter at least one electronic progress note created, edited and signed by an EP for more than 30% of unique patients with at least one office visit during the EHR reporting period. The text of the electronic note must be text-searchable and may contain drawings and other content. EH/CAH: Enter at least one electronic progress note created, edited and signed by an authorized provider of the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) for more than 30% of unique patients admitted to the EH or CAH's inpatient or emergency department during the EHR reporting period. The text of the electronic note must be text-searchable and may contain drawings and other content.	§170.314(a)(9) Electronic notes. Enable a user to electronically record, change, access, and search electronic notes.	

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP	ЕН	Imaging results consisting of the image itself and any explanation or other accompanying information are accessible through CEHRT.	EP: More than 10 percent of all tests whose result is one or more images ordered by the EP during the EHR reporting period are accessible through Certified EHR Technology. EH/CAH: More than 10 percent of all tests whose result is an image ordered by an authorized provider of the eligible hospital or CAH for patients admitted to its inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period are accessible through Certified EHR Technology *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(a)(12) Image results. Electronically indicate to a user the availability of a patient's images and narrative interpretations (relating to the radiographic or other diagnostic test(s)) and enable electronic access to such images and narrative interpretations.	
EP	ЕН	Record patient family health history as structured data.	More than 20% of all unique patients seen by the EP or admitted to the EH's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period have a structured data entry for one or more first-degree relatives. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(a)(13) Family health history. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access a patient's family health history according to: i) At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(a)(3); or ii) The standard specified in § 170.207(j)	 § 170.207(a)(3) – IHTSDO SNOMED CT® International Release, July 2012 and US Extension to SNOMED CT,® March 2012 Release. § 170.207(j) – HL7 Version 3 Standard: Clinical Genomics; Pedigree.

EP	ЕН	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
	ЕН	Record whether a patient 65 years old or older has an advance directive.	More than 50% of all unique patients 65 years old or older admitted to the EH's or CAH's inpatient department (POS 21) during the EHR reporting period have an indication of an advance directive status recorded as structured data.	§170.314(a)(17) Inpatient setting only – advance directives. Enable a user to electronically record whether a patient has an advance directive.	
	ЕН	Generate and transmit permissible discharge prescriptions electronically (eRx).	More than 10% of hospital discharge medication orders for permissible prescriptions (for new, changed, and refilled prescriptions) are queried for a drug formulary and transmitted electronically using CEHRT. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(b)(3) / §170.314(a)(10) Electronic prescribing. Enable a user to electronically create prescriptions and prescription-related information for electronic transmission in accordance with: i) The standard specified in § 170.205(b)(2); and ii) At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(d)(2). Drug-formulary checks. EHR technology must automatically and electronically check whether a drug formulary (or preferred drug list) exists for a given patient and medication.	 § 170.205(b)((2) – NCPDP SCRIPT version 10.6. § 170.207(d)(2) – RxNorm, August 6, 2012 Release.
	EH	Provide structured electronic lab results to ambulatory providers.	Hospital labs send structured electronic clinical lab results to the ordering provider for more than 20 percent of: (A) The electronic lab orders received; or (B) The lab orders received.	§170.314(b)(6) Inpatient setting only – transmission of electronic laboratory tests and values/results to ambulatory providers. EHR technology must be able to electronically create laboratory test reports for electronic transmission in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.205(j) and with laboratory tests expressed in accordance with, at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(c)(2)	Signature 1 to 1 t
EP		Capability to submit electronic syndromic surveillance data to public health agencies, except where prohibited, in accordance with applicable law and practice.	Successful ongoing submission of electronic syndromic surveillance data from CEHRT to a public health agency for the entire reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(f)(3) Transmission to public health agencies – syndromic surveillance. EHR technology must be able to electronically create syndrome-based public health surveillance information for electronic transmission in accordance with: i) Ambulatory setting only. (A) The standard specified in § 170.205(d)(2) (B) (B) Optional. The standard (and applicable implementation specifications) specified in § 170.205(d)(3). ii) Inpatient setting only. The standard (and applicable implantation specifications) specified in § 170.205(d)(3).	§ 170.205(d)(2) – HL7 2.5.1. § 170.205(d)(3) – HL7 2.5.1. Implementation specifications: PHIN Messaging Guide for Syndromic Surveillance and Conformance Clarification for EHR Certification of Electronic Syndromic Surveillance, Addendum to PHIN Messaging Guide for Syndromic Surveillance.

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP		Capability to identify and report cancer cases to a public health central cancer registry, except where prohibited, and in accordance with applicable law and practice.	Successful ongoing submission of cancer case information from CEHRT to a public health central cancer registry for the entire EHR reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	§170.314(f)(5) / §170.314(f)(6) Optional—ambulatory setting only—cancer case information. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access cancer case information. Optional—ambulatory setting only—transmission to cancer registries. EHR technology must be able to electronically create cancer case information for electronic transmission in accordance with: i) The standard (and applicable implementation specifications) specified in § 170.205(i); and ii) At a minimum, the versions of the standards specified in § 170.207(a)(3) and (c)(2).	Strongley Type: Type
EP		Capability to identify and report specific cases to a specialized registry (other than a cancer registry), except where prohibited, and in accordance with applicable law and practice.	Successful ongoing submission of specific case information from CEHRT to a specialized registry for the entire EHR reporting period. *Exclusions apply: see CMS rule for details	No specific certification criteria or standards adopted. Use of data from CEHRT required.	

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
EP	EH	Objective is incorporated directly into the definition of a meaningful EHR user and eliminated as an objective. See CMS's regulation for CQM reporting requirements.	Objective is incorporated directly into the definition of a meaningful EHR user and eliminated as an objective. See CMS's regulation for CQM reporting requirements.	(1) Clinical Quality Measures – capture and export. (i) Capture. For each and every CQM for which the EHR technology is presented for certification, EHR technology must be able to electronically record all of the data identified in the standard specified at § 170.204(c) that would be necessary to calculate each CQM. Data required for CQM exclusions or exceptions must be codified entries, which may include specific terms as defined by each CQM, or may include codified expressions of "patient reason," "system reason," or "medical reason." (ii) Export. EHR technology must be able to electronically export a data file formatted in accordance with the standards specified at § 170.205(h) that includes all of the data captured for each and every CQM to which EHR technology was certified under paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section. (2) Clinical quality measures – import and calculate. (i) Import. EHR technology must be able to electronically import a data file formatted in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.205(h) and use such data to perform the capability specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. EHR technology presented for certification to all three of the certification criteria adopted in paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section is not required to meet paragraph (c)(2)(i). (ii) Calculate. EHR technology must be able to electronically calculate each and every clinical quality measure for which it is presented for certification. (3) Clinical quality measures – electronic submission. Enable a user to electronically create a data file for transmission of clinical quality measurement data: (i) In accordance with the standards specified at § 170.205(h) and (k); and (ii) That can be electronically accepted by CMS.	 § 170.204(c) – Data Element Catalog. § 170.205(h) – HL7 Implementation Guide for CDA® Release 2: Quality Reporting Document Architecture § 170.205(k) –Quality Reporting Document Architecture—Category III, DSTU Release 1

EP	EH	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m) Stage 2 Objective	MEANINGFUL USE 42 CFR 495.6(j)-(m Stage 2 Measure	2014 Edition EHR CERTIFICATION CRITERIA 45 CFR 170.314	STANDARDS
ЕР	ЕН	N/A	N/A	§170.314(b)(7) Data portability. Enable a user to electronically create a set of export summaries for all patients in EHR technology formatted according to the standard adopted at § 170.205(a)(3) that represents the most current clinical information about each patient and includes, at a minimum, the Common MU Data Set** and the following data expressed, where applicable, according to the specified standard(s): (i) Encounter diagnoses. The standard specified in § 170.207(i) or, at a minimum, the version of the standard at § 170.207(a)(3); (ii) Immunizations. The standard specified in § 170.207(e)(2); (iii) Cognitive status; (iv) Functional status; and (v) Ambulatory setting only. The reason for referral; and referring or transitioning provider's nave and office contact information. (vi) Inpatient setting only. Discharge instructions.	 § 170.205(a)(3) – HL7 Implementation Guide for CDA Release 2: IHE Health Story Consolidation. The use of the "unstructured document" document-level template is prohibited. § 170.207(i) – The code set specified at 45 CFR 162.1002(c)(2) for the indicated conditions. § 170.207(a)(3) – IHTSDO SNOMED CT® International Release, July 2012; and US Extension to SNOMED CT,® March 2012. 170.207(e)(2) – HL7 Standard Code Set CVX – Vaccines Administered, updates through July 11, 2012. ** MU Data Set – see end of document.
EP	ЕН	N/A	N/A	§170.314(g)(1) <u>Automated numerator recording</u> . For each meaningful use objective with a percentage-based measure, EHR technology must be able to create a report or file that enables a user to review the patients or actions that would make the patient or action eligible to be included in the measure's numerator. The information in the report or file created must be of sufficient detail such that it enables a user to match those patients or actions to meet the measure's denominator limitations when necessary to generate an accurate percentage.	
EP	ЕН	N/A	N/A	§170.314(g)(2) <u>Automated measure calculation</u> . For each meaningful use objective with a percentage-based measure that is supported by a capability included in an EHR technology, electronically record the numerator and denominator and create a report including the numerator, denominator, and resulting percentage associated with each applicable meaningful use measure.	
EP	EH	N/A	N/A	§170.314(g)(3) <u>Safety-enhanced design</u> . User-centered design processes must be applied to each capability an EHR technology includes that is specified in the following certification criteria: § 170.314(a)(1), (2), (6) through (8), and (16) and (b)(3) and (4).	

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ЕР	EH	N/A	N/A	§170.314(g)(4) Quality management system. For each capability that an EHR technology includes and for which that capability's certification is sought, the use of a Quality Management System (QMS) in the development, testing, implementation and maintenance of that capability must be identified. (i) If a single QMS was used for applicable capabilities, it would only need to be identified once. (ii) If different QMS were applied to specific capabilities, each QMS applied would need to be identified. This would include the application of a QMS to some capabilities and none to others. (iii) If no QMS was applied to all applicable capabilities such a response is acceptable to satisfy this certification criterion.	

COMMON MU DATA SET**

Data	Standards
Common MU Data Set means the following data expressed, where indicated, according to the specified standard(s): (1) Patient name. (2) Sex. (3) Date of birth. (4) Race – the standard specified in § 170.207(f). (5) Ethnicity – the standard specified in § 170.207(f). (6) Preferred language – the standard specified in § 170.207(g). (7) Smoking status – the standard specified in § 170.207(h). (8) Problems – at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(a)(3) (9) Medications– at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(d)(2). (10) Medication allergies – at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(d)(2). (11) Laboratory test(s) – at a minimum, the version of the standard specified in § 170.207(c)(2). (12) Laboratory value(s)/result(s). (13) Vital signs – height, weight, blood pressure, BMI. (14) Care plan field(s), including goals and instructions. (15) Procedures – (i). (A) (At a minimum, the version of the standard specified in §170.207(a)(3) or §170.207(b)(2); or (B) For EHR technology primarily developed to record dental procedures, the standard specified in §170.207(b)(3). (ii). Optional. The standard specified at §170.207(b)(4).	 § 170.207(f) – OMB standards for Maintaining, Collecting, and Presenting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity, Statistical Policy Directive No. 15, Oct 30, 1997. § 170.207(g) – ISO 639-2 alpha-3 codes limited to those that also have a corresponding alpha-2 code in ISO 639-1. § 170.207(h) – Coded to one of the following SNOMED CT® codes: Current every day smoker. 449868002 Current some day smoker. 428041000124106 Former smoker. 8517006 Never smoker. 266919005 Smoker, current status unknown. 77176002 Unknown if ever smoked. 266927001 Heavy tobacco smoker. 428071000124103 Light tobacco smoker. 428061000124105 § 170.207(a)(3) – IHTSDO SNOMED CT® International Release, July 2012; and US Extension to SNOMED CT,® March 2012. § 170.207(d)(2) – RxNorm, August 6, 2012 Release. § 170.207(c)(2) – LOINC® version 2.40, June 2012, a universal code system for indentifying laboratory and clinical observations produced by the Regenstrief Institute, Inc.